2020 COMPREHENSIVE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

Prepared by SICOG Staff

SOUTHERN IOWA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS 101 E Montgomery Street, Creston IA 50801



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS) document is split into five primary sections: an introduction, summary background, SWOT analysis, a strategic direction/action plan, and an evaluation framework. A short overview of each section is given in this executive summary.

INTRODUCTION

This section describes the purpose of the CEDS, which is to formulate a comprehensive regional economic strategic plan using the input of public and private stakeholders. This is followed by a description of the structure of the Southern Iowa Council of Governments and description of the structure of the CEDS Strategy Committee and the SICOG Executive Board. This section can be found from page 8 to 16.

SUMMARY BACKGROUND

This section provides an overview of the region regarding the natural and built-environment, demographics, workforce, educational attainment, industrial-mix, wages and income, housing, land values, and opportunity zones. The region is bordered on two sides by interstates and holds two Amtrak stations. The natural resources of the region are primarily related to agriculture and outdoor recreation such as hunting, fishing, and recreational trails. The primarily rural region only has two towns with populations over 5,000 according to the 2010 Decennial Census (Creston and Winterset). A third, Osceola, is expected to be marked above 5,000 in the 2020 Decennial Census. The racial make-up, unemployment rate, and labor force participation rates are all similar to the State of Iowa overall. However, due to the small regional population (around 70,000), quality job opportunities are often scarce, resulting in around 42 percent of residents living in the SICOG region but working elsewhere. Residents of the SICOG region are about eight percent less likely to have a post-secondary degree of any kind. This results in an industry with a higher concentration of industries that do not require post-secondary skill sets. Due to these lower skill requirements, the wages and household incomes are lower than the State of Iowa, on average. Land and housing stock values are also much lower than the state wide average. The housing stock is also much older than the state in most counties. However, the low wealth in the region has allowed four counties to gain the Opportunity Zone status. This section can be found from page 17 to 43.

SWOT ANALYSIS

This section provides a summary and analysis of the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats of the region as well as the perception of those factors. It is followed by a summary of the regional stakeholders' priorities. The SWOT/priorities survey included around 70 regional stakeholders, including representatives from cities, counties, economic development groups, and private firms. The strengths of the region are identified as quality of life, safety, natural resources, and the geographic location. Regional weaknesses include

the age of housing, lack of infrastructure funding, aging residents/declining population, and the geographic location. Opportunities in the region include the educational and training facilities, natural resource tourism, and multi-modal shipping. The biggest threats to the region are a lack of retail/entertainment centers, brain drain, tax laws, and the decreasing quality of the regional housing stock. Regional priorities, in order, are Economic Development, Housing, Transportation, Local Planning & Management, and Recreation and Comprehensive Planning. Recreation and Comprehensive Planning, tied for fifth priority. This section can be found from page 44 to 54.

STRATEGIC DIRECTION/ACTION PLAN

This section describes and lists the goals and objectives that have been created to fulfill the purpose and intent of a Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy. The following are the goals of the 2020 SICOG CEDS:

Improve and maintain the quality of life for residents the region; Improve economic resilience; Promote regional collaboration; and Improve environmental resilience.

These goals are then broken into individual sections with objectives for each goal and actions for each objective. Each action has a corresponding schedule and a list of partners(s). This section can be found from page 55 to 76.

EVALUATION FRAMEWORK

This section describes the way in which SICOG will measure the progress made towards fulfilling the goals of the 2020 SICOG CEDS. This includes a list of general statistics, SICOG-specific statistics, and tools or resources to possibly be utilized to measure progress. General statistics include demographics, income, housing, and wealth statistics. SICOG-specific statistics include the number of projects utilizing the benefits of Opportunity Zones, the number of housing projects in progress or completed, the number of comprehensive plans in progress or completed, and others. Tools and sources that will be utilized include the US Census Bureau, the US Bureau of Economic Analysis, an annual SICOG survey, and others. This section can be found on page 77 to 79.

INTRODUCTION



Southern Iowa Council of Governments

PURPOSE OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

The development of this Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS) contributes to effective economic development in the Southern Iowa Regional Council of Governments (SICOG) region through a locally based, regionally driven economic development planning process. This process serves as a means to engage community leaders, leverage the involvement of the private sector, and establish a strategic blueprint for regional collaboration. This CEDS provides a capacity-building foundation by which the public sector, working in conjunction with other economic entities (individuals, firms, industries), helps to create an environment for regional economic prosperity.

The 2020 Southern Iowa Council of Governments (SICOG) Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS) serves as a complete update of the previous regional plan (2019 CEDS). This CEDS will be submitted to the Economic Development Administration (EDA) by March 30, 2020, and will fulfill Economic Development Administration Reform Act of 1998 guidelines.

The 2020 SICOG CEDS will provide a background summary, an analysis of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats, and a series of goals and objectives followed by an evaluation framework. This report will also address economic resilience by incorporating the concept throughout the document. The information in this document serves a variety of local and regional decision-makers. SICOG staff used established EDA guidelines to prepare the 2020 CEDS.

THE SOUTHERN IOWA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

OVERVIEW

The Southern Iowa Council of Governments (SICOG) is a non-profit organization that provides and coordinates community and economic development services primarily through the delivery of planning services, technical program assistance, grant writing, and grant administration to assist local governments and others in their efforts to improve the social and economic well-being of its eight-county service area.

SICOG serves an area in south central Iowa that includes Adair, Adams, Clarke, Decatur, Madison, Ringgold, Taylor and Union Counties. It is bounded on the north by the Region XII Council of Governments, on the south by the State of Missouri, on the west by the Southwest Iowa Planning Council, and on the east by Chariton Valley Planning and Development Council of Governments.

STAFF

Timothy J Ostroski, Executive Director Judy K. Brimm, Finance Director Jeremy Rounds, Regional Planner Joel Lamb, Regional Planner Stu Burzette, Transportation/Regional Planner Nancy Groth, Office Manager

GOALS

The overall goal of SICOG is to provide a framework within which to create a comprehensive approach to area-wide development and the orderly conservation of resources in the region. Services provided by SICOG include, but are not limited to:

- Economic Development: community marketing plans, development projects, and financial packaging;
- Community Development: grant application and administration, special projects, and information resources;
- Planning: comprehensive plans, recreation plans, zoning and subdivision regulations, annexations, site designs, neighborhood studies, and transportation planning;
- Housing: grant application and administration, housing needs assessments, first-time home buyers' program, housing rehabilitation programs, special projects, housing trust fund, and information resources;
- Financial Assistance: revolving loan funds for: industries, businesses, home-owners, housing, and communities; and
- Technical Assistance: grant and funding research, budgets, census data, zoning, annexation, codification, geographic information systems, industrial recruitment, and housing development.

The Southern Iowa Council of Governments serves as the region's Economic Development District (EDD). The counties and cities in the region rely upon SICOG to meet federal and state planning requirements, as well as provide individual services to meet local community and economic development needs. SICOG's goal is to be on the cusp of changing, evolving, and emerging issues as described in this report.

EXECUTIVE BOARD AND CEDS STRATEGY COMMITTEE

In 2007, SICOG restructured its Executive Board to better meet the requirements of the EDA and to better represent the population that it serves. Since that time the CEDS committee has consisted of persons representing:

Agriculture
Business
Community Organizations
Economic Development
Education
Finance

- Health Care Housing Industry Land Use Local Government Recreation
- State Government Tourism Transportation Utilities Women

The CEDS Strategy Committee was created to consider all major interests of the eight-county region. It is made up of the SICOG Project Board members. The SICOG Executive Board and our member communities have approved the committee makeup and structure.

The CEDS Strategy Committee includes a representative from each county, the largest city in each county, the second largest city in each county, and the third largest city in each county, two (2) representatives from the private sector, as well as a member-at-large who is elected from one of the following groups: Executive Director of a Chamber of Commerce, a representative of an institution of post-secondary education, a representative from workforce development, or a representative from the labor groups. This committee structure is designed to maintain a strong presence with and connection to these entities to ensure the CEDS is meeting its roles and responsibilities of promoting the CEDS regional goals.

Elected Government Representatives

John Twombly	Adair County Board of Supervisors	
Doug Birt	Adams County Board of Supervisors	
Marvin McCann	Clarke County Board of Supervisors	
Dan Christensen	Decatur County Board of Supervisors	
Diane Fitch	Madison County Board of Supervisors	
Lyle Minnick	Ringgold County Board of Supervisors	
Ron Riley	Union County Board of Supervisors	
Karen Zabel	City of Lenox, Mayor (Representing Taylor County)	
Private Sector Representatives		
Doug Davidson	Orient Express	
Beth Waddle	Precision Pulley & Idler	
William Trickey	First National Bank	
Vacant		
Stakeholder Organization Representatives		
Tom Lesan	Southwestern Community College	
EIGURE 1 SICOG EXECUTIVE B	DARD MEMBERS	

FIGURE 1. SICOG EXECUTIVE BOARD MEMBERS

Name	Government or Company Representing
John Twombly	Adair County Board of Supervisors
Tyson Sickles	Fontanelle
Ron Smith	Greenfield
John M. Larsen	Adair
Doug Davidson	Orient Express
Paul Nelson	Union State Bank
Doug Birt	Adams County Board of Supervisors
Bert Peckham	Corning
Jordan Walter	Prescott
Gary Poen	Nodaway
Beth Waddle	Precision Pulley & Idler
Larry Kester	Red Star Feed
Marvin McCann	Clarke County Board of Supervisors
Thomas Kedley	Osceola
Scott Busick	Murray
Denny Cottrell	Woodburn
William Trickey	First National Bank
Joe Greving	Iowa Steel
Dan Christensen	Decatur County Board of Supervisors
Douglas Foster	Lamoni
Allen Simmonds	Leon
Craig Stogdill	Grand River
Shane Akers	Farmers Bank of Northern MO
Shannon Erb	Gilbert Home Comfort
Diane Fitch	Madison County Board of Supervisors
Kelley Brown	Winterset
Jeff Lillie	Earlham
Dennis Smith	St. Charles
Brian Downes	John Wayne Birthplace Society
Tom Leners	Union State Bank
Lyle Minnick	Ringgold County Board of Supervisors
Steve Fetty	Mt Ayr
John Egly	Diagonal
Thomas Giles	Kellerton
Tracy Barnes	US Bank
Malcolm Eighmy	Eighmy Monuments
Doug Horton	Taylor County Board of Supervisors
Karen Zabel	Lenox
Frank Sefrit	New Market

Chris Knox	Clearfield
Don Keast	Keast Accounting
Vacant	Taylor County Private Sector Representative
Ron Riley	Union County Board of Supervisors
Steve Wintermute	Creston
Shelley Burger	Afton
Timothy Sly	Lorimor
Gabe Carroll	Carroll Family Chiropractic
Gary Riley	Central Plains Electric
Tom Lesan	Southwestern Community College
FIGURE 2. 2020 SICOG CEDS COMMITTE	E

COMMUNITY AND PRIVATE SECTOR PARTICIPATION

Community input is critical to the CEDS planning process. An outline of the public input process follows:

- A survey is conducted among member cities, counties, economic development groups, and the CEDS strategy committee from SICOG's eight-county region to determine their priorities and their economic development plans for the upcoming year. Responses are then compiled and prioritized by SICOG staff. An updated SWOT Analysis is conducted utilizing input from cities, counties, economic development groups, SICOG County Project Board members, and SICOG Executive Board members.
- Draft copies of the CEDS document are compiled.
- The SICOG Executive Board, who has an opportunity to provide input into the planning process, reviews draft copies of the CEDS.
- The Draft CEDS document is made available on the SICOG website and in hardcopy format to interested parties for a thirty-day period.
- SICOG staff publish notice in The Windmill (SICOG's newsletter distributed to cities, counties, economic development groups and other interested parties throughout the region), on its website and on Facebook. Public comments are solicited during a thirty-day review period.
- The Final CEDS document is approved.
- An annual CEDS performance report document is prepared by the SICOG organization.
- A new CEDS document is prepared every 5 years or sooner depending on various circumstances

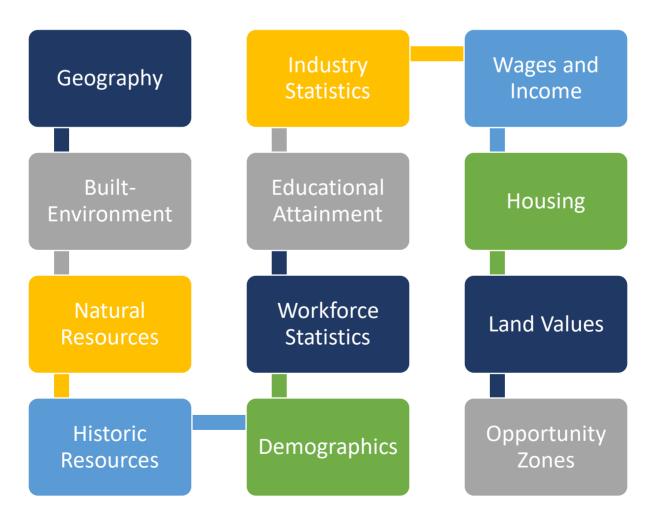
The priorities, goals and objectives listed in this document reflect the combined efforts of the CEDS Committee and input received in our annual CEDS Questionnaires and Surveys that ask communities to identify their goals for the coming years and through the SWOT analysis.

The CEDS Strategy Committee is comprised of representatives from various segments of the region. The committee represents all major interest groups providing viewpoints that give a well-balanced perspective for the region. The trends, opportunities, and limitations affecting the economic growth of the region have been identified and related to the trends of the national and global market. The mission/vision and goals of SICOG have been adopted and used as the vision for the CEDS process and are used as the foundation to build upon when developing goals and strategies for the region. The CEDS Committee composition, the community input, and the process for the analysis and formulation of this document have provided ample opportunity for community and private sector participation.

February 24, 2020 through March 25, 2020

The draft CEDS is available for review and comment by the public for a period of at least 30 days prior to submission of the CEDS to EDA. The Draft CEDS document is made available in electronic or hard copy format to the public during this time period. Interested parties (cities, counties, economic development organizations, regional transportation organizations, major employers, etc.) receive a copy or are notified of the availability of the Draft CEDS document, allowing for review and comments during the 30-day period. The availability of copies of the Draft CEDS document and the opportunity to participate in the comment period are also advertised in the SICOG newsletter, on the SICOG website, and on the SICOG Facebook page. Copies of the Draft CEDS are made available in hardcopy form from Southern Iowa Council of Governments, 101 East Montgomery Street, Creston, IA 50801, 641-782-8491 or from <u>burzette@sicog.com</u>. Electronic copies are also available by download from the SICOG webpage <u>http://www.sicog.com/</u>

SUMMARY BACKGROUND



GEOGRAPHY, BUILT-ENVIRONMENT, AND NATURAL RESOURCES

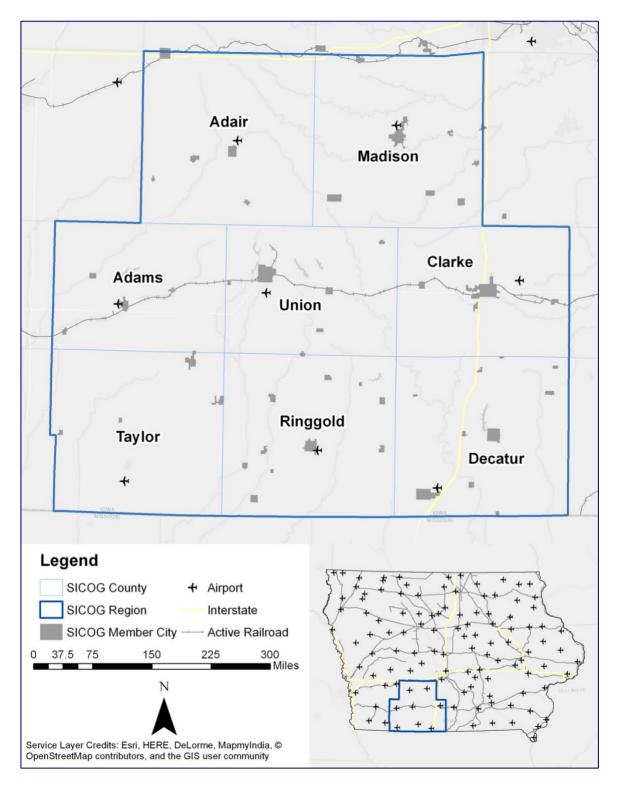


FIGURE 3. GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION OF SICOG REGION, COUNTIES, MEMBER CITIES, INTERSTATES, RAILROADS, AND AIRPORTS | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU & IOWA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

GEOGRAPHY AND THE BUILT-ENVIRONMENT

The SICOG region is located directly southwest of the Des Moines Metropolitan Area and covers eight counties. The eight counties have an area of 2,566,458 acres or 4,009 square miles. The major metropolitan centers exerting an influence on the area include Des Moines, lowa, Omaha, Nebraska, and Kansas City, Missouri. Interstate 35, the major north-south highway connecting Kansas City, Des Moines, and Minneapolis/St. Paul, traverses the Southern Iowa region on the eastern edge. Interstate 80, the major east-west highway connecting Chicago, Des Moines, and Omaha traverses the region on the northern edge. The Burlington-Northern Santa Fe (BNSF) railroad runs across the center of the region with stops in Osceola and Creston. There are eight small airports in the region located in Bedford, Corning, Creston, Greenfield, Lamoni, Mount Ayr, Osceola, and Winterset. The closest commercial airport is located in Des Moines.

TOPOGRAPHY AND GEOLOGY

The region, along with the rest of Southern Iowa, lies in the Southern Iowa Drift plain. This results in rolling hills and more mature streams and hydrologic features than other topographical regions of Iowa. Four geologic ages cover the region, which can be seen in the appendix. Due to the geologic history of the region, there are two major land resource areas (MLRAs) split the region in half. Those major land resource areas are the Illinois and Iowa Deep Loess and Drift and the Iowa and Missouri Heavy Till Plain. A majority of the land in these two MLRAs is used as cropland followed by grassland and forest land. A map of the MLRAs can be seen in the appendix. The most predominant rock types in the region are limestone, sandstone, and shale. The second most predominant rock types in the region are claystone and siltstone along with limestone, sandstone, and shale where they are not the most predominant rock types. Maps of the predominant rock types can be seen in the appendix.

WATER RESOURCES

Like all of Iowa, the region has many rivers, streams, tributaries, and lakes. Many of these hydrologic features are used as water sources including Three Mile Lake, Green Valley Lake, Platte River, Little River and Little River Lake, and others. Many of these major water sources are also considered impaired rivers and lakes due to various pollutants, commonly related to agricultural runoff. Associated with these hydrologic features are floodplains, which run through the region like veins. Floodplains are very important natural features to consider as they are prone to floods, hence their name. As climate change continues to impact the region, floods will become more extreme and/or more common. This makes it more important than ever to know the locations and extents of the 100-year floodplains and the 500-year flood plains in the region. At a larger scale of water movement are watersheds. The SICOG region intersects or contains 39 watersheds. Many of these watersheds reach far

beyond the region into neighboring counties. Thirteen watersheds reach into Northern Missouri. Maps of hydrologic features in the region can be seen in the appendix.

CLIMATE AND ECOLOGICAL RESOURCES

The region lies in the humid continental climate zone, which covers most of the north-central United States. Warm summers and cold winters are common with high fluctuations of precipitation and extreme temperatures year to year.

As a result of the natural resources noted previously, the ecology of the region is split into two ecoregions. The ecoregion with the most cover, Southern Iowa Rolling Loess Prairies, covers 100 percent of Taylor, Adams, Adair, and Madison Counties, about 75 percent of Union County, and about 25 to 30 percent of Clarke and Ringgold Counties. The rest of the region, 25 percent of Union County, 70-75 percent of Clarke and Ringgold County, and 100 percent of Decatur County are included in the Loess Flats and Till Plains ecoregion. The Southern Iowa Rolling Loess Prairies ecoregion is characterized today by cropland and small areas of deciduous forest. Historically, the ecoregion was covered by bluestem prairie and oakhickory forest. This ecoregion also stretches from the SICOG region all the way to the Mississippi River near Davenport and also near Burlington. The Loess Flats and Till Plains ecoregion is a much smaller ecoregion in Iowa. It covers most of the southern border of Iowa and has much of the same current and historic land use and land covers. The major difference is a more prominent pasture land use in this ecoregion.

Both of these ecoregions provide for a wide variety of animal habitat as well as vegetation habitat. The most important to consider are the endangered species. A list of endangered species in the region is shown below.

Name	Group	Status
Indiana Bat (Myotis sodalist)	Mammals	Endangered
Northern Long-eared Bat (Myotis septentrionalis)	Mammals	Threatened
Eastern Prairie Fringed Orchid (Platanthera leucophaea)	Flowering Plants	Threatened
Mead's Milkweed (Asclepias meadii)	Flowering Plants	Threatened
Prairie Bush-clover (Lespedeza leptostachya)	Flowering Plants	Threatened
Western Prairie Fringed Orchid (Platanthera praeclara)	Flowering Plants	Threatened
Topeka Shiner (Notropis topeka)	Fish	Endangered (Critical Habitat)

FIGURE 4. ENDANGERED SPECIES IN THE SICOG REGION | SOURCE: US FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

HISTORIC, ARCHAEOLOGICAL, AND RECREATIONAL RESOURCES

The SICOG region has many buildings and structures listed on the national register of historic places. This includes 76 buildings and 12 structures (mostly bridges). A large portion of these historic places are located in Winterset and rural Madison County. The SICOG region is also home to a stretch of the Mormon Pioneer National Historic Trail. This trail runs across the SICOG region from the northeast corner of Decatur County, through Clarke and Union Counties, and out the southwest corner of Adair County. This historic trail is commonly used for recreational purposes and runs through multiple state parks and conservation areas. A map of the Mormon Pioneer National Historic Trail can be seen in the appendix along with the public conservation/recreation lands in the region. Maps of all historic buildings and structures can be found in the appendix as well

REGIONAL DEMOGRAPHICS

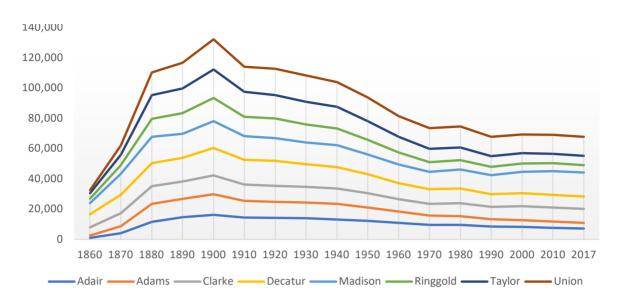


FIGURE 5. SICOG REGION POPULATION | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

The figure above displays the populations of each county stacked on top of each other to give the total regional population. As seen in the figure, the regional population of the SICOG Region peaked at just under 134,000 in 1900. Since then, it has declined, resulting in a 2017 ACS 5-year estimation of about 70,000 individuals. This number has stayed around 70,000

since 1990. Therefore, no significant growths or shrinkages are expected from a regional perspective in the foreseeable future.

Figure 6 shows the regional population by county. Madison County has the highest share of individuals in the region, followed by Union County and Clarke County. The smallest counties in terms of population are Adams, Ringgold, and Taylor, which sit at six, seven and nine percent of the regional population, respectively.

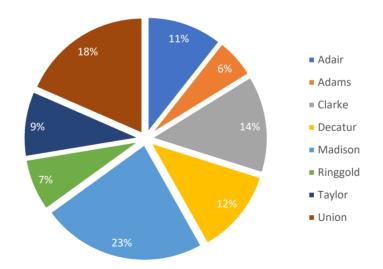


FIGURE 6. REGIONAL POPULATION BY COUNTY | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

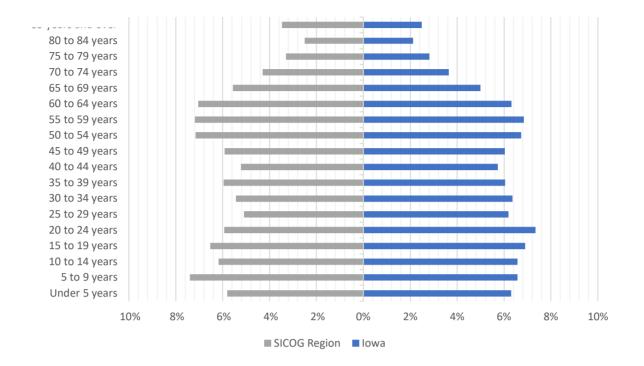


FIGURE 7. REGIONAL POPULATION BY AGE COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

Figure 7, above, is the population of the region separated by age compared to the State of Iowa. There are not many significant differences between the two geographies, however, the SICOG Region generally has more individuals in retirement age or reaching retirement

age within the next ten years and more children aged five to nine years. There are also fewer individuals between the ages of 20 and 35 years.

The median age of residents in the region (Figure 8) varies by county. The lowest median age was found in Decatur County at 36.5 years and the highest was found in Adams County at 47.7 years. All counties, with the exception of Decatur, were above the statewide median by at least two years.

The aging population that the region is experiencing will likely need to be addressed in all aspects including economic development, housing, transportation, and others. This will be especially problematic if the younger generations do not stay in the region or the ones who left do not begin to return to the region to take over the jobs of the retiring generations as well as develop a regional economy and society that allows for continued support for the aging population.

Geography	Median Age
Adair	45.7
Adams	47.7
Clarke	40.7
Decatur	36.5
Madison	40.8
Ringgold	45.0
Taylor	43.3
Union	40.1
Iowa	38.1

FIGURE 8. MEDIAN AGE BY COUNTY COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

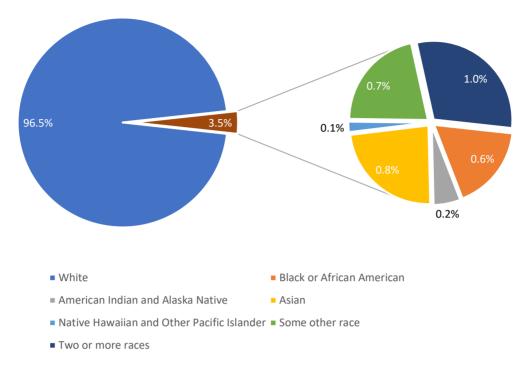


FIGURE 9. REGIONAL RACE AND ETHNICITY | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

The figure above shows the racial and ethnic breakdown of the regional population. The region is mostly white with only 3.5 percent of individuals identifying as non-white or two or more races. Similar percentages are seen when examining the Hispanic or Latino population. A vast majority of the region is non-Hispanic or Latino. These statistics are very consistent across all counties with the exception of Taylor County and Clarke County who have Hispanic or Latino populations equal to 7.5 percent and 12.7 percent of their total population. The figure to the right shows the proportion respectively of Hispanic or Latino individuals compared to the statewide average. They are very similar.

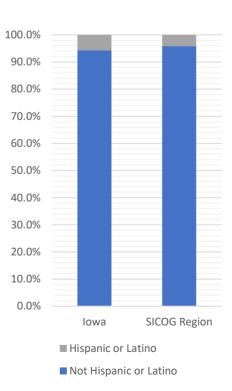


FIGURE 10. REGIONAL HISPANIC POPULATION COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

WORKFORCE

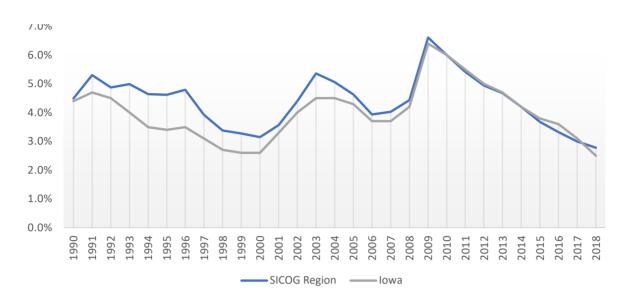


FIGURE 11. REGIONAL UNEMPLOYMENT RATE COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

The unemployment rate, seen in the figure above, has largely followed the statewide trend throughout the last two decades. Beginning in 2008, the regional unemployment matched the statewide average almost exactly. This mirroring of statewide unemployment could indicate that this regional economy is very similar to the State of Iowa economy, which relies on an agricultural backbone that does not sway as heavily as other economic sectors.

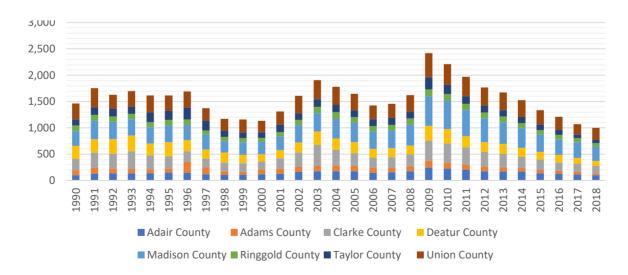


Figure 12 shows the breakdown of unemployment of the region by county in the number of unemployed individuals.

FIGURE 12. REGIONAL UNEMPLOYMENT BY COUNTY | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

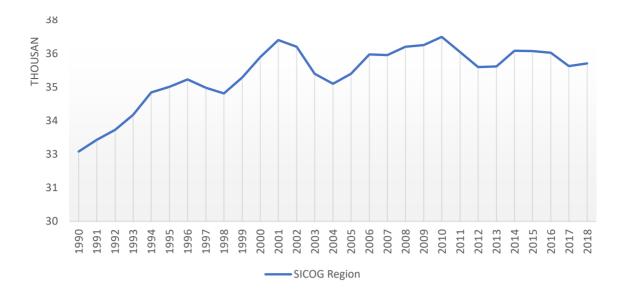


FIGURE 13. REGIONAL LABOR FORCE | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

The regional labor force in the SICOG Region, seen above, has risen by about 3,000 since 1990. Most of this growth occurred in the 1990s, however, and initially peaked in 2001 before a sharp drop. The labor force peaked again in 2010 at about 37,000 and has remained mostly steady, with a slight decline, since then. There is little indication, barring an economic recession, that the labor force will change significantly. Generally, the labor force participation in the SICOG region is similar or slightly lower than the statewide average. The only county with a labor force participation rate higher than the State of Iowa is Madison County. The lowest participation rates are found in Ringgold, Decatur, and Adams Counties as seen below.

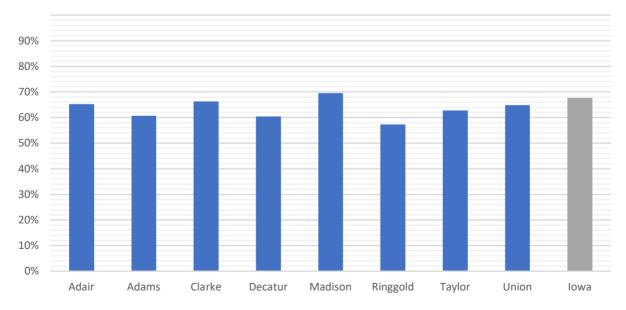


FIGURE 14. LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES BY COUNTY COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

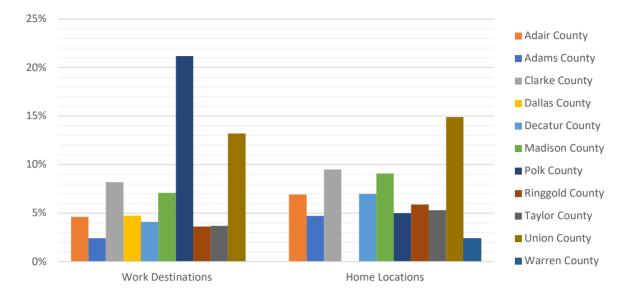
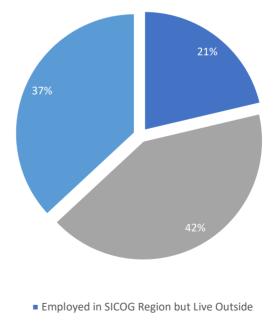


FIGURE 15. COMMUTING PATTERNS FOR WORKERS IN THE REGION BY COUNTY | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

The commuting patterns of the labor force are important to consider as they could give an indication of the quality of life in the region as well as an indication of the quality of jobs in the region. Figure 15 shows the work destinations and home locations of workers in the region broken down by county. Polk County is by far the single largest work destination of

workers in the SICOG Region. This is expected since Polk County is the of Des center the Moines Metropolitan Area. Verv few people commute from Polk County to the SICOG region, as seen on the home locations side. Union County is a major work destination and home location in the region. This is also predictable, as Creston, the largest city in the region, is located in Union County. Clarke County (Osceola) and Madison County (Winterset) are also major sources of and destinations for workers.

The chart to the right shows the overall proportions for commuter habits in the region. Almost 80 percent of workers live in the SICOG region but less than 40 percent of them work in the region as well.



- Live in SICOG Region but Employed Outside
- Employed and Live in SICOG Region



EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

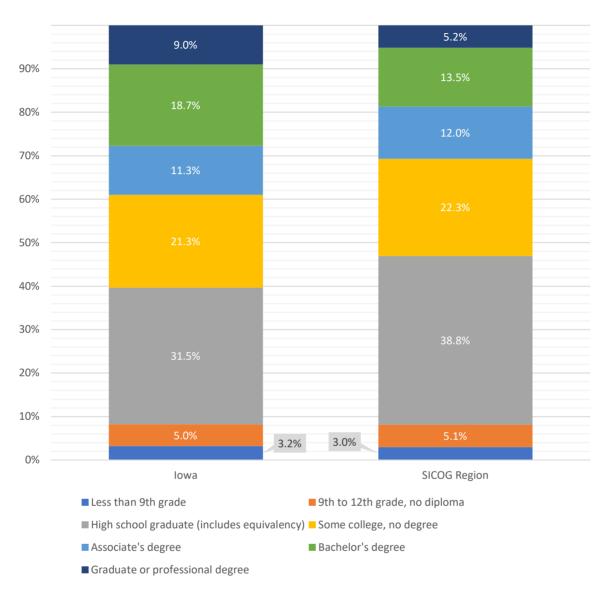


FIGURE 17. EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT IN THE REGION COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

The educational attainment in the SICOG Region is similar to the State of Iowa overall in most respects as seen in Figure 17. They have similar percentages with individuals with an educational attainment less than a high school diploma along with similar rates of individuals who have started college but have not finished an associate's degrees. Where the two geographies differ, is in the percentages of individuals with high school diplomas, individuals with bachelor's degrees, and individuals with graduate degrees. About seven percent more of the SICOG region population has an education attainment of a high school diploma. This is mostly balanced by the negative differences in the bachelor's degree and graduate degree categories.

INDUSTRY

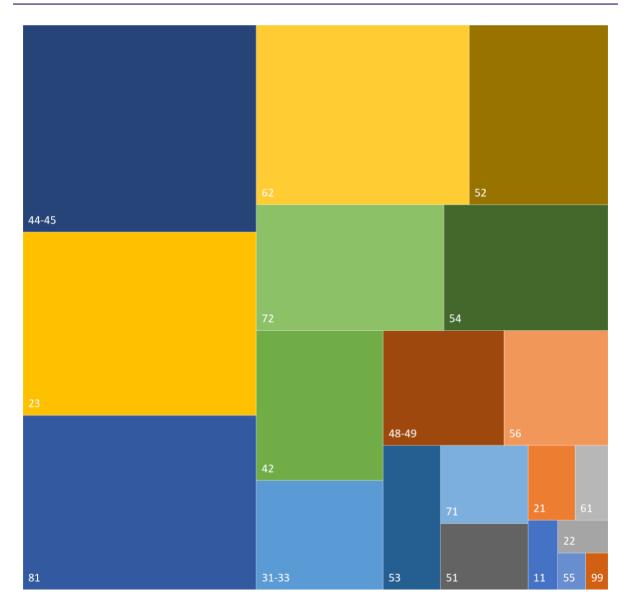


FIGURE 18. INDUSTRY MAKEUP OF THE REGION BY NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

Figure 18 shows the industry of the region by the number of establishments, labeled with their NAICS code. These codes are labeled in Figure 19 on the next page. As shown, NAICS Industry code 44-45, Retail Trade, is the largest industry in the region with 234 establishments. The industry with the second highest number of establishments (207) is the construction industry (NAICS code 23). No other industry topped 200 establishments. NAICS code 81, Other Services, reached 197 but the category is miscellaneous in nature and the establishments in this category likely fit into other industry categories as well.

NAICS Code	Industry Description
11	Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting
21	Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction
22	Utilities
23	Construction
31-33	Manufacturing
42	Wholesale trade
44-45	Retail trade
48-49	Transportation and warehousing
51	Information
52	Finance and insurance
53	Real estate and rental and leasing
54	Professional, scientific, and technical services
55	Management of companies and enterprises
56	Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services
61	Educational Services
62	Health care and social assistance
71	Arts, entertainment, and recreation
72	Accommodation and food services
81	Other services (except public administration)
99	Industries not classified

FIGURE 19. NAICS INDUSTRY CODES

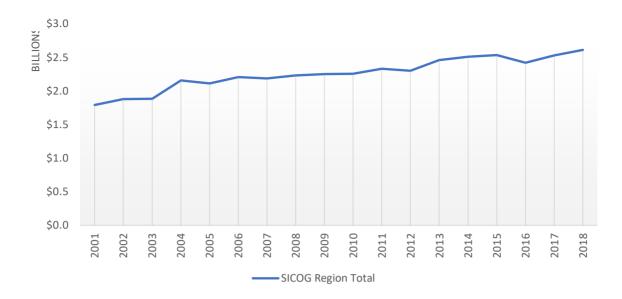


FIGURE 20. REGIONAL REAL GDP | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

The total Real Gross Domestic Product (Real GDP) of the SICOG region is shown above. Since 2001, it has increased from \$1.8 billion to about \$2.6 billion. The graph of all Real GDPs of the counties in the region is shown in Figure 21. Union County has consistently had the highest Real GDP since the turn of the century, likely due to its county seat city, Creston, which is larger than some of the counties by itself. In recent years, Adams County has moved from second lowest Real GDP to top five, just below Adair.

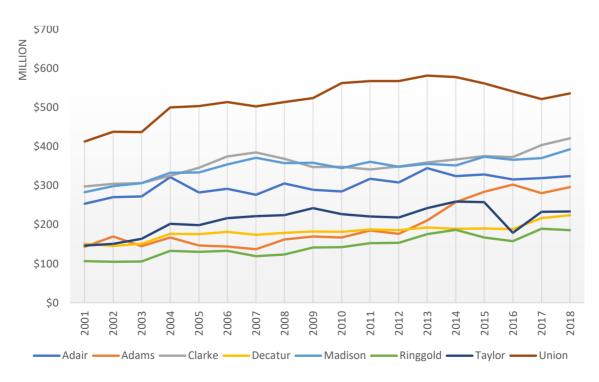


FIGURE 21. REAL GDP BY COUNTY | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

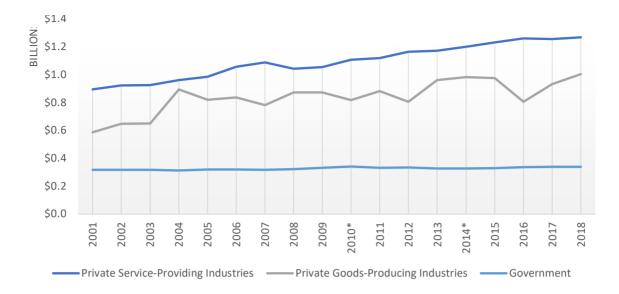


FIGURE 22. PRIVATE SERVICE-PROVIDING, PRIVATE GOODS-PRODUCING, AND GOVERNMENT REAL GDP | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS | *ONE OR MORE VALUES WAS IMPUTED DUE TO DATA LIMITATIONS

The graph above shows the regional real GDP broken into private service providing industries, private goods-producing industries, and government. The real GDP of government has increased only seven percent since 2001. In the same time period, private sector service-providing industries real GDP has increased almost 42 percent and private sector goods-producing industries real GDP has increased 71 percent.

The graph below details the percent of total regional real GDP that is attributed to the private sector service-providing and private sector goods-producing industries along with the public sector.

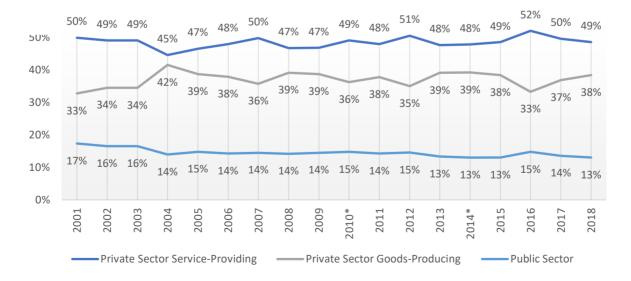


FIGURE 23. PERCENTS OF TOTAL REGIONAL REAL GDP BY SECTOR AND BASIC INDUSTRY | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS | *ONE OR MORE VALUES WAS IMPUTED DUE TO DATA LIMITATIONS

WAGES AND INCOME

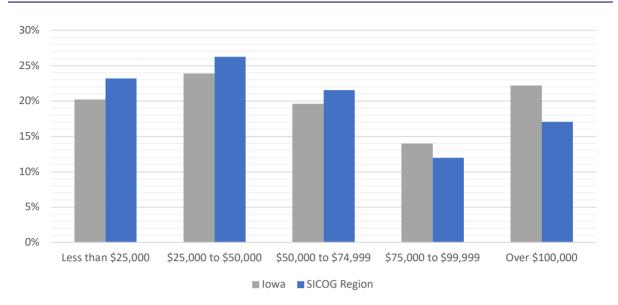


FIGURE 24. REGIONAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

Figure 24, above shows the household income for the SICOG region compared to lowa. The regional population is much more concentrated in the bottom three tiers than the State of lowa overall. The general pattern of the household incomes is the same, except for the final tier, which is the second highest for the State but the second lowest for the region. This could be an indication of higher income equality in the region when compared to the State of Iowa in general.

The graph below, Figure 25, shows the median household income by county for the region. Madison County is the only county in the region with a higher median household income than the State of Iowa. All other counties sit within \$4,000 of \$50,000 except for Decatur County, which sits at \$41,042.

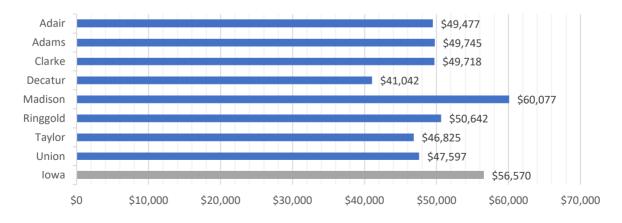


FIGURE 25. MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY COUNTY COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

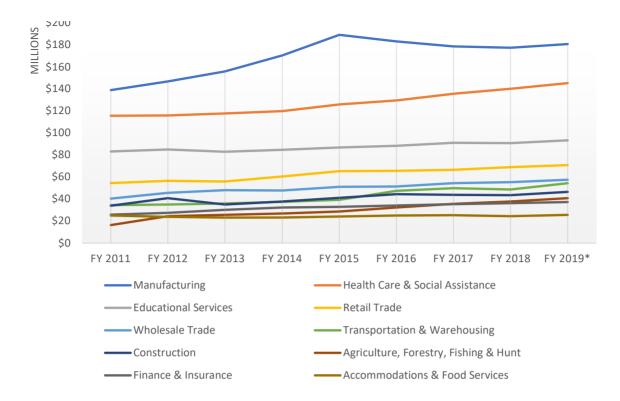


FIGURE 26. TOTAL WAGES BY INDUSTRY (TOP TEN) | SOURCE: IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT | *ONE OR MORE VALUES WAS IMPUTED DUE TO DATA LIMITATIONS

Figure 26, above, displays the total wages by sector for the top ten sectors in the region. Most of the industries follow the same pattern of growth since FY 2011. The highest wage payer in the region, Manufacturing, peaked in FY 2015 then slowly recovered and can likely expect to reach the peak again in a few years. The second and third highest wages payers, Health Care and Social Assistance and Educational Services, are both mainly government or government-related services. This is despite real GDP from government work having a minimal role in the regional real GDP.

The figure to the right shows the same data as a percentage of total regional wages. It shows, among other things, that the Manufacturing, Health Care, and Educational Services industries are responsible for over 50 percent of wages in the region.

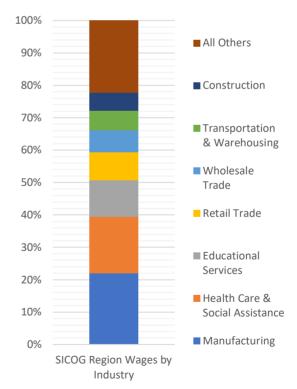


FIGURE 27. TOTAL WAGES AS A PERCENT OF TOTAL REGIONAL WAGES BY INDUSTRY | SOURCE: IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

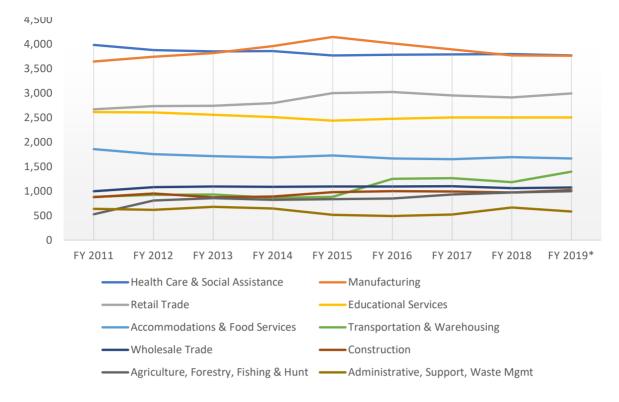


FIGURE 28. TOTAL REGIONAL EMPLOYEES BY INDUSTRY (TOP TEN) | SOURCE: IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT | *ONE OR MORE VALUES WAS IMPUTED DUE TO DATA LIMITATIONS

Figure 28, above, shows the top ten employing industries. In the SICOG region, Health Care and Social Assistance and Manufacturing are the two largest employers. They are followed by Retail Trade and Educational Services. All other industries employed fewer than 2,000 individuals in the region.

The chart to the right shows the percentages of employees by industry in the region. The top four employing industries are the same as Figure 28 with Health Care and Social Assistance and Manufacturing each employing about 17 percent of the total regional employees. Retail Trade and Educational Attainment employ about 13 and 11 percent of the total regional employees. All other industries were below ten percent.

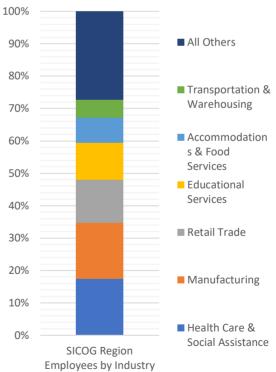


FIGURE 29. TOTAL REGIONAL EMPLOYEES AS A PERCENT OF TOTAL REGIONAL EMPLOYEES BY INDUSTRY | SOURCE: IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

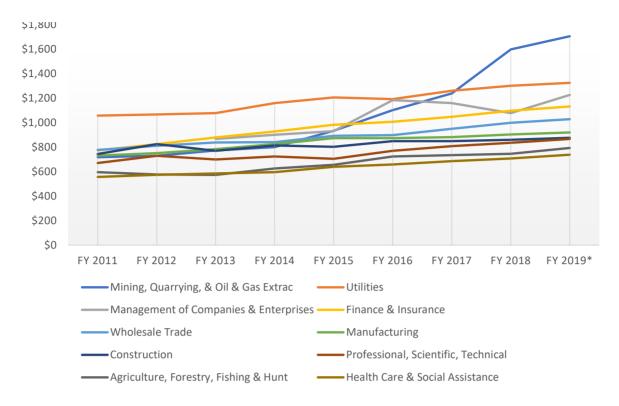


FIGURE 30. AVERAGE REGIONAL WAGE BY INDUSTRY (TOP TEN) | SOURCE: IOWA WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT | *ONE OR MORE VALUES WAS IMPUTED DUE TO DATA LIMITATIONS

The graph above shows the average regional wage by industry for the top ten industries. In general, wages have grown. For some industries this growth was slow; for others, it was fast. Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction had the fastest growth and the highest average weekly wage. This industry was followed by Utilities, Management of Companies and Enterprises, and Finance and Insurance. Wholesale trade rounds out the top five and is the last industry with weekly wages over \$1,000.

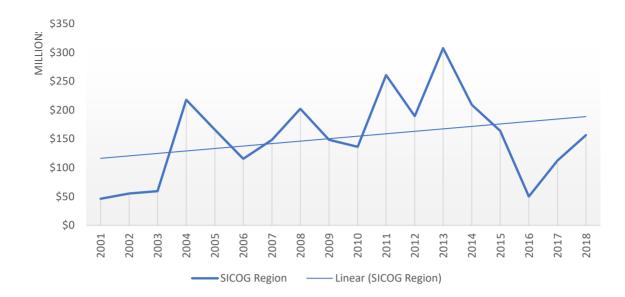
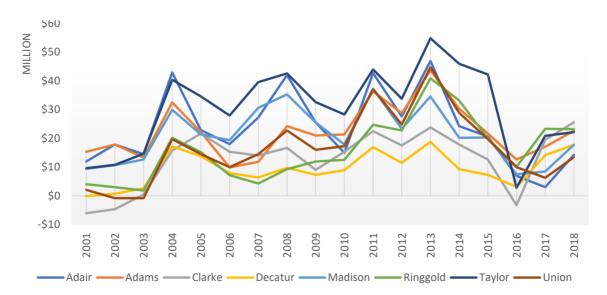


FIGURE 31. TOTAL REGIONAL FARM EARNINGS | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

Since the SICOG region, and Iowa overall, is held steady by a farm economy, it is important to consider its health. The figure above displays the total regional farm earnings along with a linear that shows the general growth of farm earnings in the region. Since the turn of the century, farm earnings have generally grown but have experienced multiple peaks and valleys. The most prominent peak occurred in 2013 and was followed almost immediately by the most prominent valley that began in 2014 and ended in 2016. Since 2016, farm earnings have increased back to 2010 levels. It appears that farm earnings have recovered but given the volatility of the statistic, this may be untrue.



The same statistic, broken into the counties, is shown below.

FIGURE 32. TOTAL REGIONAL FARM EARNINGS BY COUNTY | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

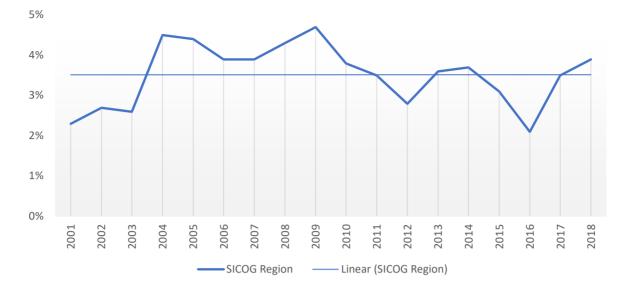
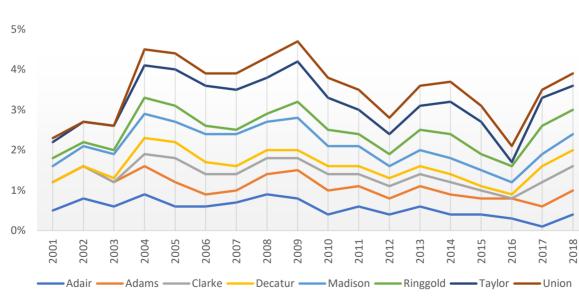


FIGURE 33. TOTAL REGIONAL FARM EARNINGS AS A PERCENT OF STATEWIDE FARM EARNINGS | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

It is important to consider how the SICOG region's farm earnings have contributed to statewide farm earnings in order to gauge its growth relative to the average. The chart above shows the total regional farm earnings as a percent of statewide farm earnings. The region has remained within two to five percent of total statewide farm earnings since 2001 with an average of about 3.5 percent. This could indicate that there have not been any large permanent shocks to the system since the beginning of this data.



The same statistic, broken into the counties, is shown below.

FIGURE 34. TOTAL REGIONAL FARM EARNINGS AS A PERCENT OF STATEWIDE FARM EARNINGS BY COUNTY | SOURCE: US BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS



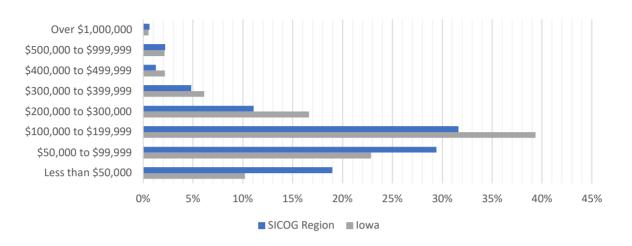


FIGURE 35. REGIONAL HOUSING VALUES COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

Regional housing and land values are very important to the regional economy as they are commonly a basis for loans and because a higher valued housing stock in a community is more attractive for employers who are looking to locate in the area and need quality housing for their employees. The chart above compares the housing values of the SICOG region with the State of Iowa overall. The distribution of the housing values for both geographies peak between \$100,000 and \$200,000. However, there is a much larger percentage of housing values below \$100,000 in the SICOG region than Iowa but there is a higher percentage of housing valued between \$100,000 and \$300,000 across the state.

The chart below shows the median housing value by county in the region compared the State of Iowa overall. Madison County is the only county in the region that exceeds the state overall. This graph is also very similar to the median household income chart (Figure 24 on page 33).

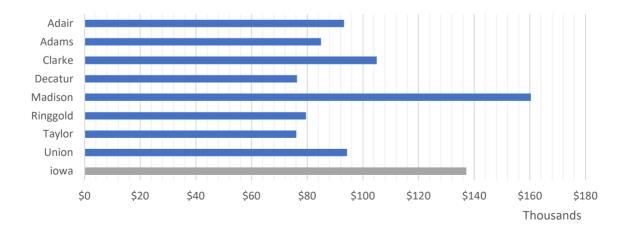


FIGURE 36. MEDIAN HOUSING VALUES BY COUNTY COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU 2018

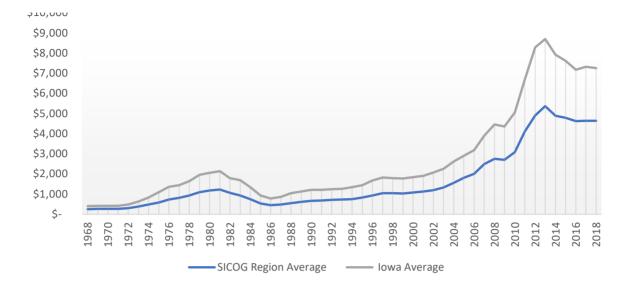


FIGURE 37. AGRICULTURAL LAND VALUES COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR AGRICULTURAL AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT

The chart above shows the agricultural land values in the SICOG region compared to the State of Iowa average. As seen, the agricultural land values in this region, as well as Southern Iowa in general, are significantly lower. This leads to a smaller economy in the region since Iowa economies are farm-based. Therefore, if the farmland values are lower, the economy is smaller.

The chart below shows the average agricultural land values in each of the SICOG counties compared to the State of Iowa average. Adair and Madison have the highest values in the region while Decatur and Clarke have the lowest. Decatur County, in particular, has the lowest agricultural land values in the entire state. All counties in the SICOG region are at least \$1,000 below the state average.

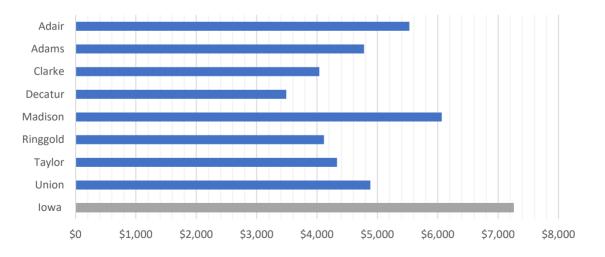


FIGURE 38. AVERAGE LAND VALUES BY COUNTY COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR AGRICULTURAL AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT

The age of the housing stock in the region is very important to consider as it can serve as an indication of the condition and quality of housing. Older houses usually require more maintenance than newer houses, which increases the costs associated with owning homes. This may dissuade potential homeowners from investing in a new home and steer them towards rental housing. Generally, houses that are renter-occupied instead of owner-occupied become dilapidated more quickly and as a result, have lower values. In the chart to the right, the age of the housing stock in the SICOG region is compared to the State of Iowa overall. In the SICOG region, a higher percentage of all housing units were built before 1940. This means that about 36 percent of housing units in the SICOG region are at least 80 years old. These units undoubtedly have higher maintenance costs associated with them.

The median age of the housing stock of the SICOG region, broken into counties, is compared to the State of Iowa in the table below. Two counties, Madison and Ringgold, have lower median housing ages than the State of Iowa. One county, Clarke, has an equal median housing age. The rest of the counties have higher median housing ages.

Geography	Median Age
Adair	62
Adams	77
Clarke	52
Decatur	55
Madison	49
Ringgold	50
Taylor	66
Union	61
lowa	52

FIGURE 40. MEDIAN AGE OF HOUSING STOCK BY COUNTY COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

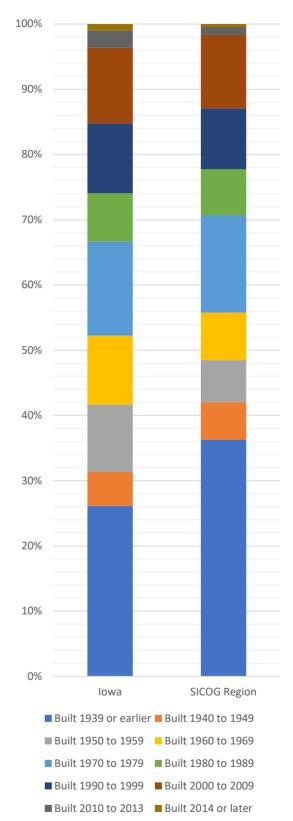


FIGURE 39. AGE OF HOUSING STOCK COMPARED TO THE STATE OF IOWA | SOURCE: US CENSUS BUREAU

OPPORTUNITY ZONES

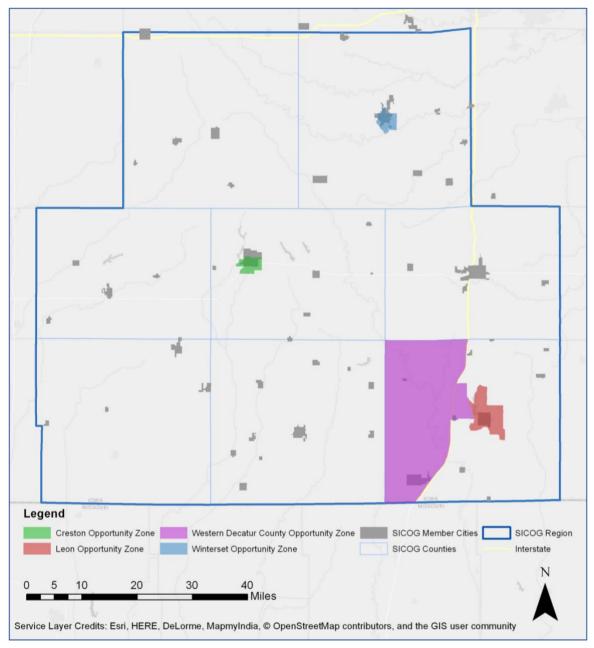


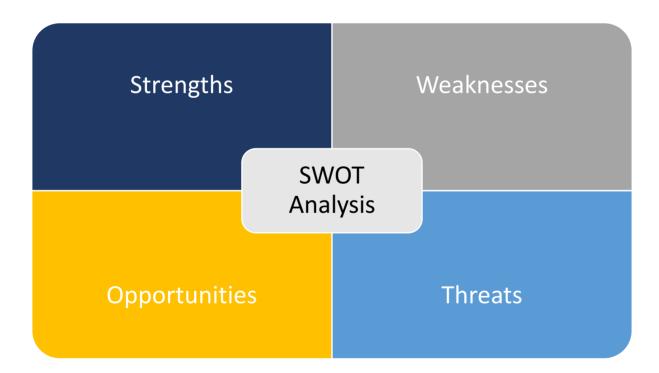
FIGURE 41. OPPORTUNITY ZONES IN THE SICOG REGION | SOURCE: IOWA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

An Opportunity Zone is a designation given to communities that are considered "economically-distressed." These zones were created by the 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, which was signed into law in December of that year. There are almost 9,000 Qualified Opportunity Zones located in the 50 states, District of Columbia, and five US territories. These zones allow private investments in the designated communities to be eligible for a temporary deferral on their capital gains taxes if they hold their investment in the community for at least five years. If the private investors hold their investment in the community for ten years, they are eligible for a permanent exclusion from capital gains taxes on the dollars used for that investment. More information can be found at https://opportunityzones.hud.gov/.

There are four Opportunity Zones in the SICOG region. They are seen on the previous page (Figure 41). Two of the Opportunity Zones are located in Decatur County while the other two are located in Union County (part of Creston) and Madison County (part of Winterset). Of the two zones in Decatur County, one covers all of Leon and its surrounding area and the other covers almost the entire western half of the county using Interstate-35 as most of the boundary line. This second zone covers the entirety of Lamoni, Grand River, and Decatur City. So far, there has been little success in gaining quality investment in these areas. As technical assistance from the state and federal government begins to become more readily available, this may change.

The hope of this designation is to incentivize investment from the private sector into disadvantaged communities. It will certainly be a priority of SICOG and other partners to ensure the success of these communities by utilizing this new tool.

SWOT ANALYSIS AND PRIORITIES



STRENGTHS

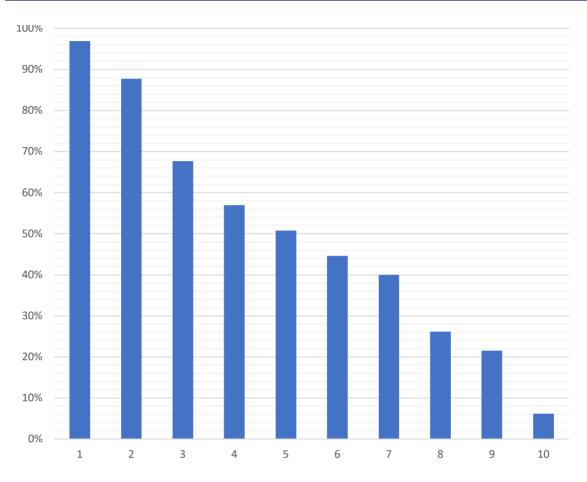


FIGURE 42. PERCEPTION OF REGIONAL STRENGTHS | SOURCE 2020 CEDS SURVEY

Number	Description		
1	Quality of Life - small town friendliness (you know your neighbors and they help each other)		
2	Safe place to live		
3	Natural resources attract outsiders (lakes, hunting, camping, etc.)		
4	Quality educational facilities		
5	Agriculture related industry, jobs, and resources		
6	Central US geographical location (near I-80 and I-35); Proximity to larger markets & access to resources in Des Moines, Omaha & Kansas City		
7	Low housing costs		
8	Desirable wind energy location		
9	Diversity of jobs - not dependent on just one type of industry		
10	Others (please specify)		

PERCEPTION OF STRENGTHS

In our CEDS survey, we asked the question "What strengths best describe your area?" and gave ten options including *Other* with space to specify. Almost 97 percent of respondents to the survey agreed that the *quality of life, the small-town friendliness and helpfulness* of the region is its biggest strength. This is followed by *safe place to live* (88 percent), and *natural resources attract outsiders* (68 percent). Most respondents agreed that *quality educational facilities* and *agriculture related industry, jobs, and resources* were also strengths in the region. Less than half of respondents agreed that all other options listed were regional strengths.

ANALYSIS OF STRENGTHS

From an objective standpoint, the public perception is largely reflective of the current condition of the region and will be important to the vision of the comprehensive economic development strategy. Utilizing the data from the summary background, it can be seen that major strengths are largely not quantifiable due to the structural economic disadvantages that the region faces (low farmland values in an agriculture-based state economy, sparse populations, lack of robust private sector industries). So, the more qualitative attributes that are easily perceivable, such as quality of life, safety, and quality educational facilities, stand out more and become more important to the regional economy.

As is true for many regions that are largely composed of rural land and small towns, natural resources and agriculture are vital for the economy. In many regions, including the SICOG region, this primary-producer economy permeates into the social economy of the region. For this region, farmland values are low due to the soil quality. This results in fewer cash crops, more land used as pasture for cattle, and less profitable farm enterprises. Therefore, natural resources related to hunting, fishing, and general outdoor recreation are more prevalent and are where the region excels compared to many places in the country.

The geographic location of the region is certainly important to note, however, transportation infrastructure into the center of the region from nearby metropolitan areas is largely missing or inefficient, which causes travel times, shipping costs, and emissions to be much higher. Transportation to the edges of the region are serviced by two interstates that run west and south out of Des Moines to Omaha and Kansas City but smaller Federal Highways and State Highways are the only connections to the largest city in the region, Creston.

WEAKNESSES

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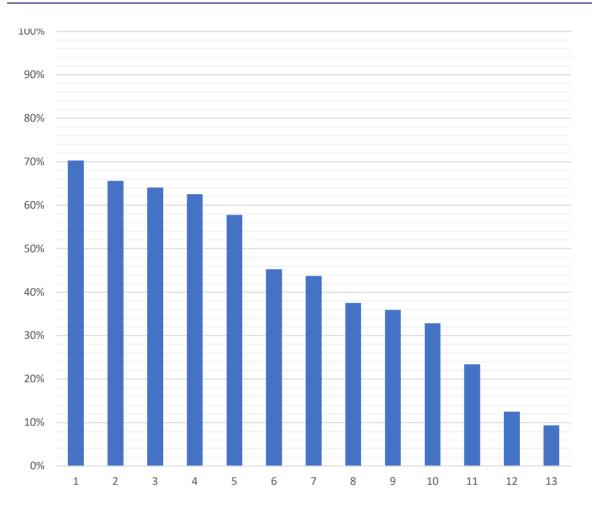


FIGURE 43. PERCEPTION OF REGIONAL WEAKNESS | SOURCE: 2020 CEDS SURVEY

Number	Description
1	Older, poorly maintained housing stock; lack of newer, quality affordable housing
2	Lack of funding to maintain existing infrastructure or to build new infrastructure
3	Aging residents & declining population
4	Limited entertainment and activities for young people
5	Low wages do not retain young workers in the area; Brain drain
6	Relative lack of skilled and "middle skills" workforce
7	Aging professionals and business owners resulting in business closures
8	Resistance to change and new decision-makers
9	High rate of poverty
10	High property taxes
11	High cost of water/sewer utilities
12	Others (please specify)
13	Lack of public administration capacity

PERCEPTION OF WEAKNESSES

The option agreed upon by most respondents in the 2020 SICOG CEDS survey was *older*, *poorly maintained housing stock; lack of newer*, *quality affordable housing*. This option gathered over 70 percent support from respondents. This was followed by *lack of funding to maintain existing infrastructure or to build new infrastructure*, *aging residents* & *declining population*, and *limited entertainment and activities for young people*. These three weaknesses were agreed upon by 66, 64, and 63 percent of respondents, respectively. The only other weakness with over 50 percent concurrence in was *low wages do not retain young workers in the area; brain drain*.

ANALYSIS OF WEAKNESSES

Again, perception received through the 2020 CEDS survey is largely supported by data. The housing stock of the region is older and poorly maintained for a variety of reasons. It is also very difficult to build newer housing that is affordable, especially in a sparsely populated region like this one. There is also a serious lack of funding to maintain and build new infrastructure throughout the region. This is partially due to a declining population and declining housing values, which lower property tax bases. Costs of maintenance and new infrastructure are also much higher now than in the past as well. There are grants available to assist communities with these issues, but they are very competitive.

The aging population is absolutely a problem that will create job openings but there may not be anyone to fill those vacancies due to brain drain. They will also need social services at a higher rate than before, which can be a tax burden on residents. The job vacancies created by the departure of older residents from the workforce will most likely not result in jobs with higher wages either, as wages in the region are lower than the statewide average. This is also a deterrent for young workers in the region, as they can very easily find jobs in one of the nearby metropolitan areas that pay higher wages. These metropolitan areas are also able to draw young workers away by having more entertainment options and amenities than the SICOG region.

Two major weaknesses of the region that were not listed are 1) a central geographic location and 2) a lack of diverse career opportunities. The first, a central geographic location, was previously mentioned in the strengths section. This issue could be considered both a strength and weakness of the region. While the region has proximity advantages by sitting between two major metropolitan areas and one semi-major metropolitan area, there is an inefficient transportation network connecting them. The region is also forced to compete with the metropolitan areas for young workers and new population. This leads into the second weakness: it is difficult to make a convincing argument for young people to move to the region instead of the metropolitan areas that have more diverse career opportunities and amenities due to their size.

OPPORTUNITIES

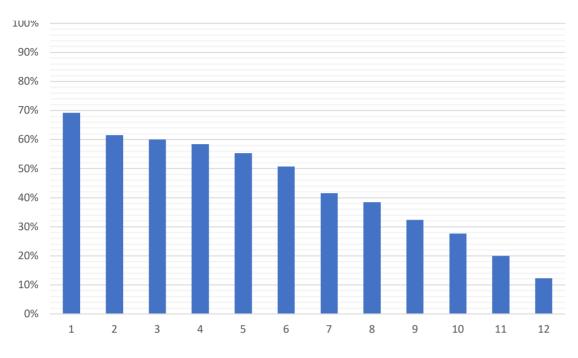


FIGURE 44. PERCEPTION OF REGIONAL OPPORTUNITIES | SOURCE: 2020 CEDS SURVEY

Number	Description
1	Work with schools, counselors, and parents on variety of student career paths that will fill jobs in the future
2	Promote mid-level job training & vocational training opportunities
3	Expand our natural resource tourism (hunting, fishing, camping, sightseeing, etc.)
4	Work together with other counties, cities or organizations - encourage regionalism/economy of scale
5	Small businesses with aging proprietors create opportunities for young entrepreneurs; Succession planning
6	Take advantage of proximity to Des Moines, Omaha & Kansas City
7	Develop agriculture related technical jobs that utilize agriculture culture & knowledge
8	Business expansion in the healthcare or elder care services industries due to aging population
9	Expansion of "new agriculture" crop production and value-added agricultural products
10	Attract applicants for skilled, high-paying jobs that already exist here
11	Expand or create cluster of alternative/wind energy related manufacturing or services
12	Others (please specify)

PERCEPTION OF OPPORTUNITIES

The results of the 2020 SICOG CEDS survey show that most respondents agree that partnerships with educational institutions and business owners to train the future work force is an opportunity of which to take advantage. A majority (60 percent) of respondents also agreed that there is opportunity to expand natural resource tourism, such as hunting, fishing, and general outdoor recreation. Partnerships amongst other regional public entities and organizations also garnered 58 percent concurrence among respondents. Once again, proximity to Des Moines, Omaha, and Kansas City was regarded as important to note. All other options garnered less than 50 percent agreement.

ANALYSIS OF OPPORTUNITIES

The perception of opportunities in the region is that they are mostly related to taking advantage of workforce training, expanding natural resource tourism, and taking advantage of the region's proximity to the Des Moines, Omaha, and Kansas City metropolitan areas. Each of these is a strong opportunity for the region and should certainly be used. Workforce training can be done through Southwestern Community College, which has campuses in Creston (Union County) and Osceola (Clarke County), and through partnerships with the local school districts and the local business leaders.

Natural resource tourism is perhaps the most valuable opportunity for the region. The region has counties that are well known for having very good hunting grounds and fishing lakes. It also has more rolling hills and scenic topography than much of Iowa, due to the glacial movements that occurred in prehistory. This gives potential for the region to plan and build an expansive hiking and bike trail network that could connect the region in a more immersive way that could benefit cities more than a vehicular transportation network expansion could. This system could also connect to the Des Moines metropolitan area relatively easily, which would be taking advantage of the region's proximity to Des Moines. Future trail and natural resource tourism could be expanded to the other metropolitan areas but this would take increased collaboration between many other stakeholders.

An opportunity not recognized in previous paragraphs would be the railroads. There is a BNSF rail line that runs through the center of the region. Utilizing this rail line for multi-modal shipping is an opportunity that should be explored. Multi-modal facilities can also be explored to increase the economic benefit of this feature as well. Abandoned rail lines are also common in the region and are perfect locations for bike and walking trails.

THREATS

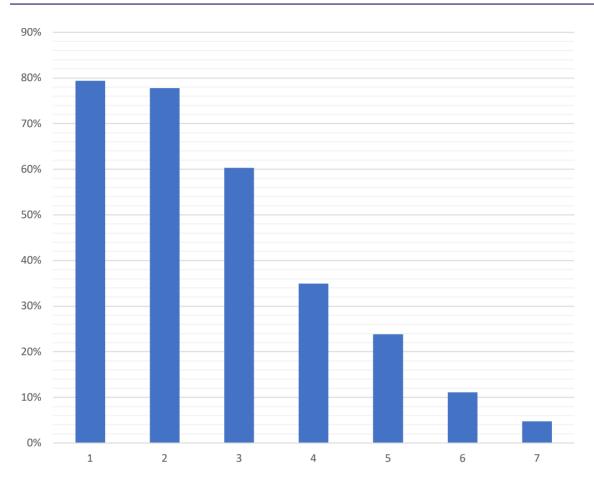


FIGURE 45. PERCEPTION OF REGIONAL THREATS | SOURCE: 2020 CEDS SURVEY

Number

Description

1	Retail & entertainment centers outside the region pull people and their dollars away
2	Young workforce leaving for higher paying jobs in cities (population loss & brain drain)
3	Unfunded mandates & changes in tax base and tax laws that are detrimental to local government
4	Decline in grant resources that were once more abundant
5	Geographical location (not on a coast with convenient access to international shipping)
6	Others (please specify)
7	Insufficient water resources

PERCEPTION OF THREATS

The results of the 2020 SICOG CEDS survey show that the threats with the most agreement amongst respondents were *retail* & *entertainment centers outside the region pull people and their dollars away, young workforce leaving for higher paying jobs in cities,* and *unfunded mandates* & *changes in tax base and tax laws that are detrimental to local government.* Each of these gathered over 60 percent agreement. The rest of the options did not reach 40 percent agreement.

ANALYSIS OF THREATS

The perception of threats in the region are largely related to population loss. This is very true for a region that has been experiencing population loss since the turn of the 20th century, as seen in the background chapter. In the last three decades, the population of the region has leveled off indicating that an equilibrium may have been reached. This could very easily change, however, as technology advances and allows people and workers to live differently than before. This could mean more brain drain or it could mean a resurgence in small town and rural life depending on how culture and technology advance together.

A threat not mentioned is the decreasing quality of housing stock in the region. Housing is one of the most important components to any society. It is a quality of life factor that influences the social resilience of communities more than perhaps any other factor. Additionally, it has a huge impact on economic and environmental resilience. In order to attract economic development to the region, the region needs to have adequate workforce housing. Currently, the housing stock is a weakness, as seen previously, and with declining land values, it does not appear to be recovering or have many pathways to recovery.

Another threat not mentioned in this section but was lightly mentioned in other sections of this SWOT analysis is the industry make-up of the region. Like many rural areas in Iowa, and other states, the private sector economy is largely based on agriculture and manufacturing. These two industries are equally strengths and threats to the regional economy. The strength of these industries is that they are vital components of the national economy and are always necessary to varying extents. The threat of these industries is the region's dependence on these sectors. If large fluctuations of any kind occur in these industries, it will have major impacts on the region, which will likely permeate into other local industry. Additionally, these industries have very little room to grow, given the limitations of the region (poor soil and a set amount of land for agriculture and a lack of workers to expand operations for manufacturing).

SWOT SUMMARY AND EVALUATION

The region has many strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats. A summary of these components are as follows:

The perception of strengths of the region include the quality of life, the safety of communities, natural resources, the educational facilities, and the agricultural industry. These are all largely confirmed by statistics, however, the qualitative features, such as quality of life, safety, and education facilities, are difficult to measure and may not be true for all residents of the region. Perhaps the biggest strength of the region, the abundance of natural resources that can be used for tourism or outdoor recreation also has the most room to grow and the most opportunity to impact the economic, social, and environmental resilience of the region. Other strengths, such as the agriculture industry and the geographic location of the region, are also weaknesses, opportunities, or threats as well.

The perception of weaknesses of the region include the housing stock, the cost and lack of funding to maintain and build new infrastructure, aging residents, limited entertainment options to young people, and low wages. All of these can be confirmed by statistics and price measures. The biggest weakness of the region, the housing stock, is also one of the most challenging, as land values in the region are not increasing in most cases, which depresses the financial capacity to invest in housing. Additionally, since the incomes of residents in the area are lower than the State of Iowa on average, newer, affordable housing is difficult to find or build. Other weaknesses include geographic location of the region, an inefficient transportation network, and a lack of diverse career opportunities, which is a contributor to population loss.

The perception of opportunities in the region include utilizing resources to train the workforce in the region to better fit the needs of the career opportunities available. This includes creating partnerships and programs with the local community college, high schools, and business owners. Once again, proximity to Des Moines, Omaha, and Kansas City was recognized as an opportunity. This could be taken advantage of very easily and successfully through regional trail planning and transportation network enhancements along with other natural resource tourism. The utilization of the BSNF railroad line that runs through the center of the region is also a significant opportunity to spur economic development in the region.

The perception of threats in the region include retail and entertainment centers outside the region, which pulls business away from local retailers, population loss, and tax laws. These are all reasonable threats to the region and should be addressed. Other threats to the region include the decreasing quality of housing in the region, which is vital for recruiting new firms and maintaining a high quality of life for residents and the over dependence of the regional economy on the agricultural and manufacturing sectors.

REGIONAL PRIORITIES

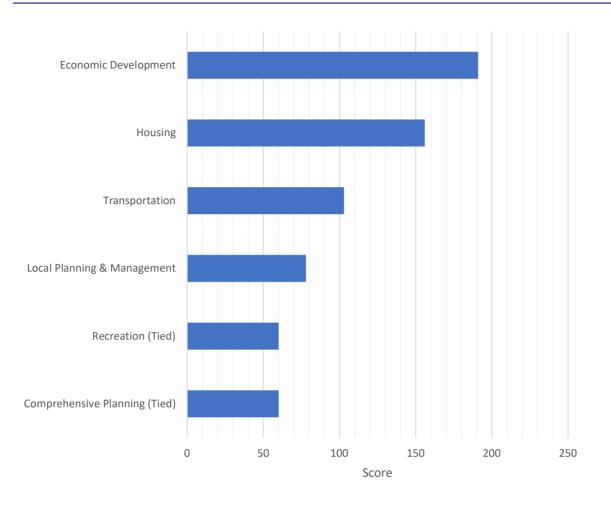


FIGURE 46: REGIONAL PRIORITIES | SOURCE: 2020 CEDS SURVEY

The graph above displays the top five priorities of the 2020 SICOG CEDS survey respondents. The total number of respondents for this survey was just under 60. The scores were calculated in the following way:

The first priority of a respondent was given a score of five, the second priority was given a score of four, the third priority was given a score of three, the fourth priority was given a score of two, and the fifth priority was given a score of one.

Economic Development, Housing, and *Transportation* finished first, second, and third respectively. They were followed by *Local Planning & Management* then *Recreation* and *Comprehensive Planning* tied for fifth. This ranking is not unexpected as the only priority that is new to the top five is *Comprehensive Planning*. All other categories were in the top five in the previous year and the top four have been in those positions for the last five years with some switching in the past two years.

STRATEGIC DIRECTION/ACTION PLAN



STRATEGIC DIRECTION

VISION

The mission of SICOG is to provide and coordinate community and economic development services primarily through the delivery of planning services, technical program assistance, grant writing, and grant administration to assist local governments and others in their efforts to improve the social and economic well-being of its eight-county service area.

The goals of SICOG are to:

Promote community and economic development; Serve as an advocate for the region; Provide a forum for common concerns and issues; Maximize resources; Promote and encourage leadership development; Use the best technologies and practices; and Provide skilled professional staff.

GOALS

Using the SICOG mission statement/goals, the 2020 CEDS survey, and various statistics, the following prioritized goals were established for the 2020 SICOG Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy:

Improve and maintain the quality of life for residents in the region Improve economic resilience Promote regional collaboration Improve environmental resilience

ACTION PLAN

KEY:

SCHEDULES

Ongoing: A continuing effort that occurs throughout the life of this strategy Short: Start and finish within one or two years of adoption Medium: Start and finish within five years of adoption Long: Start within five years but finish after five years

ACRONYMS

ATURA: Regional Planning Affiliation (RPA 14) serving the counties of Adair, Taylor, Union, **Ringgold**, and Adams **CIRTPA:** Central Iowa Regional Transportation Affiliate CVTPA: Chariton Valley Transportation Planning Affiliation serving the counties of Appanoose, Clarke, Davis, Decatur, Lucas, Monroe, and Wayne HUD: United States Department of Housing and Urban Development **IDOT:** Iowa Department of Transportation **IDNR:** Iowa Department of Natural Resources IEDA: Iowa Economic Development Authority IDALS: Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship IFA: Iowa Finance Authority IWD: Iowa Workforce Development MATURA: Designated Community Action Agency for the counties of Madison, Adams, Taylor, Union, Ringgold, and Adair NRCS: Natural Resources Conservation Service RC & D: Resource Conservation and Development SCICAP: Designated Community Action Agency for the counties of Clarke, Decatur, Lucas, Monroe, and Wayne in South Central Iowa SICOG: Southern Iowa Council of Governments SIRHA: Southern Iowa Regional Housing Authority SIRWA: Southern Iowa Regional Water Authority SIT: Southern Iowa Trolley SWCC: Southwestern Community College US EDA: United State Economic Development Administration USDA: United States Department of Agriculture

GOAL 1: IMPROVE AND MAINTAIN THE QUALITY OF LIFE FOR RESIDENTS IN THE REGION

Quality of life can have many different definitions and can include a variety of quantitative and qualitative factors. Lexico defines quality of life as *the standard of health, comfort, and happiness experience by an individual or group.* These three broad components (health, comfort, and happiness) can be heavily influenced by the actions of all levels of government (local, state, federal). Improving and maintaining these components can very positively impact the economic development potential of a region by creating desirable living conditions for residents. Therefore, the following are objectives in the goal of improving and maintaining the quality of life for residents in the region:

Improve regional transportation assets; Improve and expand regional recreational assets; and Improve the regional housing stock.

OBJECTIVE 1: IMPROVE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION ASSETS

Actions	Partner(s)	Schedule
Explore and implement transportation enhancement/improvement projects	Citizer Counting, SICOC, ATURA, CIRTRA,	Medium
Explore and implement multi-modal transportation projects	Cities; Counties; SICOG; ATURA; CIRTPA; CVTPA; IDOT; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce	Long
Explore and implement streetscaping projects		Long

OBJECTIVE 2: IMPROVE AND EXPAND REGIONAL RECREATIONAL ASSETS

Actions	Partner(s)	Schedule
Identify and evaluate key recreational assets		Medium
Create and implement regional recreation plans	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce	Long
Promote and assist the development of individual recreational asset plans		Ongoing

OBJECTIVE 3: IMPROVE THE REGIONAL HOUSING STOCK

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Evaluate housing conditions in cities and counties		Short
Apply for and administer housing grants	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce; IEDA, IFA, USDA	Medium
Expand regional development capacity, including builders, financing, and investors		Medium
Market, evaluate, and expand the services of the Southern Iowa COG Housing Trust Fund	SICOG	Ongoing
Market the services of the Southern Iowa Development Group	SICOG	Ongoing

GOAL 2: IMPROVE REGIONAL ECONOMIC RESILIENCE

Economic resilience in a system, such as a regional economy, can be defined in two ways. The first of which is *the ability of a system to withstand external shocks to and return to its equilibrium.* The second definition is *the ability of a system to suffer an external shock and adapt to a new equilibrium.* The first definition is more appropriate for static systems with fewer dynamic components. The second definition is more appropriate for a system with almost unlimited dynamic components, such as a regional economy. Therefore, the following are objectives in the goal of improving regional economic resilience:

Support and strengthen existing businesses; Facilitate an environment that is inviting to new businesses; Encourage diversification of the regional industrial mix; Support projects that have potential to capitalize on competitive advantages of the region; Develop an educational/training system that supports the regional economy; and Take advantage of the Opportunity Zones in the region.

OBJECTIVE 1: SUPPORT AND STRENGTHEN EXISTING BUSINESSES

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Develop an outreach program targeting regional industries to assess the current and future needs of businesses including ownership transition	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce; Local Business Owners/Operators; IWD	Medium
Conduct trade leakage studies	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce; IWD	Long
Market, evaluate, and expand the services of Southern Iowa Development Group	SICOG	Ongoing

OBJECTIVE 2: FACILITATE AN ENVIRONMENT THAT IS INVITING TO NEW BUSINESSES

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Support institutions, programs, and	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development	
initiatives that encourage new business	Corporations; Chambers of Commerce;	Ongoing
development	Local Business Owners/Operators; IWD	
Provide technical assistance to		
regarding tax and zoning codes that	Citize Counting SICOC: Development	Ongoing
encourage new business development	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development	
Enhance quality of life factors in the	Corporations; Chambers of Commerce	Ongoing
region		Ongoing

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Identify resources to support industry clusters and research emerging industry trends	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce; IEDA; IWD	Short
Improve access to small business development resources and incubators		Medium
Conduct market studies to identify business opportunities		Long
Identify and pursue grant funding to support entrepreneurial development		Ongoing
Encourage public-private partnerships to identify business opportunities		Ongoing

OBJECTIVE 3: ENCOURAGE DIVERSIFICATION OF THE REGIONAL INDUSTRIAL MIX

OBJECTIVE 4: SUPPORT PROJECTS THAT HAVE POTENTIAL TO CAPITALIZE ON COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES OF THE REGION

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Identify and evaluate specific current advantages of the region economically, socially, and environmentally	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce; Local Business Owners/Operators; IDNR	Short
Promote and support the formation of industry clusters within developed and emerging industries	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development	Ongoing
Promote and support projects which support resource-based industries in the region	Corporations; Chambers of Commerce; Local Business Owners/Operators	Ongoing
Promote and support a regional trail system	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce;	Ongoing
Promote and support natural resource protection	IDNR	Ongoing

Action Items	Responsibility	Schedule
Evaluate the regional economy to determine workforce needs	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce; IEDA; IWD; SWCC; Local School Districts	Short
Develop a curriculum that supports the regional economy		Long
Develop an internship/apprenticeship program for local students		Long
Research emerging industry trends and related workforce needs		Ongoing
Research and pursue grant opportunities to fund workforce development		Ongoing

OBJECTIVE 5: DEVELOP AN EDUCATIONAL/TRAINING SYSTEM THAT SUPPORTS THE REGIONAL ECONOMY

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Develop a regional prospectus to market Opportunity Zones	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce; Local Business Owners/Operators; US EDA; HUD; IEDA	Short
Increase regional knowledge of the functionality of Opportunity Zones in the region		Ongoing
Develop partnerships to utilize Opportunity Zones		Ongoing
Assist communities in management of their Opportunity Zone		Ongoing

OBJECTIVE 6: TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE OPPORTUNITY ZONES IN THE REGION

GOAL 3: PROMOTE AND IMPROVE REGIONAL COLLABORATION

Regional collaboration can be defined as *the coordination and collective work of people, public institutions, and private organizations of multiple disciplines and adjacent or surrounding geographic jurisdictions.* In this case, the counties and cities of the SICOG region are the adjacent geographic jurisdictions. The importance of collaboration within the region is best understood as an issue of limited resources. A naturally unequal distribution of resources occurs in economies due to various reasons, population loss and migration being two of them, resulting in shortages of all types of resources in small towns, which are the dominant urban form in the SICOG region. Regional collaboration is the way resource shortages can be mitigated and neutralized to allow for economic growth and development. Therefore, the following are objectives in the goal of promoting and improving regional collaboration.

Improve communication between municipalities; Encourage a regional perspective through plans; Develop regional data and information resources; Effectively and efficiently connect local governments with outside resources; and Increase the public knowledge of SICOG services.

OBJECTIVE 1: IMPROVE COMMUNICATION BETWEEN MUNICIPALITIES

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Identify potential linkages between communities	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development	Short
Maintain a regional directory of communities and resources	Corporations; Chambers of Commerce; School Districts; Colleges; SIRWA; SIRHA;	Ongoing
Promote service sharing and equipment sharing between communities	other regional resource	Ongoing

OBJECTIVE 2: ENCOURAGE A REGIONAL PERSPECTIVE THROUGH PLANS

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Write a regional trail plan	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce	Long
Write a regional housing strategy		Long
Research/pursue grants and funding mechanisms for regional plan writing		Ongoing
Include regional perspectives in comprehensive plans	Cities; Counties; SICOG	Ongoing

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Market outside funding sources through various medias	SICOG	Ongoing
Attend meetings and trainings regarding outside funding sources	State and Federal funding agencies; State and Federal sources of public	Ongoing
Include regional perspectives into funding proposals	assistance; Regional special purpose agencies and entities; Institutions of	Ongoing
Utilize outside funding sources for projects in the region as needed	higher education; Professional services providers	Ongoing

OBJECTIVE 4: DEVELOP REGIONAL DATA AND INFORMATION RESOURCES

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Identify and evaluate the most important data to maintain	SICOG	Short
Identify and evaluate the most effective means of distribution		Short
Implement a data update cycle		Ongoing

OBJECTIVE 5: INCREASE THE PUBLIC KNOWLEDGE OF SICOG SERVICES

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Identify the most valuable services available to the public through SICOG	SICOG	Short
Identify and implement the most effective means of distribution		Short

GOAL 4: IMPROVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESILIENCE

The environment, like an economy, is a system that is so vast that there are aspects that are still not understood. It can be defined in the same two ways as economic resilience: (1) *the ability of a system to withstand external shocks to and return to its equilibrium* and (2) *the ability of a system to suffer an external shock and adapt to a new equilibrium*. Different from an economic system, an ideal environmental system should not be forced to adapt drastically due to the impact of human society. When an environmental system is forced to do so, it is often to the detriment of human society. Preventing environmental resilience is in the best interest of the region. Therefore, the following are objectives in the goal of improving environmental resilience

Conduct and participate in hazard mitigation planning; Improve environmental sustainability of regional transportation systems; Improve environmental sustainability of the regional housing stock; Protect and improve regional water quality; and Encourage efficient and sustainable land use and development patterns.

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Identify environmental hazards	Cities; Counties; SICOG; USDA	Short
Complete Hazard Mitigation Plans for counties and municipalities in the region		Ongoing
Promote hazard mitigation planning		Ongoing
Include hazard mitigation sections in comprehensive plans		Ongoing
Research and pursue grant funding		Ongoing

OBJECTIVE 1: CONDUCT AND PARTICIPATE IN HAZARD MITIGATION PLANNING

OBJECTIVE 2: IMPROVE ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY OF REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Research and pursue funding opportunities for alternative modes of transportation	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce; IDOT; SIT; School Districts	Ongoing
Research and pursue funding opportunities for storm water system improvement projects	Cities; Counties; SICOG; IDOT	Ongoing
Promote and implement sustainable transportation practices		Ongoing

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Explore feasibility (and implement if feasible) of a regional sustainability grant program	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce	Short
Apply for HUD funds for a regional healthy home grant to assist in removal of lead paint, asbestos, mold, and radon from homes	SCOG, SIRWA, MATURA, SCICAP, HUD, County Public Health Departments	Short
Encourage green construction standards in city codes	Cities; Counties; SICOG	Ongoing
Promote and support residential weatherization and energy efficiency programs in the region	Cities; Counties; SICOG; MATURA;	Ongoing
Promote, encourage, and support other sustainability initiatives and programs focused in residential areas	SCICAP	Ongoing

OBJECTIVE 3: IMPROVE ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY OF THE REGIONAL HOUSING STOCK

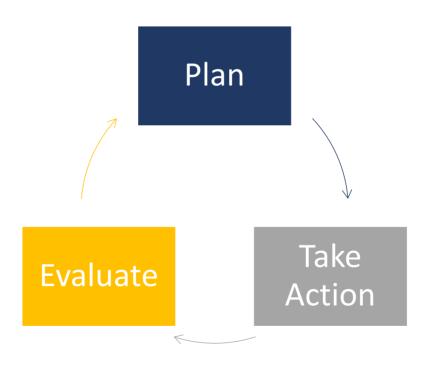
OBJECTIVE 4: PROTECT AND IMPROVE REGIONAL WATER QUALITY

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Evaluate regional water quality and water resource needs	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Soil and Water	Medium
Encourage and conduct regional water resources projects and programs	Conservation Districts; USDA NRCS staff; USDA RC&D staff; SIRWA; IDALS; Iowa State Extension	Ongoing
Include water resource and quality considerations in comprehensive plans	Cities; Counties; SICOG	Ongoing

Action Items	Partner(s)	Schedule
Provide education, training, and assistance to communities related to comprehensive plans and land use policy	Cities; Counties; SICOG	Ongoing
Work with communities as needed on the development of comprehensive plans and zoning ordinances		Ongoing
Research and pursue funding opportunities to demolish and/or redevelop dilapidated structures	Cities; Counties; SICOG; IDNR	Ongoing
Research and pursue funding opportunities for environmentally- friendly land use development	Cities; Counties; SICOG; Development Corporations; Chambers of Commerce	Ongoing

OBJECTIVE 5: ENCOURAGE EFFICIENT AND SUSTAINABLE LAND USE AND DEVELOPMENT PATTERNS

EVALUATION FRAMEWORK



PURPOSE

The 2020 SICOG Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy is meant to be an in-depth analysis of the regional strengths, weakness, opportunities, threats, and priorities using statistics, public perception, and local knowledge. Additionally, it is meant to offer goals, objectives, actions, and strategies to increase regional economic resilience. It is important to utilize measurable performance metrics to keep track of the progress made and the effectiveness of the goals and objectives of this plan. The purpose of this section is to establish and evaluation framework that will be used to measure effectiveness of and allow adjustment to the strategy.

As stated in previous sections, the major goals of this CEDS, in no particular order, are to:

Improve and maintain the quality of life for residents in the region; Improve economic resilience; Promote regional collaboration; and Improve environmental resilience.

MEASURES

The following measures will be utilized to understand the effectiveness of these goals and are included in the annual update.

GENERAL STATISTICS

Population Unemployment rate Total labor force Average commute time Educational attainment Real GDP Median household income Total wages Total regional farm earnings Housing values Agricultural land values

SICOG STATISTICS

of projects utilizing the benefits of the Opportunity Zone# of streetscaping projects planned and/or completed# of multi-modal transportation projects in progress or completed

of regional plans/projects in progress or completed
of recreation-related projects in progress or completed
of housing projects in progress or completed
of Housing Trust Fund projects completed
of hazard mitigation projects in progress or completed
of comprehensive plans in progress or completed
of strategic plans in progress or completed
of urban renewal or revitalization plans/projects in progress or completed
of SIDG revolving loan fund projects in progress or completed
of storm water-related projects in progress or completed
of storm water-related projects in progress or completed

TOOLS AND SOURCES TO BE UTILIZED

US Census Bureau US Bureau of Labor Statistics US Bureau of Economic Analysis Iowa Workforce Development Iowa State University Center for Agricultural and Rural Development An annual SICOG survey

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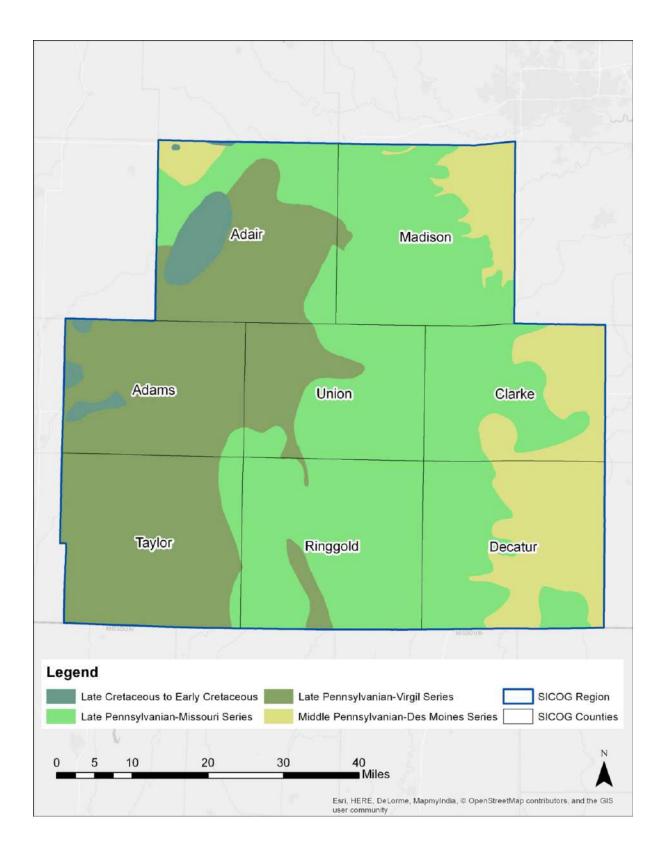


FIGURE A. GEOLOGIC AGE | SOURCE: UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

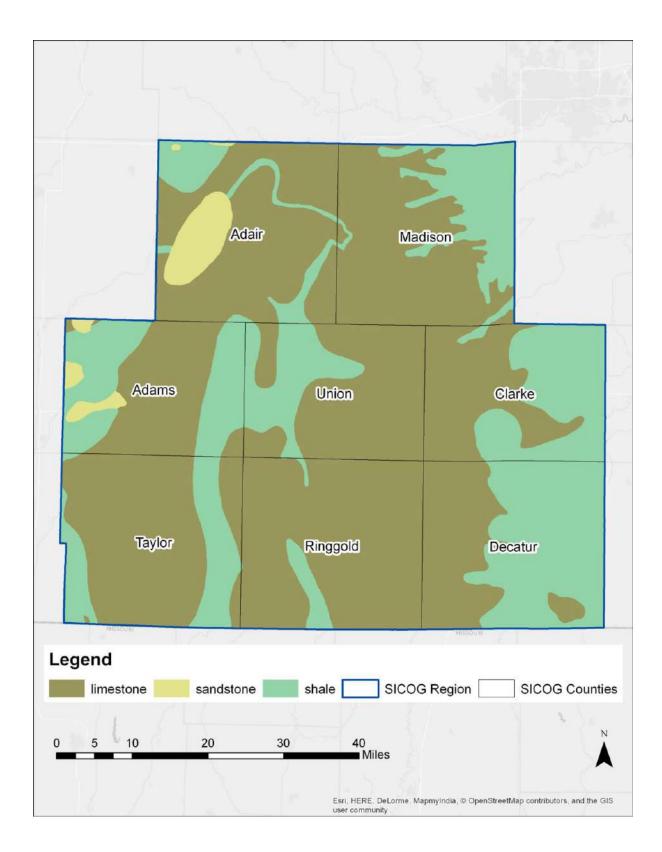


FIGURE B. PREDOMINANT ROCK TYPE | SOURCE: UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

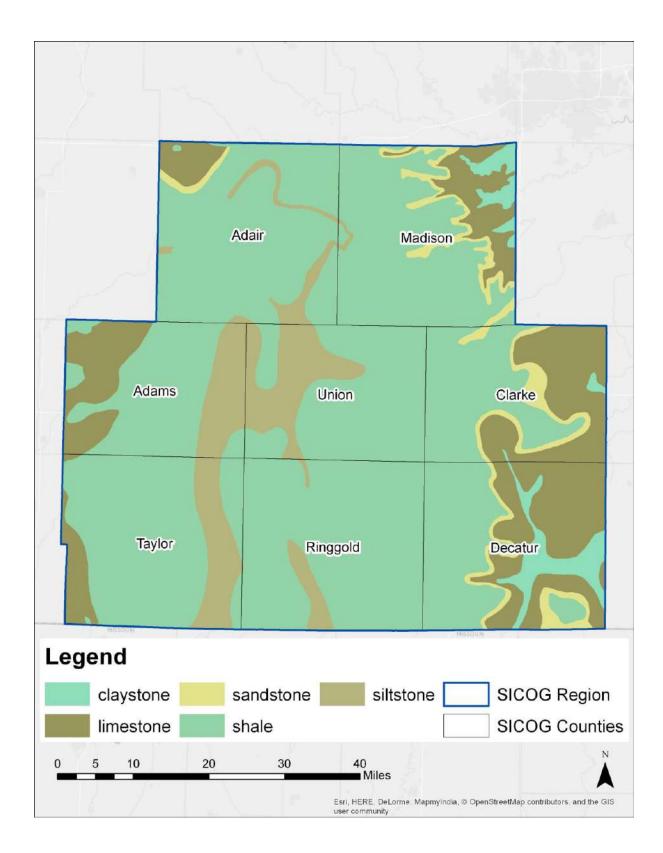


FIGURE C. 2ND PREDOMINANT ROCK TYPE | SOURCE: UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

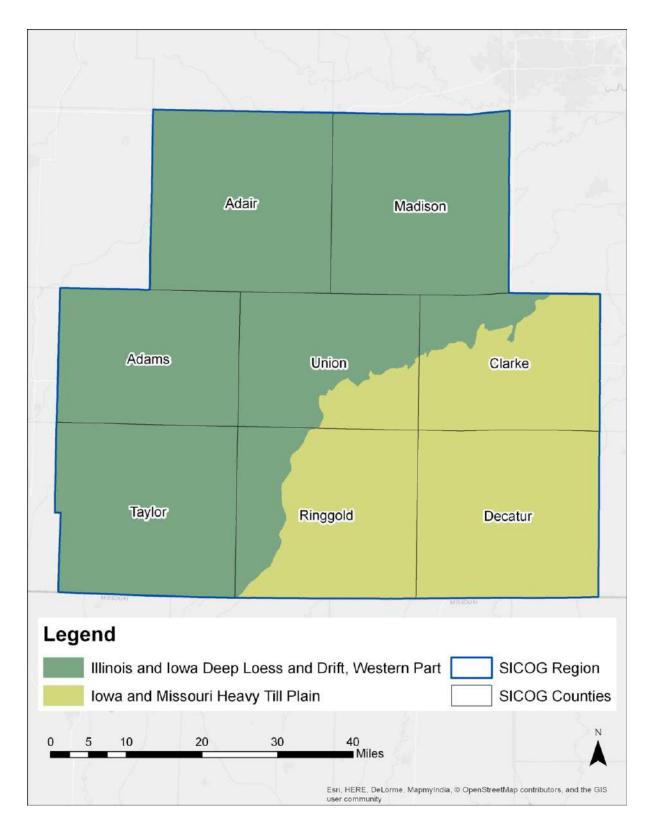


FIGURE D. MAJOR LAND RESOURCE AREAS | SOURCE: UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - NATIONAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

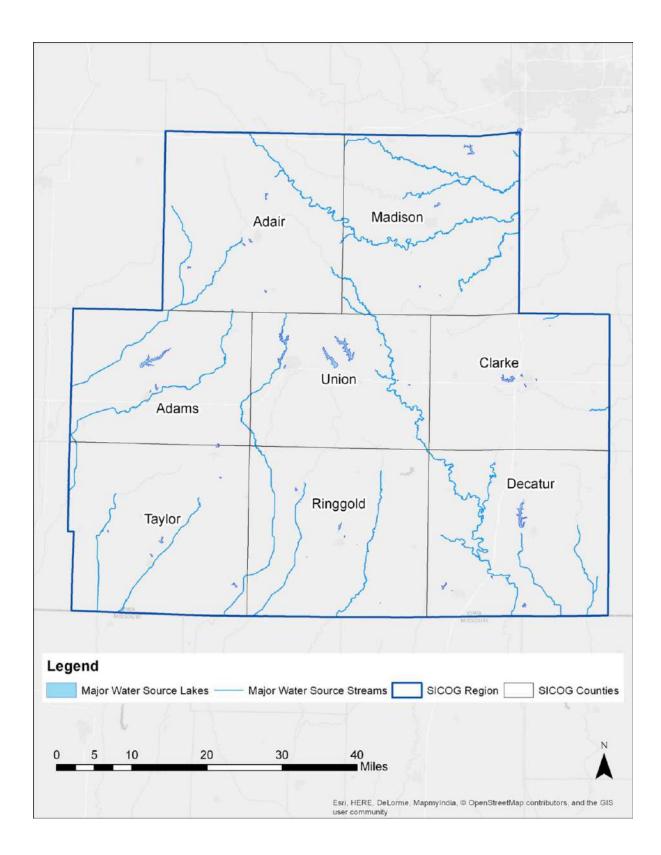


FIGURE E. MAJOR WATER SOURCE LAKES AND STREAMS | SOURCE: IOWA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

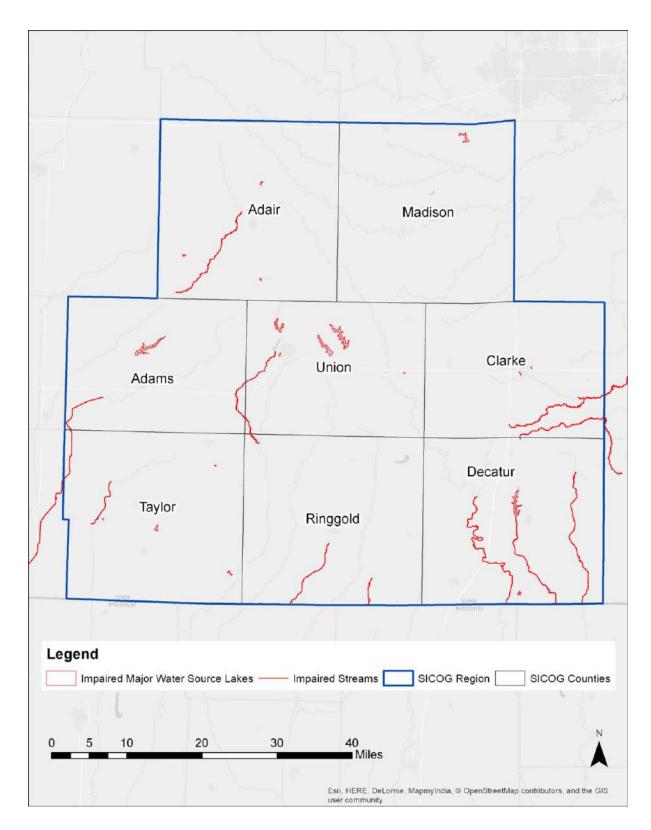


FIGURE F. IMPAIRED MAJOR WATER SOURCE LAKES AND IMPAIRED STREAMS | SOURCE: IOWA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

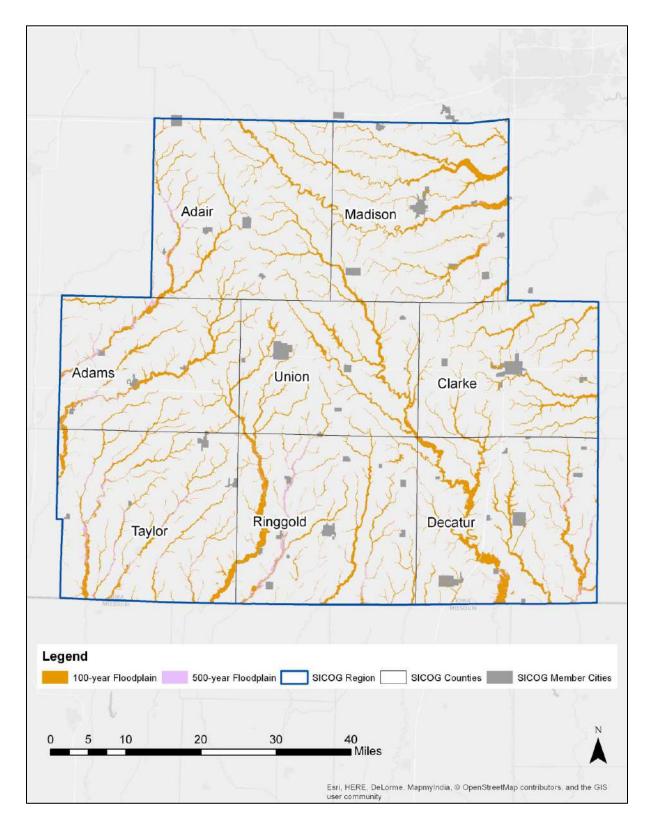


FIGURE G. 100-YEAR AND 500-YEAR FLOODPLAINS | SOURCE: IOWA DNR AND THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

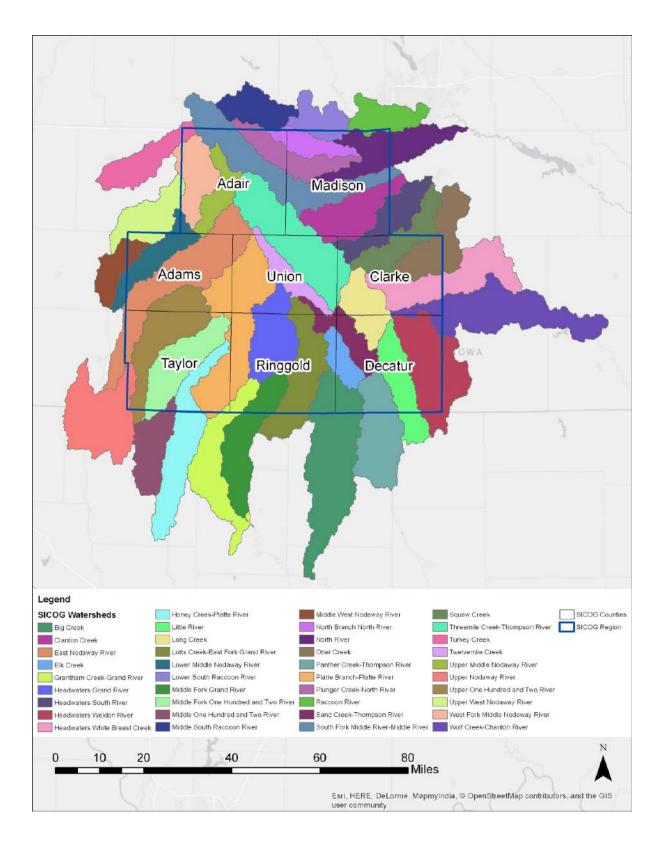


FIGURE H. WATERSHEDS | SOURCE: UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE – NATIONAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

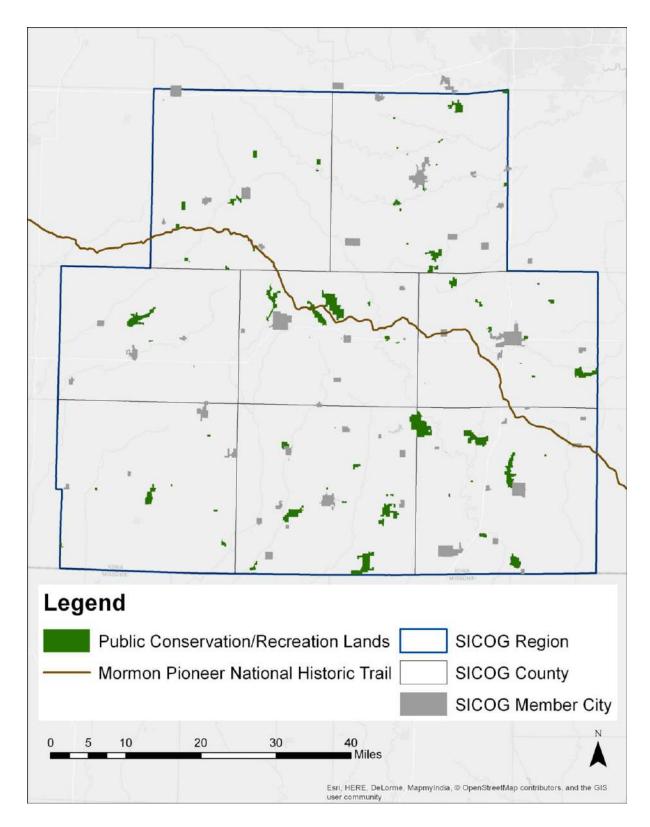


FIGURE I. PUBLIC CONSERVATION AND RECREATION LANDS & MORMON PIONEER NATIONAL HISTORIC TRAIL | SOURCE: IOWA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

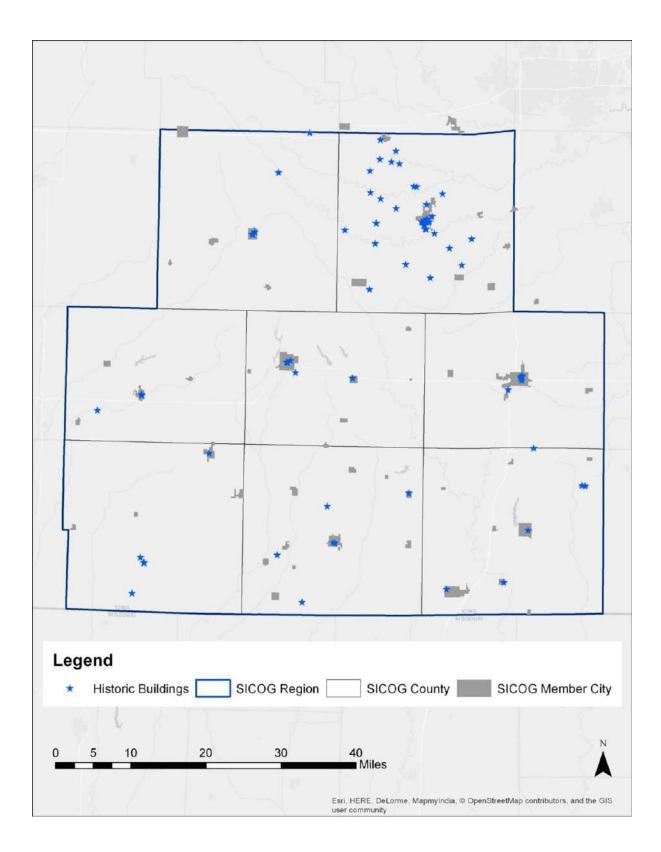


FIGURE J. HISTORIC BUILDINGS | SOURCE: NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

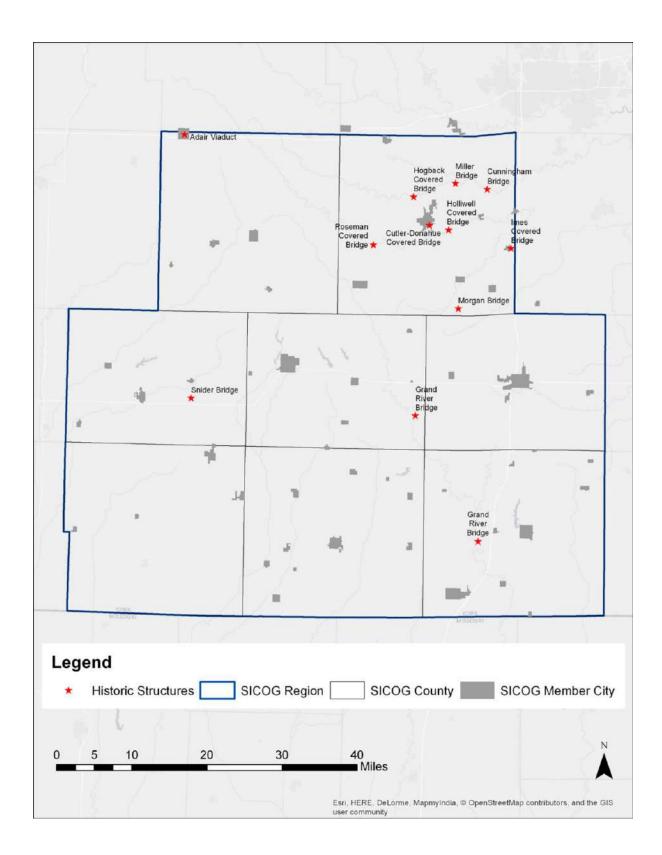


FIGURE K. HISTORIC STRUCTURES | SOURCE: NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Title	Phone:	E-Mail
		ank these priorities from 1 to 10, with 1 being the most important
		one #1, one #2, etc. Below each priority/ category are examples of
	(<u>asicog.com</u>) or by phone (641-78)	bmitted a survey last year, you may request a digital version of t
responses by email (<u>burzene</u>		PRIORITIES SURVEY
Economic Develo	pment	Sewer
Retail		Expansion
Industrial		New Collection Systems
Job Creation and	Retention	Maintenance
Housing	_	Recreation
New Developme	ent	Parks/Campgrounds/Trails
Rehabilitation		Playgrounds/Aquatic Centers
Down Payment		
Site Development	nt (Infrastructure)	Energy
		Conservation
Local Planning &	z Management	New Sources
Fiscal Grant Programs	for Projects	Solid Waste
Development G		Landfills
Tax Increment F	Tinancing (TIF)	DNR Comprehensive Plans
Urban Renewal	Plans (URP)	Waste Management
Geographic Info	rmation Systems Services (G	(IS) Recycling
Geographie inte		Collection
Water Resources		
New Sources	-	Social Services
Rural Water	•	Network of Services
Expansion of Co	ommunity Utility	Availability of Services
Comprehensive I	Planning	Elderly
Comprehensive	Plans	Services
	pital Improvements Plans	Assisted Living
Zoning & Subdi	vision Ordinances	Congregate Meal Sites
		Transit
Rural Health		Facilities for Activities
Recruitment		
New Clinics		Youth
Retain Current N		Youth Programs
	wareness Programs	Program Funding
Treatment Progr	ams	Facilities for Activities
Community Serv	ices	Transportation
Community Fac		Highways, Bridges and Roads
Community Pro		Transit
Funding Resour		Trails or Bike/Pedestrian facilities
Historical Preser	vation	Safety improvements
Value-added Agr	iculture	
Raw-product Pro		
	h & Development	
I foddet ftebedie		
New Crops/Loca		

City Name

2020 (Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities & Threats) SWOT Analysis

The SWOT analysis is an excellent tool for organizing information, presenting solutions, identifying roadblocks and emphasizing opportunities. SWOT is meant to be used during the initial stages of strategic planning. It acts as a precursor to any sort of action, which makes it appropriate for the following:

- Exploring avenues for new initiatives
- Making decisions about execution of new strategies
- Identifying possible areas for change in a program
- Refining and redirecting efforts mid-plan

Please review the following SWOT categories and check the box for any statements that you **STRONGLY AGREE** with. Feel free to add other statements that you **STRONGLY AGREE** with also.

#1 **STRENGTHS:** Things that make your city better or more livable than communities located elsewhere in the country or characteristics of your city, its people or businesses that give it an advantage over others. (Describe things internal to your city – physical, financial, or human resources and experience readily available.)

What STRENGTHS best describe your city or our region? (Check STRENGTHS that you STRONGLY AGREE with.)

Diversity of jobs – not dependent on just one type of industry
Quality of Life – small town friendliness (you know your neighbors and they help each other)
Natural resources attract outsiders (lakes, hunting, camping, etc.)
Quality educational facilities
Low housing costs
Central US geographical location (near I-80 and I-35); proximity to larger markets and access to resource in Des Moines, Omaha & Kansas City
Desirable wind energy location
Agriculture related industry jobs and resources
Safe place to live

#2 WEAKNESSES: Things that make your city weaker, less desirable or less livable than communities located elsewhere in the country or characteristics of your city, its people or businesses that place the region or its businesses at a disadvantage relative to others. (Describe things internal to your City – human, physical or financial resources.)

What WEAKNESSES best describe your city or our region? (Check WEAKNESSES that you **STRONGLY AGREE** with.)

Low wages do not retain young workers in the area; Brain drain
Relative lack of skilled and "middle skill" workers
Older, poorly maintained housing stock; Lack of newer, quality, affordable housing
Lack of public administration capacity
High rate of poverty
Limited entertainment and activities for young people
Aging residents & population declining
High property taxes
High cost of water/sewer utilities
Lack of funding to maintain existing infrastructure or to build new infrastructure
Resistance to change and new decision-makers
Aging professionals and business owners resulting in business closures

#3 OPPORTUNITIES: This focuses on the opportunities that your city or our region and its businesses could exploit to their advantage or opportunities created by outside forces that may be seized upon. (i.e. Economic trends, new technology, or demographics.)

What OPPORTUNITIES might our region be able to develop to its advantage? (Check OPPORTUNITIES that you STRONGLY AGREE with.)

Business expansion in the healthcare or elder care services industries due to aging population
Work together with other counties, cities or organizations – encourage regionalism/economy of scale
Expansion of "new agriculture" crop production and value-added agricultural products
Expand natural resource tourism (hunting, fishing, camping, sightseeing, etc.)
Expand or create cluster of alternative/wind energy related manufacturing or services
Attract applicants for skilled, high-paying jobs that already exist here
Promote mid-level job training & vocational training opportunities
Develop agriculture related technical jobs that utilize agriculture culture & knowledge
Work with schools, counselors, and parents on variety7 of student career paths that will fill jobs in the future
Take advantage of proximity to Des Moines, Omaha & Kansas City
Small businesses with aging proprietors create opportunities for young entrepreneurs; Succession planning

#4 THREATS: Negative events or situations over which your city has little control. (i.e. political, demographic, or economic factors.)

What THREATS are your city or the region facing? (Check THREATS that you STRONGLY AGREE with.)

Geographical location (not on a coast with convenient access to international shipping)
Young workforce leaving for higher paying jobs in cities (population loss & brain drain)
Insufficient water resources
Retail & entertainment centers outside the region pull people and their dollars away
Unfunded mandates and changes in tax base and tax law that are detrimental to local government
Decline in grant resources that were once more abundant

Short, Medium & Long-Range Projects 2020 Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS)

DIRECTIONS: This should not be a "wish list". This is an inventory of prioritized projects, programs, or policies that you actually believe your city is likely to undertake and the timeframe in which they will be implemented.

Organize projects, programs, and policies that your Council anticipates implementing over the next ten years.

Short-range -- Implemented during the next year.

Medium-range -- Implemented within two to five years

Long-range -- Implemented five or more years from now

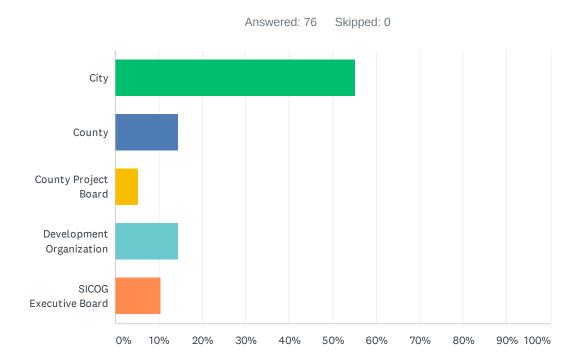
Prioritize. Which short-term project is considered your number one priority? Your number two priority? Your number three priority, etc.? Determine the same for the medium and long-range projects.

The purpose of this request is to develop a comprehensive inventory of projects from throughout the region. When complete, this information will provide an overview of projects planned throughout the region and will assist SICOG in better serving your needs.

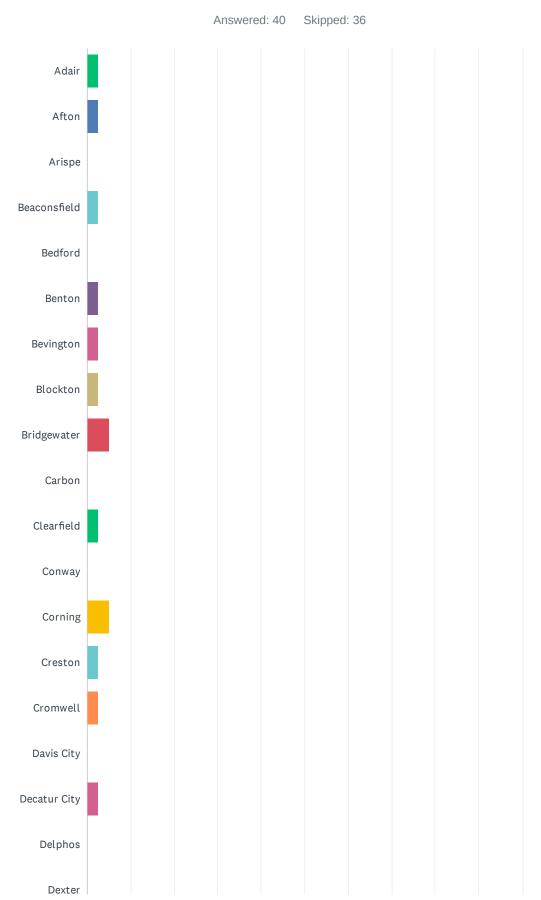
Briefly describe each project planned by your City. Identify the Priority Category that you believe it best falls under. A list of **priority categories** from which to choose is shown at the bottom of this page. Use the option "I do not know" if uncertain under which priority category a project best falls and we will categorize it for you. If you submitted a survey last year, you may request a digital version of the responses by email (burzette@sicog.com) or by phone (641-782-8491).

SHORT-RANGE PROJECTS (within the next year) 1.	Priority Category 1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
5. MEDIUM-RANGE PROJECTS (two to five years from now) 1.	5. Priority Category 1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
5.LONG-RANGE PROJECTS (more than five years from now)1.	5. Priority Category 1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
5.	5.

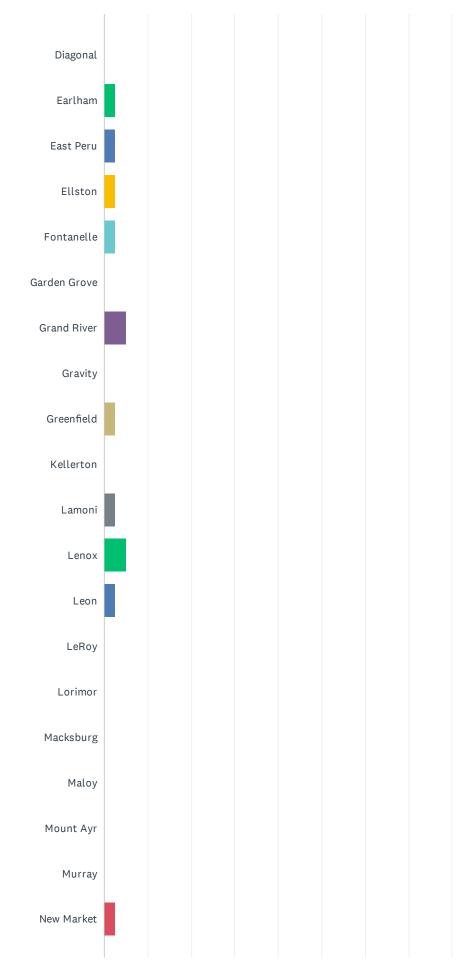
Q1 What type of organization/entity are you a part of for this survey entry?

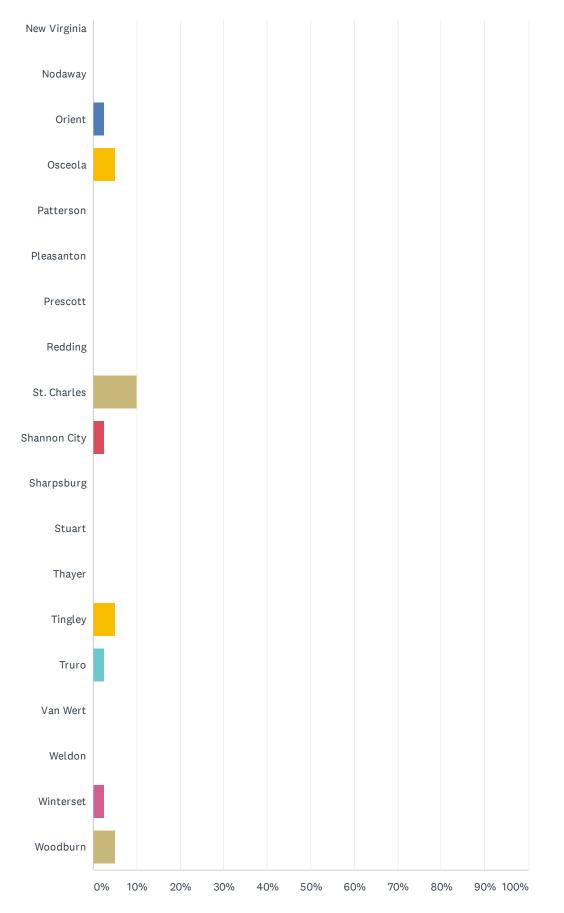


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
City	55.26%	42
County	14.47%	11
County Project Board	5.26%	4
Development Organization	14.47%	11
SICOG Executive Board	10.53%	8
TOTAL		76



Q2 Use the drop down menu below to select your City.





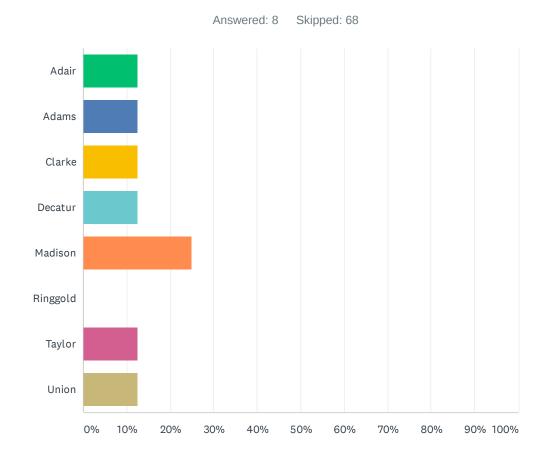
2020 SICOG CEDS - Survey

ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Adair	2.50%	1
Afton	2.50%	1
Arispe	0.00%	0
Beaconsfield	2.50%	1
Bedford	0.00%	0
Benton	2.50%	1
Bevington	2.50%	1
Blockton	2.50%	1
Bridgewater	5.00%	2
Carbon	0.00%	0
Clearfield	2.50%	1
Conway	0.00%	0
Corning	5.00%	2
Creston	2.50%	1
Cromwell	2.50%	1
Davis City	0.00%	0
Decatur City	2.50%	1
Delphos	0.00%	0
Dexter	0.00%	0
Diagonal	0.00%	0
Earlham	2.50%	1
East Peru	2.50%	1
Ellston	2.50%	1
Fontanelle	2.50%	1
Garden Grove	0.00%	0
Grand River	5.00%	2
Gravity	0.00%	0
Greenfield	2.50%	1
Kellerton	0.00%	0
Lamoni	2.50%	1
Lenox	5.00%	2
Leon	2.50%	1

2020 SICOG CEDS - Survey

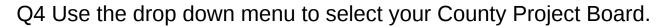
SurveyMonkey

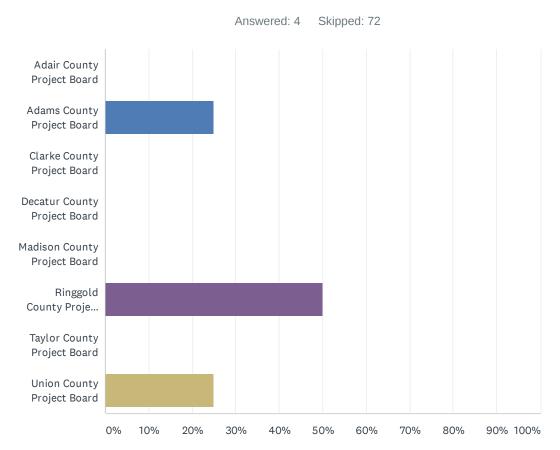
LeRoy Lorimor	0.00%	0 0
Macksburg	0.00%	0
Maloy	0.00%	0
Mount Ayr	0.00%	0
Murray	0.00%	0
New Market	2.50%	1
New Virginia	0.00%	0
Nodaway	0.00%	0
Orient	2.50%	1
Osceola	5.00%	2
Patterson	0.00%	0
Pleasanton	0.00%	0
Prescott	0.00%	0
Redding	0.00%	0
St. Charles	10.00%	4
Shannon City	2.50%	1
Sharpsburg	0.00%	0
Stuart	0.00%	0
Thayer	0.00%	0
Tingley	5.00%	2
Truro	2.50%	1
Van Wert	0.00%	0
Weldon	0.00%	0
Winterset	2.50%	1
Woodburn	5.00%	2
TOTAL		40



Q3 Use the drop down menu below to select your County.

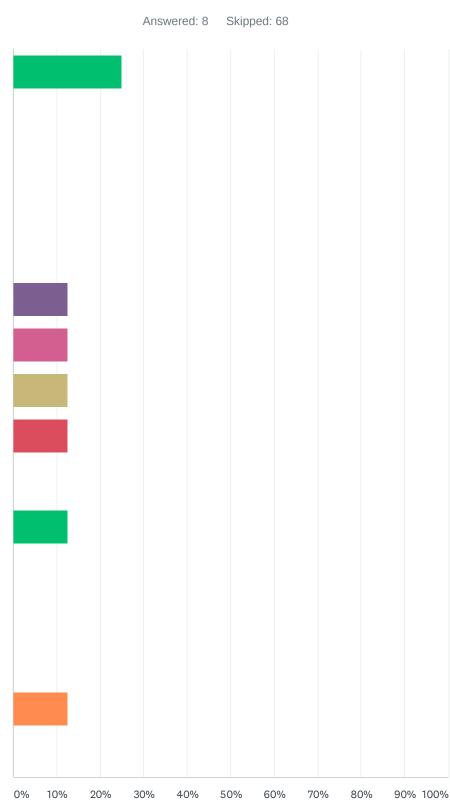
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Adair	12.50%	1
Adams	12.50%	1
Clarke	12.50%	1
Decatur	12.50%	1
Madison	25.00%	2
Ringgold	0.00%	0
Taylor	12.50%	1
Union	12.50%	1
TOTAL		8





ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Adair County Project Board	0.00%	0
Adams County Project Board	25.00%	1
Clarke County Project Board	0.00%	0
Decatur County Project Board	0.00%	0
Madison County Project Board	0.00%	0
Ringgold County Project Board	50.00%	2
Taylor County Project Board	0.00%	0
Union County Project Board	25.00%	1
TOTAL		4

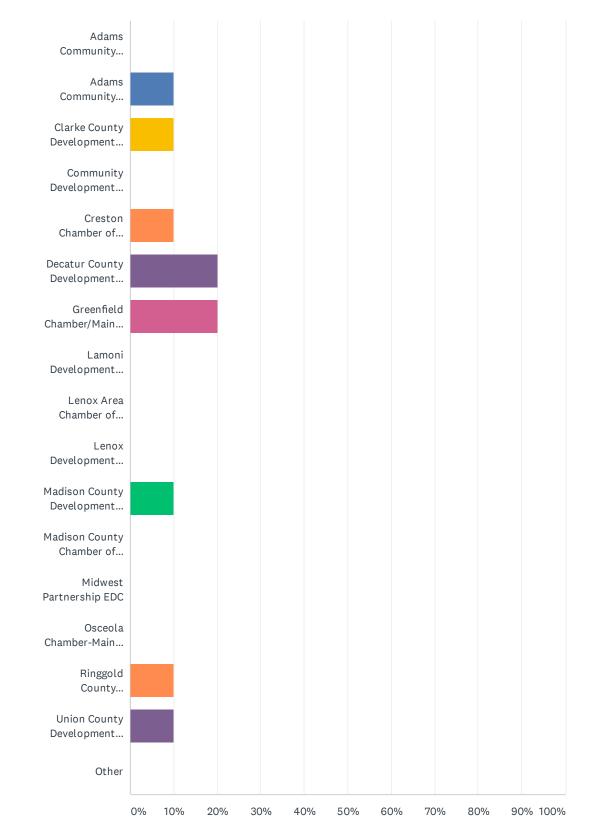
Q5 Use the drop down menu to select your name



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
	25.00%	2
	0.00%	0
	0.00%	0
-	0.00%	0
	0.00%	0
	12.50%	1
	12.50%	1
	12.50%	1
	12.50%	1
	0.00%	0
	12.50%	1
	0.00%	0
	0.00%	0
	0.00%	0
	12.50%	1
	0.00%	0
TOTAL		8

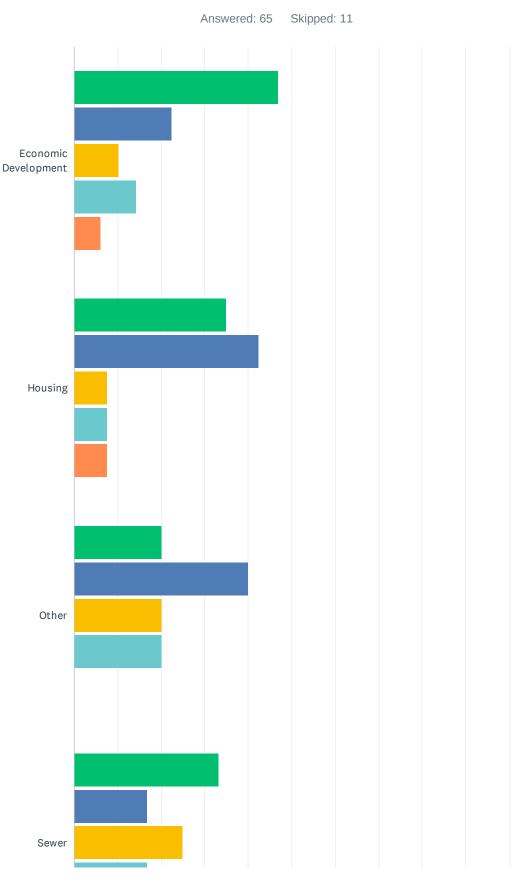
Q6 Use the drop down menu to select your Development Organization/Corporation

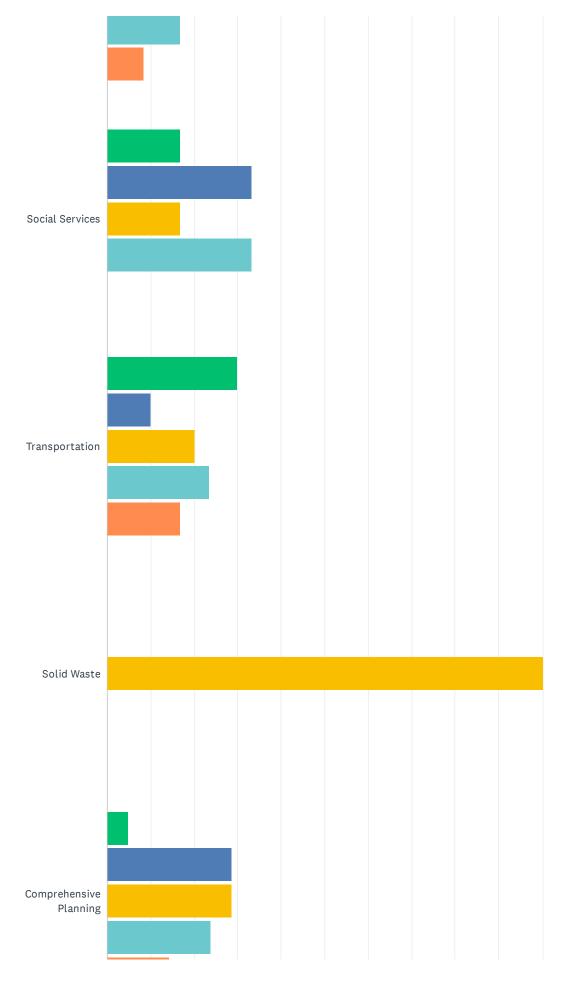
Answered: 10 Skipped: 66

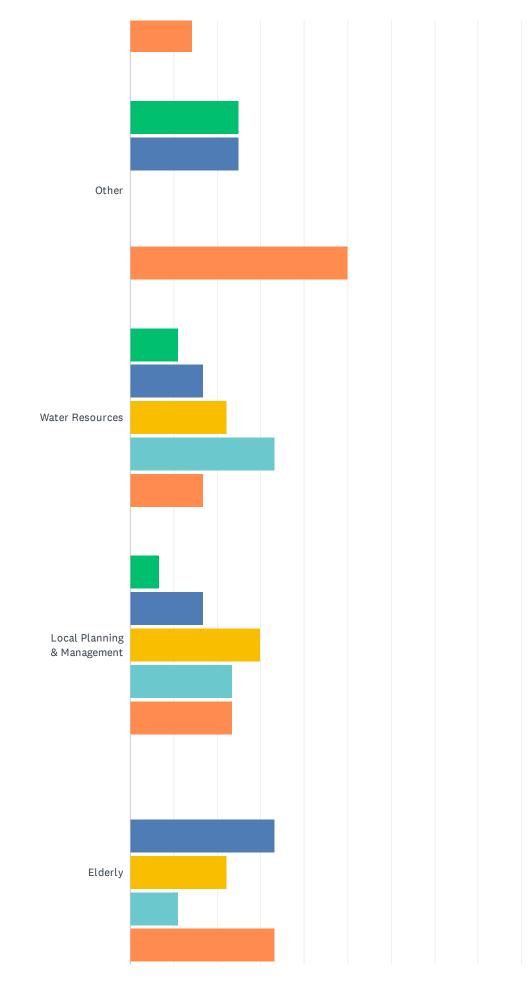


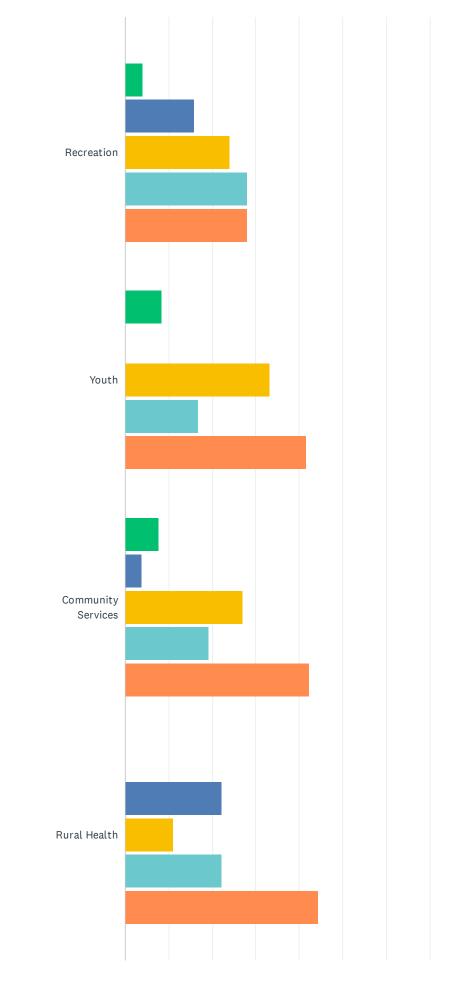
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Adams Community Chamber/Main Street	0.00%	0
Adams Community Economic Development Corporation	10.00%	1
Clarke County Development Corporation	10.00%	1
Community Development Corporation of Greenfield	0.00%	0
Creston Chamber of Commerce	10.00%	1
Decatur County Development Corporation	20.00%	2
Greenfield Chamber/Main Street	20.00%	2
Lamoni Development Corporation	0.00%	0
Lenox Area Chamber of Commerce	0.00%	0
Lenox Development Corporation	0.00%	0
Madison County Development Group	10.00%	1
Madison County Chamber of Commerce	0.00%	0
Midwest Partnership EDC	0.00%	0
Osceola Chamber-Main Street	0.00%	0
Ringgold County Development & Tourism	10.00%	1
Union County Development Association	10.00%	1
Other	0.00%	0
TOTAL		10

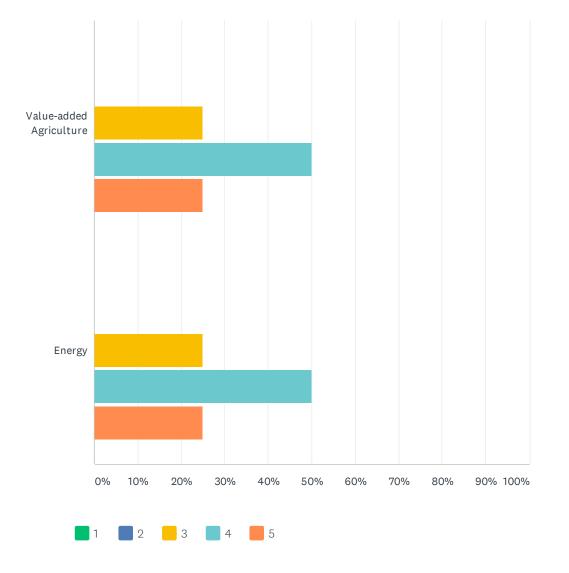
Q7 What are your priorities for 2020? (You may need to scroll down at the end of this page in order to click on the NEXT button.)





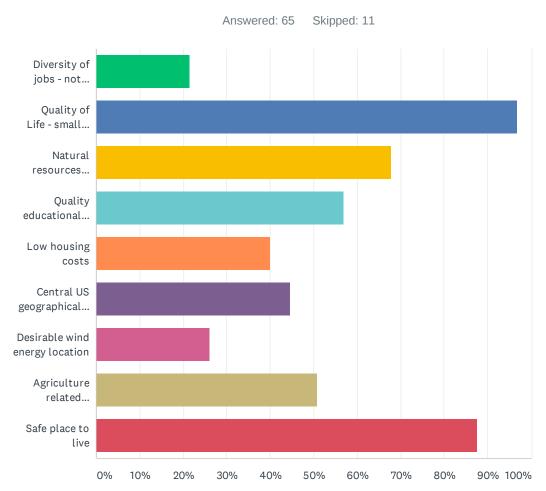






	1	2	3	4	5	TOTAL	WEIGHTED AVERAGE
Economic Development	46.94% 23	22.45% 11	10.20% 5	14.29% 7	6.12% 3	49	2.10
Housing	35.00% 14	42.50% 17	7.50% 3	7.50% 3	7.50% 3	40	2.10
Other	20.00% 1	40.00% 2	20.00% 1	20.00% 1	0.00% 0	5	2.40
Sewer	33.33% 4	16.67% 2	25.00% 3	16.67% 2	8.33% 1	12	2.50
Social Services	16.67% 1	33.33% 2	16.67% 1	33.33% 2	0.00% 0	6	2.67
Transportation	30.00% 9	10.00% 3	20.00% 6	23.33% 7	16.67% 5	30	2.87
Solid Waste	0.00%	0.00% 0	100.00% 2	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	2	3.00
Comprehensive Planning	4.76% 1	28.57% 6	28.57% 6	23.81% 5	14.29% 3	21	3.14
Other	25.00% 1	25.00% 1	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	50.00% 2	4	3.25
Water Resources	11.11%	16.67% 3	22.22% 4	33.33% 6	16.67% 3	18	3.28
Local Planning & Managen	nent 6.67% 2	16.67% 5	30.00% 9	23.33% 7	23.33% 7	30	3.40
Elderly	0.00%	33.33% 3	22.22% 2	11.11% 1	33.33% 3	9	3.44
Recreation	4.00% 1	16.00% 4	24.00% 6	28.00% 7	28.00% 7	25	3.60
Youth	8.33% 1	0.00% 0	33.33% 4	16.67% 2	41.67% 5	12	3.83
Community Services	7.69%	3.85% 1	26.92% 7	19.23% 5	42.31% 11	26	3.85
Rural Health	0.00%	22.22% 2	11.11% 1	22.22% 2	44.44% 4	9	3.89
Value-added Agriculture	0.00%	0.00% 0	25.00% 1	50.00% 2	25.00% 1	4	4.00
Energy	0.00% 0	0.00% 0	25.00% 1	50.00% 2	25.00% 1	4	4.00
# OTHER (PL	EASE SPECIFY)						DATE
1 City populati	on under 30/ no city	office no city	computer				12/16/2019 11:40 AM
2 Water Resou	irces and Sewer						12/9/2019 4:21 PM
3 Streets							12/5/2019 6:50 AM
4 roads							12/3/2019 12:12 PM
5 City clean-up)						11/18/2019 11:55 AM

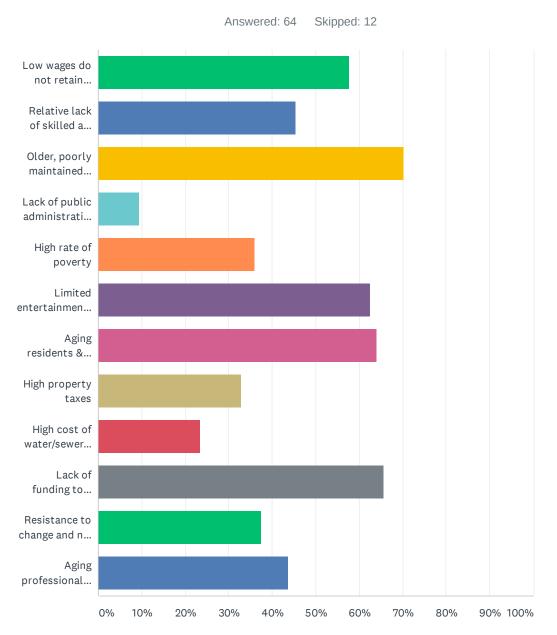
Q8 What STRENGTHS best describe your area? (Check STRENGTHS that you STRONGLY AGREE with.)



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Diversity of jobs - not dependent on just one type of industry	21.54%	14
Quality of Life - small town friendliness (you know your neighbors and they help each other)	96.92%	63
Natural resources attract outsiders (lakes, hunting, camping, etc.)	67.69%	44
Quality educational facilities	56.92%	37
Low housing costs	40.00%	26
Central US geographical location (near I-80 and I-35); Proximity to larger markets & access to resources in Des Moines, Omaha & Kansas City	44.62%	29
Desirable wind energy location	26.15%	17
Agriculture related industry, jobs, and resources	50.77%	33
Safe place to live	87.69%	57
Total Respondents: 65		

#	OTHERS (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	Nice playground, basketball court; museum; church with community garden	12/16/2019 11:41 AM
2	Growing community support for revitalization improvement in water works management/oversight	12/9/2019 4:21 PM
3	Active Volunteer Community	11/6/2019 3:33 PM
4	Philanthropy Volunteerism Leadership Strong Development, City, County relationship	10/18/2019 11:49 AM

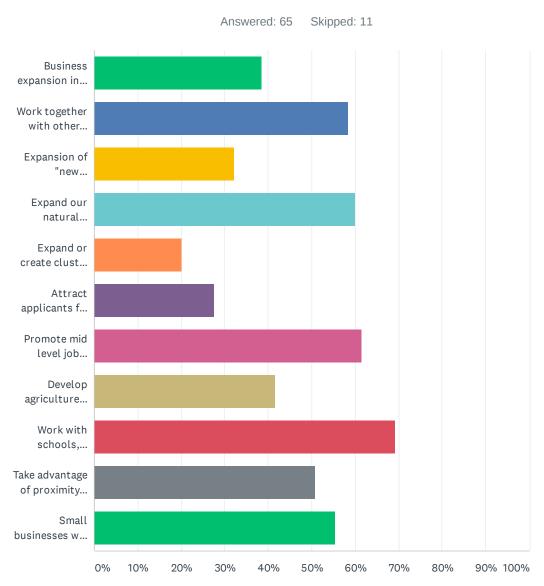
Q9 What WEAKNESSES best describe your area? (Check WEAKNESSES that you STRONGLY AGREE with.)



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Low wages do not retain young workers in the area; Brain drain	57.81%	37
Relative lack of skilled and "middle skills" workforce	45.31%	29
Older, poorly maintained housing stock; Lack of newer, quality affordable housing	70.31%	45
Lack of public administration capacity	9.38%	6
High rate of poverty	35.94%	23
Limited entertainment and activities for young people	62.50%	40
Aging residents & declining population	64.06%	41
High property taxes	32.81%	21
High cost of water/sewer utilities	23.44%	15
Lack of funding to maintain existing infrastructure or to build new infrastructure	65.63%	42
Resistance to change and new decision-makers	37.50%	24
Aging professionals and business owners resulting in business closures	43.75%	28
Total Respondents: 64		

OTHERS (PLEASE SPECIFY) DATE # 1 Town of fewer than 30 people 12/16/2019 11:42 AM 2 Limited Rural Broadband service in some areas 12/11/2019 9:50 AM 3 too many bars; not enough lights and security; need to pull community efforts into unity and 12/9/2019 4:25 PM accomplish one thing at a time, we have too many groups wanting improvement but seem unable to work together 4 I'm a glass is half full kind of person, but this place is dying and we are at a pivotal point right 12/3/2019 9:37 AM now. We have one generation to fix this or we are done. Our tax base can't afford to replace a hospital, school, courthouse, etc. the next time these will need done. This is it and we need help to get it done. 5 Crime with no law enforcement 11/3/2019 5:02 PM 6 lack of reliable, redundant telecommunications capacity 10/18/2019 11:50 AM 7 Need better/faster/redundant telecommunication systems Need 4-lane Hwy 34 - more and 10/18/2019 11:42 AM more businesses/industries are looking for locations on or near 4-lane. Several of our counties lack 15-20 minutes access that is being requested. 8 connectivity at a consistent speed for both directions and sustainable service 10/18/2019 8:20 AM

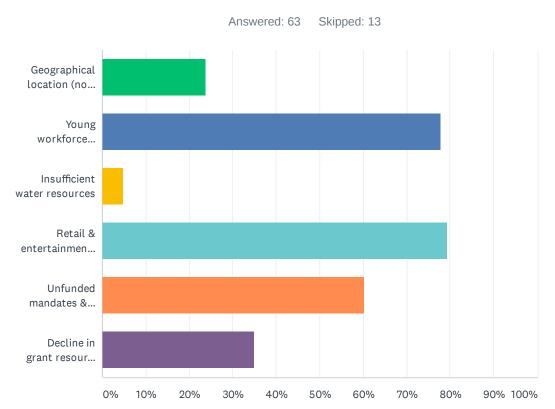
Q10 What OPPORTUNITIES might our region be able to develop to its advantage? (Check OPPORTUNITIES that you STRONGLY AGREE with.)



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Business expansion in the healthcare or elder care services industries due to aging population	38.46%	25
Work together with other counties, cities or organizations - encourage regionalism/economy of scale	58.46%	38
Expansion of "new agriculture" crop production and value-added agricultural products	32.31%	21
Expand our natural resource tourism (hunting, fishing, camping, sightseeing, etc.)	60.00%	39
Expand or create cluster of alternative/wind energy related manufacturing or services	20.00%	13
Attract applicants for skilled, high-paying jobs that already exist here	27.69%	18
Promote mid level job training & vocational training opportunities	61.54%	40
Develop agriculture related technical jobs that utilize agriculture culture & knowledge	41.54%	27
Work with schools, counselors, and parents on variety of student career paths that will fill jobs in the future	69.23%	45
Take advantage of proximity to Des Moines, Omaha & Kansas City	50.77%	33
Small businesses with aging proprietors create opportunities for young entrepreneurs; Succession planning	55.38%	36
Total Respondents: 65		
# OTHERS (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE	

#	OTHERS (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	attract new business to the community	12/30/2019 3:00 PM
2	harness recent enthusiasm for restoration/growth into cooperation; restore community backing for ventures, rather than seek funding rom city or grants;	12/9/2019 4:27 PM
3	We have tons of opportunity. We just need leadership in the positions that have the power to make change.	12/3/2019 9:38 AM
4	Growth for industrial jobs	11/14/2019 9:11 AM
5	Work together with other counties, cities or organizations but not encourage regionalism/economy of scale	10/21/2019 1:16 PM
6	need to create more fiber/HS redundant broadband	10/18/2019 12:05 PM
7	Create a regional marketing plan with target areas, then pool several county/community resources to those targeted areas to market our region.	10/18/2019 11:44 AM
8	regional marketing plan to promote the area. Combine resources to increase impact	10/18/2019 8:21 AM

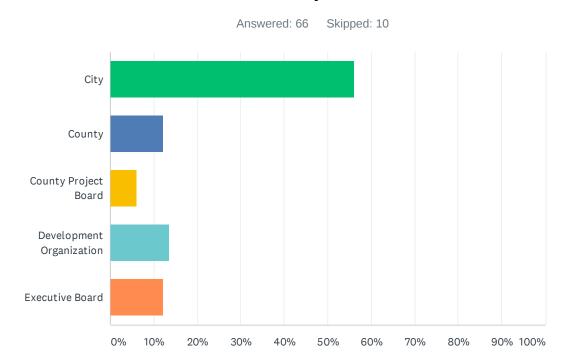
Q11 What THREATS are your area or the region facing? (Check THREATS that you STRONGLY AGREE with.)



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	ES
Geographical location (not on a coast with convenient access to international shipping)	23.81%	15
Young workforce leaving for higher paying jobs in cities (population loss & brain drain)	77.78%	49
Insufficient water resources	4.76%	3
Retail & entertainment centers outside the region pull people and their dollars away	79.37%	50
Unfunded mandates & changes in tax base and tax laws that are detrimental to local government	60.32%	38
Decline in grant resources that were once more abundant	34.92%	22
Total Respondents: 63		

#	OTHERS (PLEASE SPECIFY)	DATE
1	Lack of high speed internet in the county is one of the biggest threats to our area	12/30/2019 2:18 PM
2	A lack of land to develop for housing as well as a lack of buildings for business development	12/29/2019 9:07 PM
3	Aging population needing services that are increasingly cost prohibitive; ie - property maintenance, lack of public transportation on weekends, walking accessibility (broken sidewalks, high curbing, etc)	12/9/2019 4:29 PM
4	Taxes are killing us. Nobody wants to invest or do anything here because of what it costs. The cost of living should be enough to draw people here, but new houses (not high end) are paying \$5,000-8,000/yr in property taxes it makes it pretty hard to get anyone to do anything.	12/3/2019 9:40 AM
5	lack of fair salary industrial jobs lack of available funding for small business start ups	11/14/2019 9:12 AM
6	Crime	11/3/2019 5:03 PM
7	crime with now law enforcement scaring away potential residents to the area	11/3/2019 4:57 PM

Q12 What type of organization/entity are you representing for this survey entry?



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES
City	56.06% 37
County	12.12% 8
County Project Board	6.06% 4
Development Organization	13.64% 9
Executive Board	12.12% 8
TOTAL	66

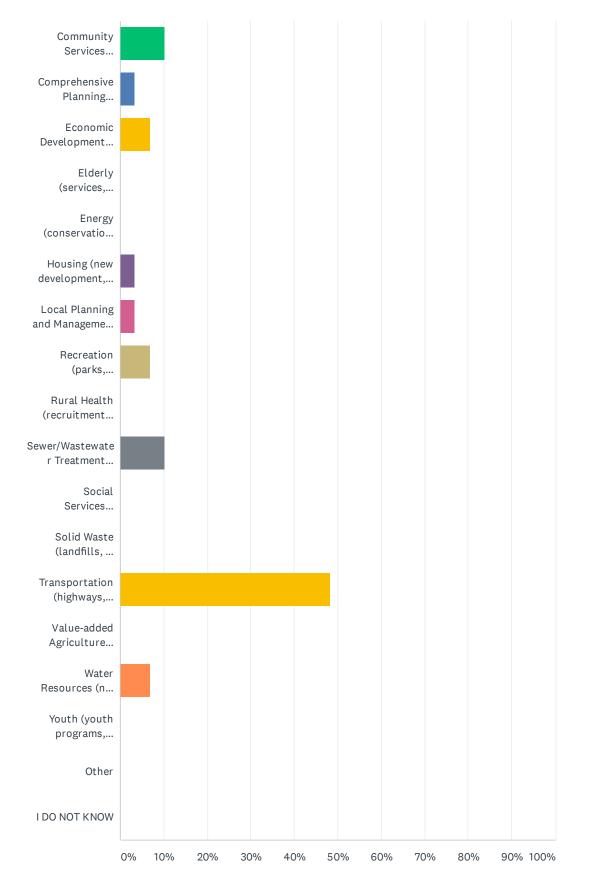
Q13 List short range project #1

Answered: 29 Skipped: 47

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Local Option - Economic Development	12/30/2019 1:53 PM
2	New water tower	12/29/2019 9:11 PM
3	Repair roads	12/16/2019 8:15 PM
4	plant trees in the city park	12/16/2019 11:45 AM
5	Playground Equipment at Park	12/13/2019 4:30 PM
6	Develop immediate plans to encourage infill housing	12/9/2019 4:33 PM
7	Roads	12/9/2019 11:45 AM
8	Repair roads	12/6/2019 10:49 PM
9	Streets	12/5/2019 6:53 AM
10	Streetscape	12/4/2019 7:41 AM
11	Get the water/sewer working properly	12/3/2019 12:15 PM
12	UV treatment of waste water	11/26/2019 3:13 PM
13	Properties Cleaned Yo	11/25/2019 5:25 PM
14	road repair	11/22/2019 11:01 AM
15	Manage Tax base and incentive programs for housing and development	11/18/2019 10:04 AM
16	Wi-Fi Center Project	11/14/2019 2:50 PM
17	Water Treatment Plant	11/14/2019 11:00 AM
18	Street	11/14/2019 9:12 AM
19	REPAIR CITY BUILDINGS	11/13/2019 7:57 AM
20	Community building for eldery in area	11/12/2019 7:32 PM
21	Street Improvements	11/12/2019 11:13 AM
22	Fix city roads after 2019 flooding	11/7/2019 12:42 PM
23	Hull Street Bridge; Street Repairs; Pedestrian Signs	11/6/2019 3:41 PM
24	Road work	11/6/2019 10:16 AM
25	Street Repair	11/3/2019 5:04 PM
26	Road Repair	11/3/2019 4:58 PM
27	streets sidewalks	10/22/2019 2:55 PM
28	New Waste Water Treatment Plant	10/21/2019 2:01 PM
29	City Park Updates	10/19/2019 7:30 PM

Q14 Under which of the following categories does project #1 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 29 Skipped: 47



		_
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	10.34%	3
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	3.45%	1
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	6.90%	2
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	3.45%	1
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	3.45%	1
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	6.90%	2
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	10.34%	3
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	48.28%	14
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	6.90%	2
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		29

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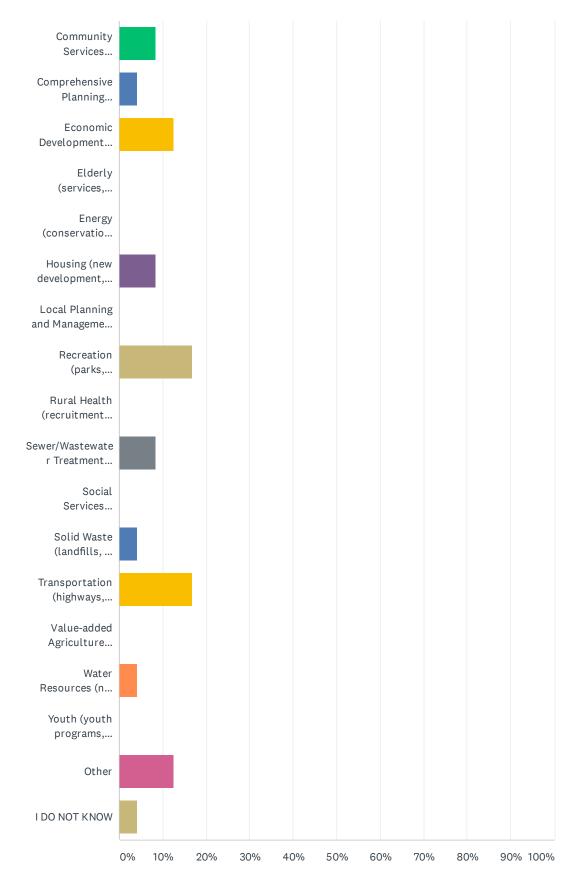
Q15 List short range project #2

Answered: 23 Skipped: 53

11Street Maintenance Plan Implementation12/30/2019.15 PM2Sewer lining12/29/2019.11 PM3Enhance our city parks12/16/2019.815 PM4New Snow Plow12/13/2019.430 PM5Lights and security cameras on every corner and depot12/9/2019.14.33 PM6Sewer Treatment Plant12/9/2019.14.54 AM7Enhance our city parks12/9/2019.14.54 AM8Downtown Building Rehab12/9/2019.14.54 AM9Housing Rehab12/9/2019.14.54 AM10Park Improvements11/26/2019.03.13 PM11Transportation needs - financing for aging infrastructure11/26/2019.31.3 PM12Street & Sidewalk Maintenance11/12/2019.52.5 PM13Municipal Broadband11/14/2019.250 PM14UPDATE ZONING11/12/2019.73.2 PM15Something to bring people to area11/12/2019.73.2 PM16Simal Business Forgiveable Grant11/12/2019.11.13 AM17GIS Mapping; Smoke Testing11/12/2019.11.13 AM18Dich work11/12/2019.11.13 AM19Maintain businesses11/12/2019.11.13 AM19Maintain businesses11/12/2019.11.13 AM19Maintain businesses11/12/2019.11.13 AM19Dich work11/12/2019.11.13 AM19Maintain businesses11/12/2019.11.13 AM19Maintain businesses11/12/2019.11.13 AM19Maintain businesses11/12/2019.11.13 AM10Maintain businesses11/12/2019.11.13 AM<	#	RESPONSES	DATE
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21 nuisance properties 10/22/2019 2:55 PM	19	Maintain businesses	11/3/2019 5:04 PM
	20	Maintaining Businesses	11/3/2019 4:58 PM
22 New Drinking Water Supply 10/21/2019 2:01 PM	21	nuisance properties	10/22/2019 2:55 PM
	22	New Drinking Water Supply	10/21/2019 2:01 PM
23 Community Center Roof 10/19/2019 7:30 PM	23	Community Center Roof	10/19/2019 7:30 PM

Q16 Under which of the following categories does project #2 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 24 Skipped: 52



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	8.33%	2
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	4.17%	1
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	12.50%	3
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	8.33%	2
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	16.67%	4
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	8.33%	2
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	4.17%	1
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	16.67%	4
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	4.17%	1
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	12.50%	3
I DO NOT KNOW	4.17%	1
TOTAL		24

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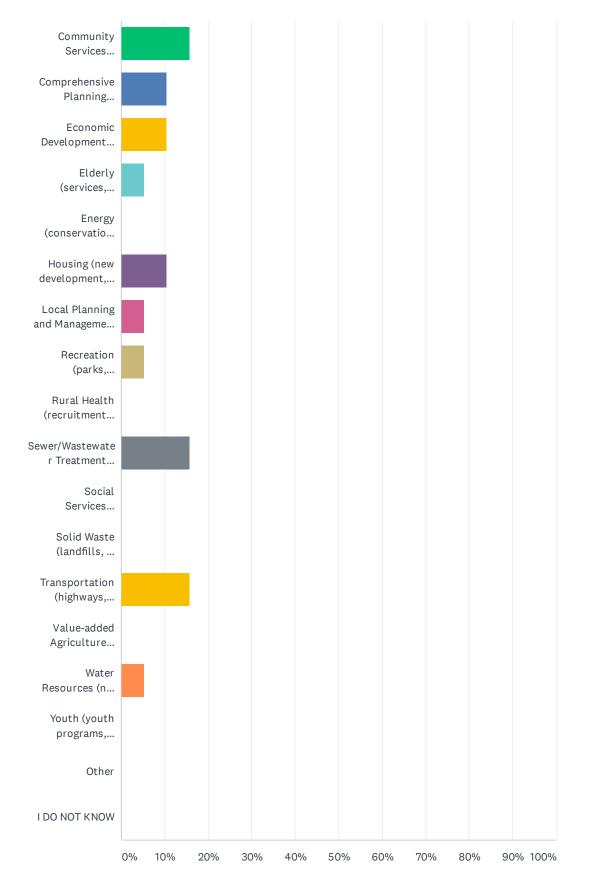
Q17 List short range project #3

Answered: 18 Skipped: 58

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Planning & Zoning Updated	12/30/2019 1:53 PM
2	Remove ground water from our sewer system	12/16/2019 8:15 PM
3	retail and infrastructure	12/9/2019 4:33 PM
4	Replace old water mains	12/9/2019 11:45 AM
5	Remove ground water from our sewer system	12/6/2019 10:49 PM
6	Downtown Design Guidelines	12/4/2019 7:41 AM
7	Removal of nuisance building	11/26/2019 3:13 PM
8	Internet or Fiber availability to all residents and businesses	11/18/2019 10:04 AM
9	New Equipment	11/14/2019 2:50 PM
10	Street projects	11/14/2019 11:00 AM
11	WEBSITE REDESIGN	11/13/2019 7:57 AM
12	Affordable housing	11/12/2019 7:32 PM
13	City Park Project	11/12/2019 11:13 AM
14	Clean up nuisance and abandoned; Ash Trees	11/6/2019 3:41 PM
15	Law Enforcement	11/3/2019 4:58 PM
16	sewer maintenance	10/22/2019 2:55 PM
17	Central Business District Rehab	10/21/2019 2:01 PM
18	Street Repair	10/19/2019 7:30 PM

Q18 Under which of the following categories does project #3 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 19 Skipped: 57



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	15.79%	3
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	10.53%	2
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	10.53%	2
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	5.26%	1
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	10.53%	2
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	5.26%	1
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	5.26%	1
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	15.79%	3
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	15.79%	3
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	5.26%	1
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		19

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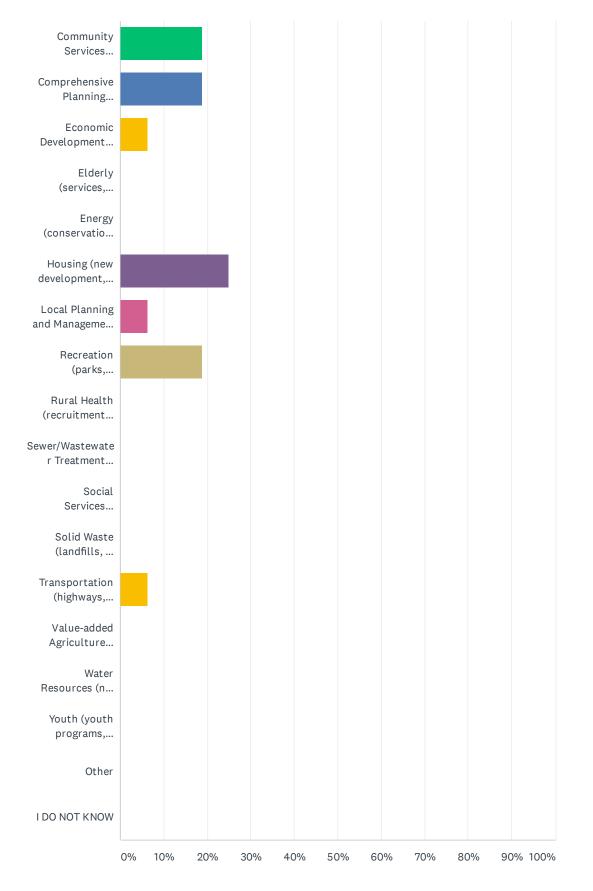
Q19 List short range project #4

Answered: 15 Skipped: 61

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Housing - code enforcement	12/30/2019 1:53 PM
2	Update city equipment	12/16/2019 8:15 PM
3	Road Improvements	12/9/2019 4:33 PM
4	Update city building and equipment	12/9/2019 11:45 AM
5	Update city equipment	12/6/2019 10:49 PM
6	Blade signage for all our downtown business owners	12/4/2019 7:41 AM
7	Police radios / cameras	11/26/2019 3:13 PM
8	Update Comp plan and set priorities	11/18/2019 10:04 AM
9	Downtown Repairs-Catalyst Grant	11/14/2019 2:50 PM
10	POCKET PARK	11/13/2019 7:57 AM
11	New & Rehab	11/12/2019 11:13 AM
12	Lake Binder & Spring Lake Improvements	11/6/2019 3:41 PM
13	grant programs	10/22/2019 2:55 PM
14	Clay Street Park	10/21/2019 2:01 PM
15	Propery Cleanup	10/19/2019 7:30 PM

Q20 Under which of the following categories does project #4 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 16 Skipped: 60



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	18.75%	3
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	18.75%	3
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	6.25%	1
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	25.00%	4
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	6.25%	1
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	18.75%	3
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	6.25%	1
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		16

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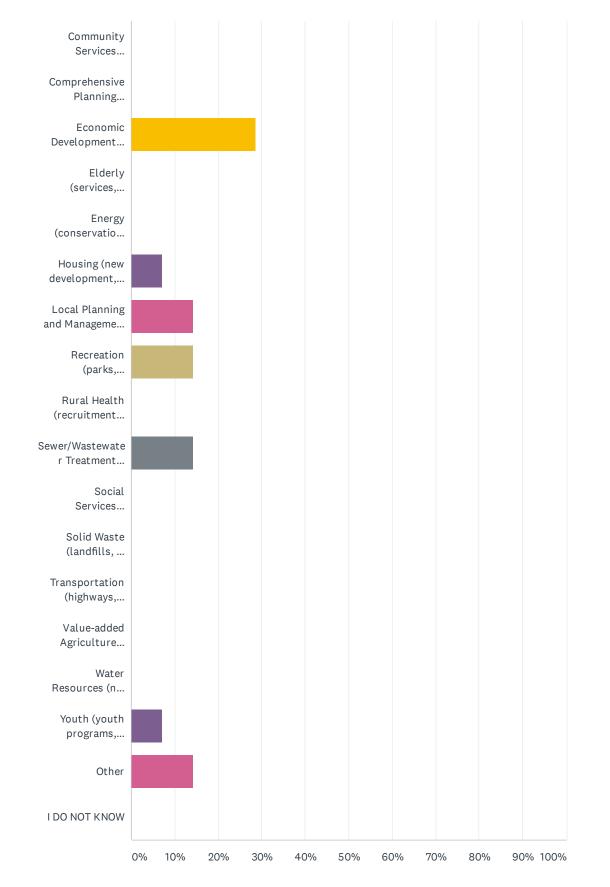
Q21 List short range project #5

Answered: 13 Skipped: 63

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	CIPP Lining	12/30/2019 1:53 PM
2	Library programs	12/16/2019 8:15 PM
3	study ways to allow smaller homes with more variety in residential to encourage building	12/9/2019 4:33 PM
4	Economic development	12/6/2019 10:49 PM
5	Bocce courts for Central Park	11/26/2019 3:13 PM
6	Nuisance abatement and improvement programs for aging housing	11/18/2019 10:04 AM
7	Sewer-ongoing maintenance	11/14/2019 2:50 PM
8	MAIN STREET REVAMP	11/13/2019 7:57 AM
9	TIF Financing for Downtown Facade	11/12/2019 11:13 AM
10	Grants	11/6/2019 3:41 PM
11	parks trails	10/22/2019 2:55 PM
12	I-35 Corridor Plan	10/21/2019 2:01 PM
13	Job Creation	10/19/2019 7:30 PM

Q22 Under which of the following categories does project #5 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 14 Skipped: 62



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	0.00%	0
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	28.57%	4
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	7.14%	1
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	14.29%	2
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	14.29%	2
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	14.29%	2
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	0.00%	0
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	7.14%	1
Other	14.29%	2
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		14

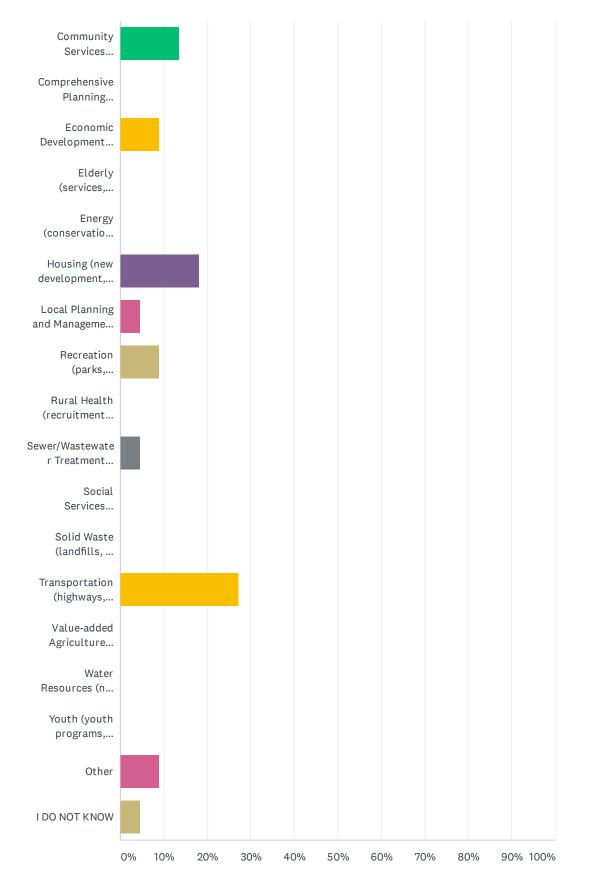
Q23 List medium range project # 1.

Answered: 21 Skipped: 55

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Garbage Service Review	12/30/2019 1:58 PM
2	Fire Station Addition	12/29/2019 9:13 PM
3	Roads	12/16/2019 8:17 PM
4	purchase holiday decorations	12/16/2019 11:45 AM
5	Playground Equipment at Mini Park	12/13/2019 4:30 PM
6	Recreation	12/9/2019 4:35 PM
7	Roads	12/9/2019 11:49 AM
8	Downtown Building Rehab	12/4/2019 7:42 AM
9	Housing Development	11/26/2019 3:15 PM
10	Business District Updated	11/25/2019 5:26 PM
11	Continue with Road Infrastructure improvements	11/18/2019 10:06 AM
12	Housing	11/14/2019 2:54 PM
13	Community Center	11/14/2019 11:01 AM
14	Streets	11/14/2019 9:13 AM
15	CREATE AFFORDABLE HOUSING	11/13/2019 8:00 AM
16	Continue Street Improvements	11/12/2019 11:18 AM
17	Hull Street; Hwy 148; WayFinding signs	11/6/2019 3:44 PM
18	Housing	11/3/2019 5:05 PM
19	tree removal	10/22/2019 5:14 PM
20	New City Hall	10/21/2019 2:03 PM
21	Attract Businesses	10/19/2019 7:32 PM

Q24 Under which of the following categories does project #1 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 22 Skipped: 54



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	13.64%	3
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	9.09%	2
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	18.18%	4
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	4.55%	1
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	9.09%	2
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	4.55%	1
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	27.27%	6
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	9.09%	2
I DO NOT KNOW	4.55%	1
TOTAL		22

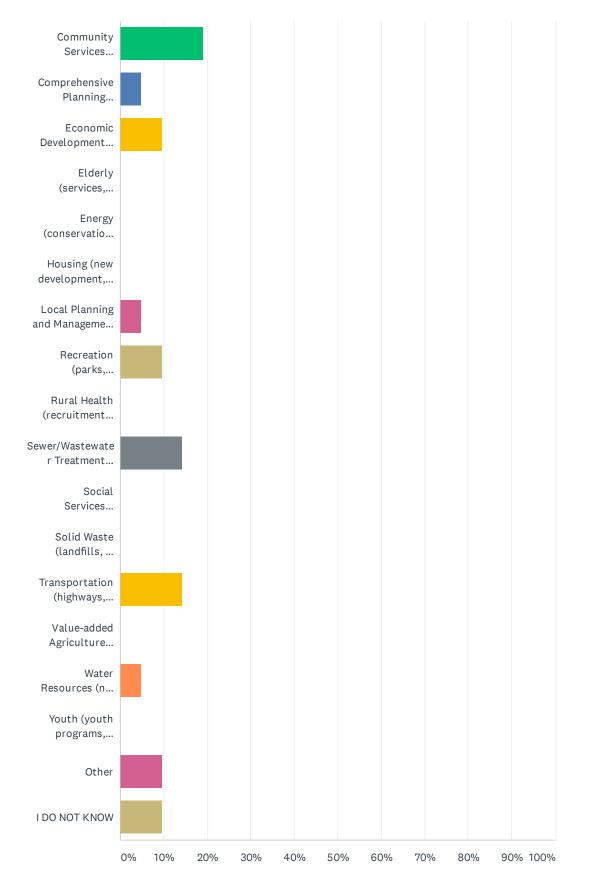
Q25 List medium range project #2

Answered: 20 Skipped: 56

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Electrical Upgrade Water Plant	12/30/2019 1:58 PM
2	Waste Water Lagoon	12/29/2019 9:13 PM
3	Equipment	12/16/2019 8:17 PM
4	erect shed to store city owned items	12/16/2019 11:45 AM
5	Improved Parking at City Hall	12/13/2019 4:30 PM
6	Revitalization planning both uptown and neighborhoods	12/9/2019 4:35 PM
7	Slab	12/9/2019 11:49 AM
8	Rear Facade Improvement	12/4/2019 7:42 AM
9	Rehab downtown businesses	11/26/2019 3:15 PM
10	Nuisance abatement overall - not just housing concerns	11/18/2019 10:06 AM
11	Street & Sidewalks	11/14/2019 2:54 PM
12	Street Scape	11/14/2019 11:01 AM
13	Community Center	11/14/2019 9:13 AM
14	CREATE BUSINESS ON MAIN STREET	11/13/2019 8:00 AM
15	Continue WW Collection Improvments	11/12/2019 11:18 AM
16	Storm Sewer Repair, Infrastructure, Train Grade 3	11/6/2019 3:44 PM
17	Park Renovation	11/3/2019 5:05 PM
18	hull street bridge	10/22/2019 5:14 PM
19	Downtown Building Revitalization	10/21/2019 2:03 PM
20	High Speed Internet	10/19/2019 7:32 PM

Q26 Under which of the following categories does project #2 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 21 Skipped: 55



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	19.05%	4
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	4.76%	1
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	9.52%	2
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	4.76%	1
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	9.52%	2
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	14.29%	3
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	14.29%	3
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	4.76%	1
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	9.52%	2
I DO NOT KNOW	9.52%	2
TOTAL		21

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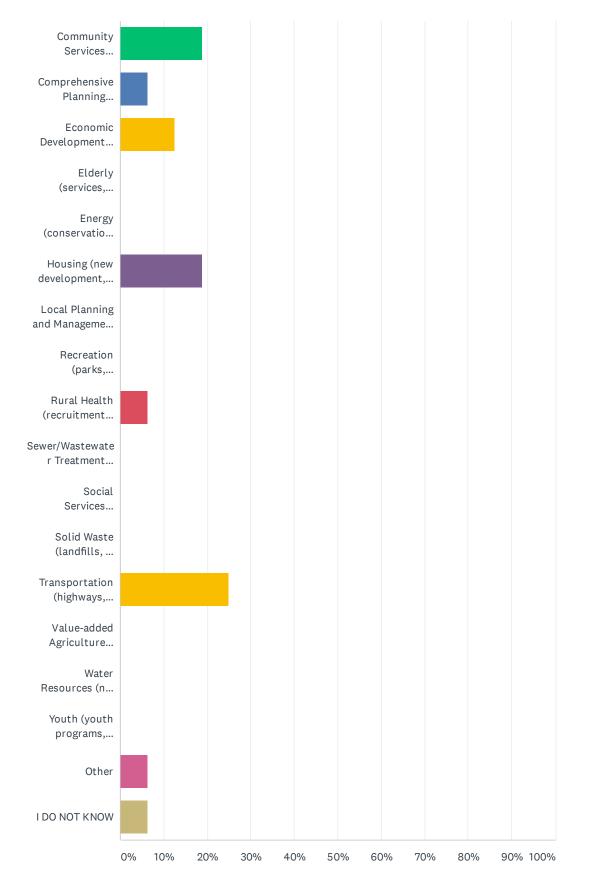
Q27 List medium range project #3

Answered: 15 Skipped: 61

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Street Reconstruction	12/30/2019 1:58 PM
2	Replace Fire Truck	12/13/2019 4:30 PM
3	Retail/infrastructure	12/9/2019 4:35 PM
4	Sidewalks on square & parks	12/9/2019 11:49 AM
5	Exterior Building Improvement	12/4/2019 7:42 AM
6	EMT training program	11/26/2019 3:15 PM
7	Building Maintenance Code	11/18/2019 10:06 AM
8	Rec Improvements/Lake Shelter	11/14/2019 2:54 PM
9	STREET REPAIRS	11/13/2019 8:00 AM
10	Updated Comprehensive Plan	11/12/2019 11:18 AM
11	Assisted Living; Nuisance & Abandoned; Ash Trees	11/6/2019 3:44 PM
12	Protection	11/3/2019 5:05 PM
13	assisted living facility	10/22/2019 5:14 PM
14	Safe Route to School continuation	10/21/2019 2:03 PM
15	Library	10/19/2019 7:32 PM

Q28 Under which of the following categories does project #3 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 16 Skipped: 60



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	18.75%	3
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	6.25%	1
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	12.50%	2
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	18.75%	3
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	0.00%	0
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	6.25%	1
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	25.00%	4
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	6.25%	1
I DO NOT KNOW	6.25%	1
TOTAL		16

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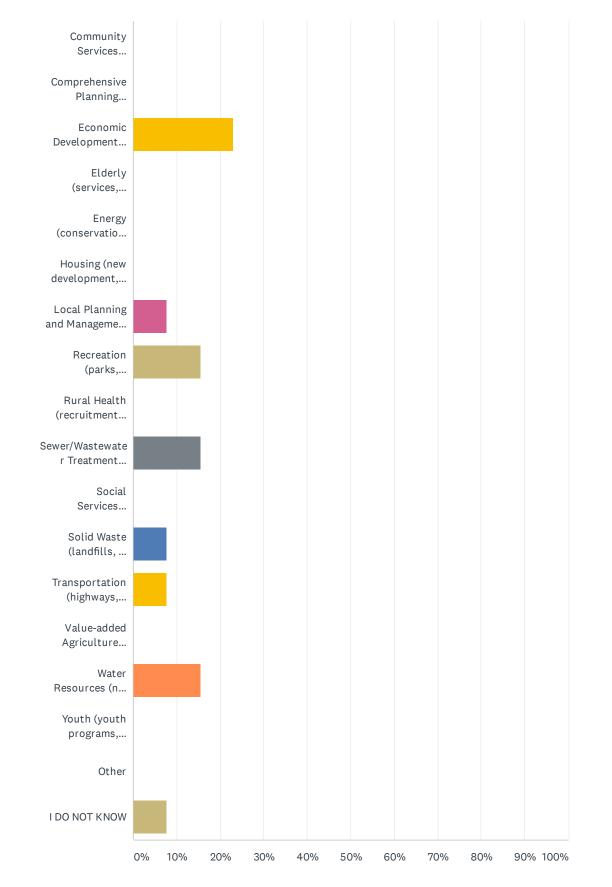
Q29 List medium range project #4

Answered: 12 Skipped: 64

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Replace cast iron mains in town	12/30/2019 1:58 PM
2	revisit recycling contract with waste management as is no longer economical due 2021	12/9/2019 4:35 PM
3	Park equipment	12/9/2019 11:49 AM
4	New Businesses	12/4/2019 7:42 AM
5	Water distribution maintenance projects	11/26/2019 3:15 PM
6	Sewer-ongoing maintenance	11/14/2019 2:54 PM
7	NEW PARK AT TENNIS COURT	11/13/2019 8:00 AM
8	Based on the Comprehensive Outcome	11/12/2019 11:18 AM
9	Lake Binder, Trails to Spring Lake	11/6/2019 3:44 PM
10	grants for visioning projects	10/22/2019 5:14 PM
11	Sewer Main rehab	10/21/2019 2:03 PM
12	Health Care	10/19/2019 7:32 PM

Q30 Under which of the following categories does project #4 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 13 Skipped: 63



	DECDON	050
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	0.00%	0
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	23.08%	3
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	7.69%	1
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	15.38%	2
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	15.38%	2
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	7.69%	1
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	7.69%	1
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	15.38%	2
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	7.69%	1
TOTAL		13

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Q31 List medium range project #5

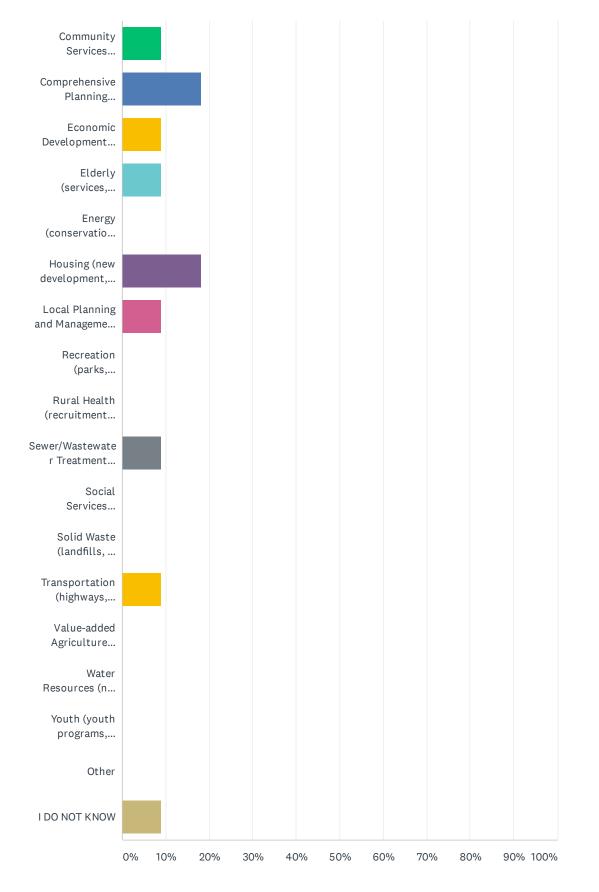
Answered: 10 Skipped: 66

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Police/Fire Department Equipment Upgrades	12/30/2019 1:58 PM
2	reduce city owned lots to reduce maintenance and mowing	12/9/2019 4:35 PM
3	Housing rehab	11/26/2019 3:15 PM
4	Catalyst Grant	11/14/2019 2:54 PM
5	GIS MAPPING OF ZONING AND UTILITIES	11/13/2019 8:00 AM
6	Housing - Rehab & New Construction	11/12/2019 11:18 AM
7	729 Davis - Request for Proposals	11/6/2019 3:44 PM
8	upgrade infrastructure sewer	10/22/2019 5:14 PM
9	Overlays	10/21/2019 2:03 PM
10	Elderly Transporation	10/19/2019 7:32 PM

Q32 Under which of the following categories does project #5 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 11 Skipped: 65

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ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	9.09%	1
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	18.18%	2
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	9.09%	1
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	9.09%	1
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	18.18%	2
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	9.09%	1
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	0.00%	0
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	9.09%	1
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	9.09%	1
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	9.09%	1
TOTAL		11

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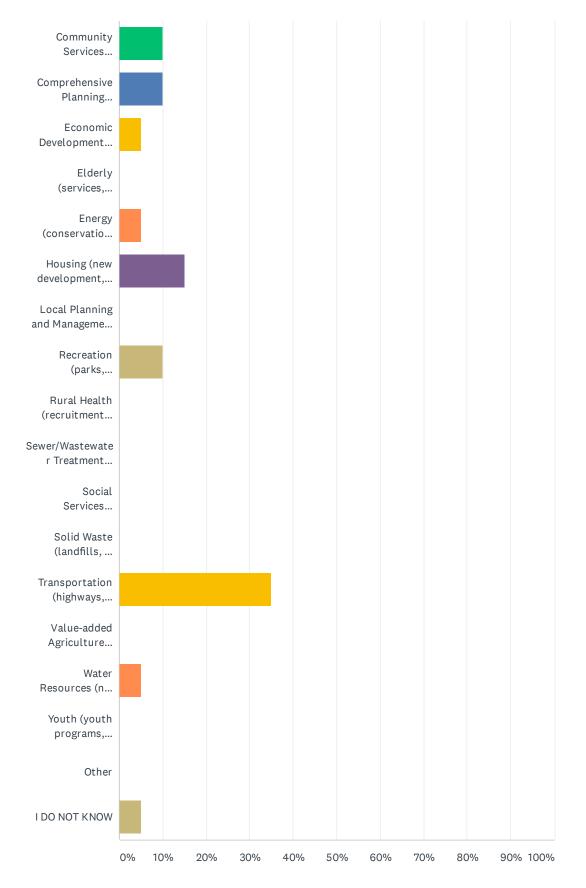
Q33 List long range project #1.

Answered: 20 Skipped: 56

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Street Reconstruction	12/30/2019 2:00 PM
2	Land development for new housing	12/29/2019 9:14 PM
3	Comprehensive planning	12/16/2019 8:18 PM
4	install sidewalks along main street	12/16/2019 11:45 AM
5	review of ordinances to ease homebuilding	12/9/2019 4:36 PM
6	Water treatment plant	12/9/2019 11:49 AM
7	Would like to check into solar	12/5/2019 6:54 AM
8	Bring new business to town	12/3/2019 12:16 PM
9	Housing development	11/26/2019 3:19 PM
10	Ongoing transportation projects including road maintenance and replacement	11/18/2019 10:08 AM
11	Housing & Tax Abatement	11/14/2019 2:55 PM
12	Street Plan	11/14/2019 11:01 AM
13	Street Repairs	11/14/2019 9:13 AM
14	BUILD NEW WATERPARK	11/13/2019 8:01 AM
15	Curb & Gutter on Highway	11/12/2019 11:23 AM
16	Hwy 148	11/6/2019 3:46 PM
17	Law Enforcement	11/3/2019 5:06 PM
18	remove and replace dead trees	10/22/2019 5:14 PM
19	Golf Course Improvements	10/21/2019 2:05 PM
20	Own Police Department	10/19/2019 7:34 PM

Q34 Under which of the following categories does project #1 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 20 Skipped: 56



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	10.00%	2
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	10.00%	2
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	5.00%	1
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	5.00%	1
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	15.00%	3
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	10.00%	2
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	35.00%	7
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	5.00%	1
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	5.00%	1
TOTAL		20

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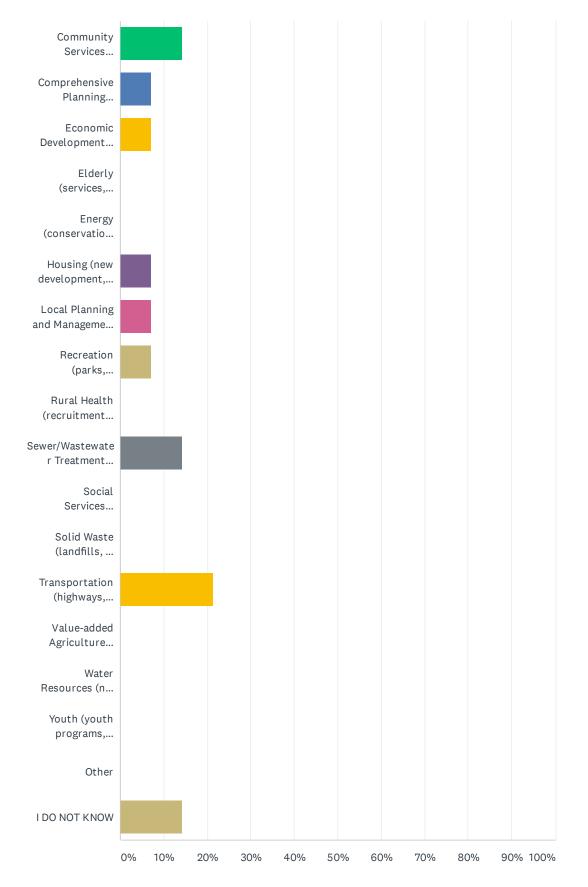
Q35 List long range project #2

Answered: 12 Skipped: 64

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	New Fire Station	12/30/2019 2:00 PM
2	housing	12/9/2019 4:36 PM
3	Upgrading downtown	11/26/2019 3:19 PM
4	Storm sewer projects and over hall	11/18/2019 10:08 AM
5	Streets/Sidewalks	11/14/2019 2:55 PM
6	MAJOR STREET REPAIR	11/13/2019 8:01 AM
7	Collection & Maintenance Improvements	11/12/2019 11:23 AM
8	Infrastructure upgrade; Grade 3 Operator	11/6/2019 3:46 PM
9	Grants for long range projects	11/3/2019 5:06 PM
10	sidewalks lights on main street	10/22/2019 5:14 PM
11	Trail expansion	10/21/2019 2:05 PM
12	Own Fire Department	10/19/2019 7:34 PM

Q36 Under which of the following categories does project #2 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 14 Skipped: 62



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	14.29%	2
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	7.14%	1
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	7.14%	1
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	7.14%	1
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	7.14%	1
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	7.14%	1
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	14.29%	2
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	21.43%	3
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	14.29%	2
TOTAL		14

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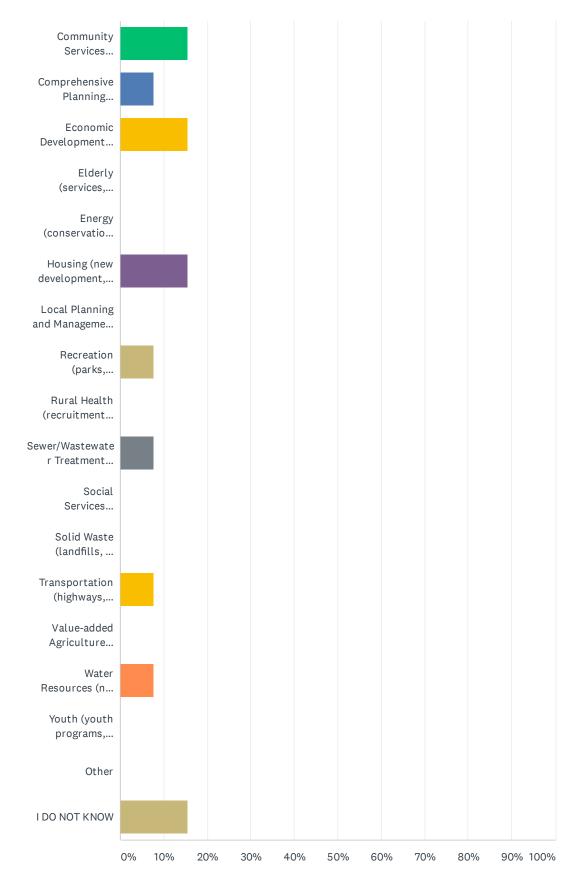
Q37 List long range project #3

Answered: 11 Skipped: 65

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Sewer Plant Rehab	12/30/2019 2:00 PM
2	retail/infrastructure	12/9/2019 4:36 PM
3	De-silt water sources	11/26/2019 3:19 PM
4	Update subdivision ordinances	11/18/2019 10:08 AM
5	New Equipment/Plow	11/14/2019 2:55 PM
6	CREATE A THRIVING MAIN STREET	11/13/2019 8:01 AM
7	Continued resources for maintenance	11/12/2019 11:23 AM
8	Reservoir Development; Main Street 2nd Floor Housing; NSP Properties 14th & Adams	11/6/2019 3:46 PM
9	lake binder trail	10/22/2019 5:14 PM
10	West Clay reconstruction	10/21/2019 2:05 PM
11	Own School	10/19/2019 7:34 PM

Q38 Under which of the following categories does project #3 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 13 Skipped: 63



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	15.38%	2
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	7.69%	1
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	15.38%	2
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	15.38%	2
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	7.69%	1
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	7.69%	1
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	7.69%	1
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	7.69%	1
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	15.38%	2
TOTAL		13

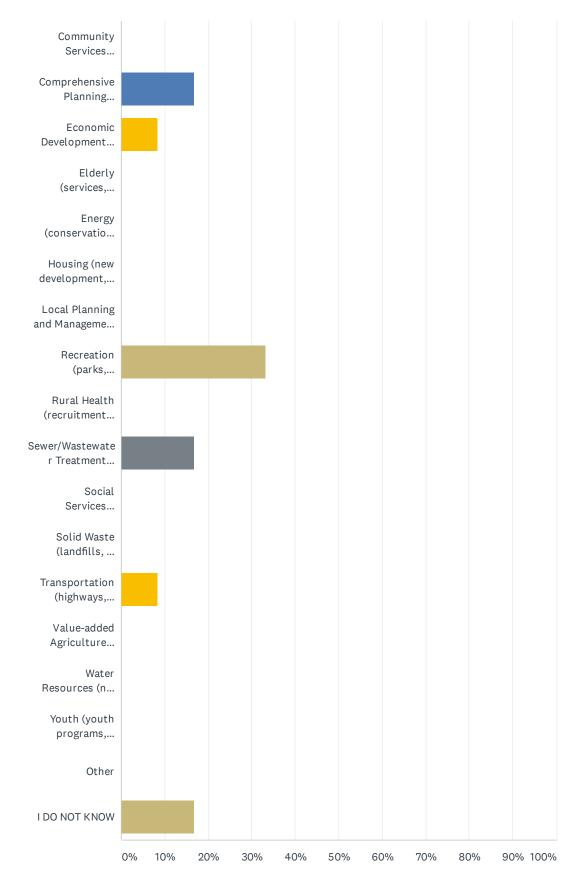
Q39 List long range project #4

Answered: 10 Skipped: 66

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Zoning Ugrades complete	12/30/2019 2:00 PM
2	consider 3 corridor approach to trails on elm and sycamore from adams to townline and adams to mckinley park	12/9/2019 4:36 PM
3	Gazebo for Home Pond/Lake LeShane	11/26/2019 3:19 PM
4	Update City Code	11/18/2019 10:08 AM
5	Sewer/Ongoing Maintenance	11/14/2019 2:55 PM
6	Aquatic Center/Pool Updates	11/12/2019 11:23 AM
7	Lake Binder & Spring Lake	11/6/2019 3:46 PM
8	train grade 3 operator	10/22/2019 5:14 PM
9	City Parking Lot Paving	10/21/2019 2:05 PM
10	Restaurants	10/19/2019 7:34 PM

Q40 Under which of the following categories does project #4 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

Answered: 12 Skipped: 64

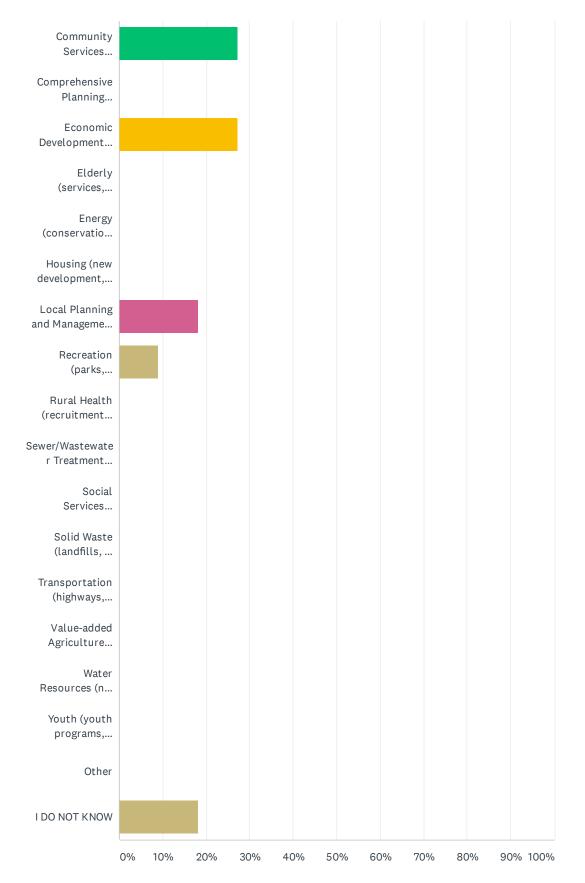


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	0.00%	0
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	16.67%	2
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	8.33%	1
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	33.33%	4
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	16.67%	2
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	8.33%	1
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	16.67%	2
TOTAL		12

Q41 List long range project #5

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Park Upgrades	12/30/2019 2:00 PM
2	consider transition of fire department tovolunteer force to reduce high cost associated with maintaining a full time force	12/9/2019 4:36 PM
3	New ladder truck for Fire Dept	11/26/2019 3:19 PM
4	Catalyst-More Businesses on Square	11/14/2019 2:55 PM
5	Plan for retaining business	11/12/2019 11:23 AM
6	Sell 729 Davis; Get rid of NSP Properties	11/6/2019 3:46 PM
7	grants for visioning projects	10/22/2019 5:14 PM
8	County-wide fire department	10/21/2019 2:05 PM
9	Gas Station/Convience Store	10/19/2019 7:34 PM

Q42 Under which of the following categories does project #5 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

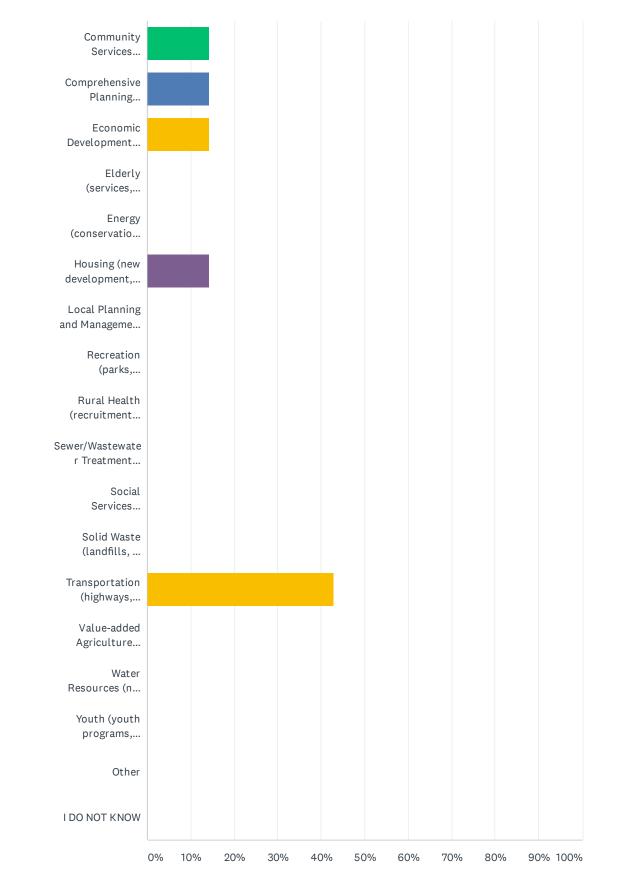


		_
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPON	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	27.27%	3
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	27.27%	3
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	18.18%	2
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	9.09%	1
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	0.00%	0
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	18.18%	2
TOTAL		11

Q43 List short range project #1

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Courthouse Renovation	12/11/2019 9:55 AM
2	Housing	12/6/2019 2:19 PM
3	Communications - County Wide	11/15/2019 2:17 PM
4	bring business downtown	11/14/2019 12:49 PM
5	Road Development	11/5/2019 1:51 PM
6	Soil Stabilization of County Roads	11/1/2019 1:13 PM
7	Bridge Replacement	10/21/2019 1:18 PM
8	defeat green energy	10/20/2019 6:42 PM

Q44 Under which of the following categories does project #1 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.



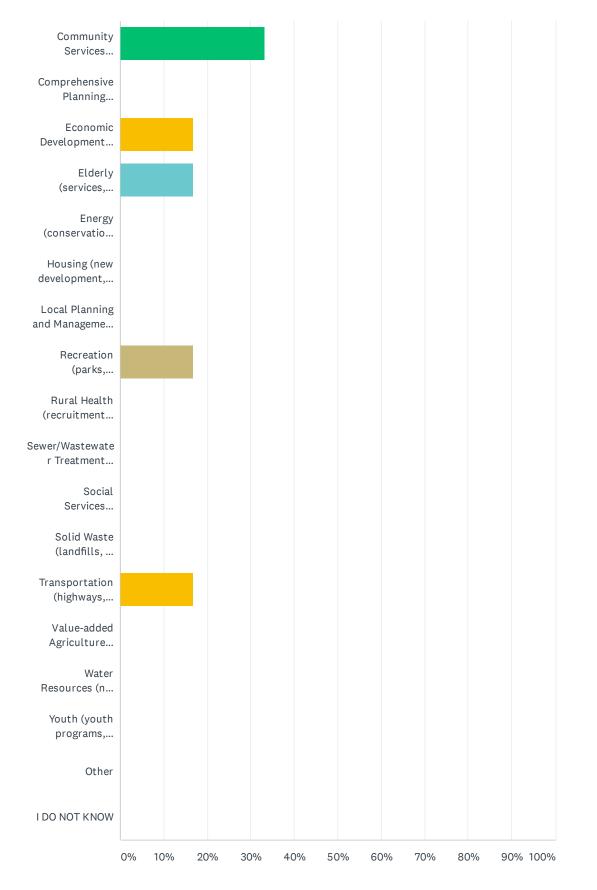
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	14.29%	1
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	14.29%	1
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	14.29%	1
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	14.29%	1
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	0.00%	0
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	42.86%	3
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		7

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Q45 List short range project #2

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	New Senior Center	12/11/2019 9:55 AM
2	Farm 2 Market Road Stabilization	11/15/2019 2:17 PM
3	infrastructure updates	11/14/2019 12:49 PM
4	Hotel	11/5/2019 1:51 PM
5	Support elderly meal sit and southern iowa trolley	11/1/2019 1:13 PM
6	Windmill Lake Renovations	10/21/2019 1:18 PM
7	new EMS building	10/20/2019 6:42 PM

Q46 Under which of the following categories does project #2 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.



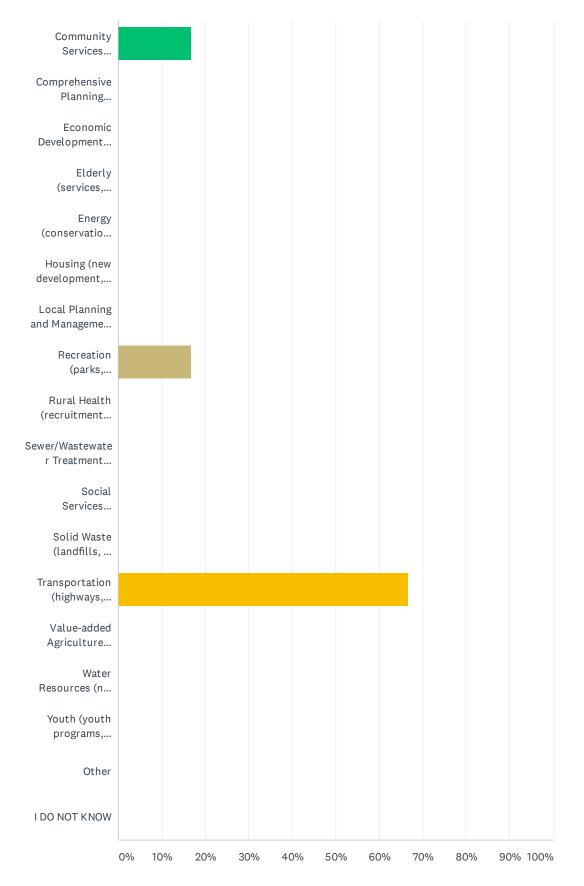
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	33.33%	2
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	16.67%	1
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	16.67%	1
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	16.67%	1
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	16.67%	1
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		6

SurveyMonkey

Q47 List short range project #3

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Improve Roads and Bridges	12/11/2019 9:55 AM
2	On Going Courthouse Remodeling	11/15/2019 2:17 PM
3	recreation improvements	11/14/2019 12:49 PM
4	Hull St bridge project	11/5/2019 1:51 PM
5	build bridge and line culvert	11/1/2019 1:13 PM
6	Infrastructure maintenance	10/21/2019 1:18 PM
7	repair courthouse	10/20/2019 6:42 PM

Q48 Under which of the following categories does project #3 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

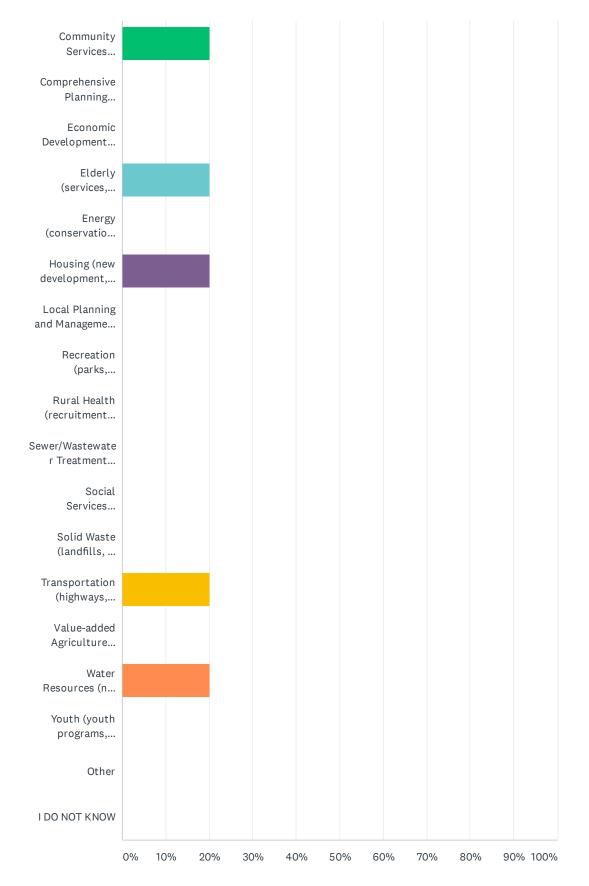


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	16.67%	1
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	0.00%	0
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	16.67%	1
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	66.67%	4
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		6

Q49 List short range project #4

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	New Nature Center	12/11/2019 9:55 AM
2	(2) Bridge Replacements	11/15/2019 2:17 PM
3	housing improvements	11/14/2019 12:49 PM
4	FEMA Infrastructure	11/5/2019 1:51 PM
5	assist in construction of lake	11/1/2019 1:13 PM
6	meal site	10/20/2019 6:42 PM

Q50 Under which of the following categories does project #4 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

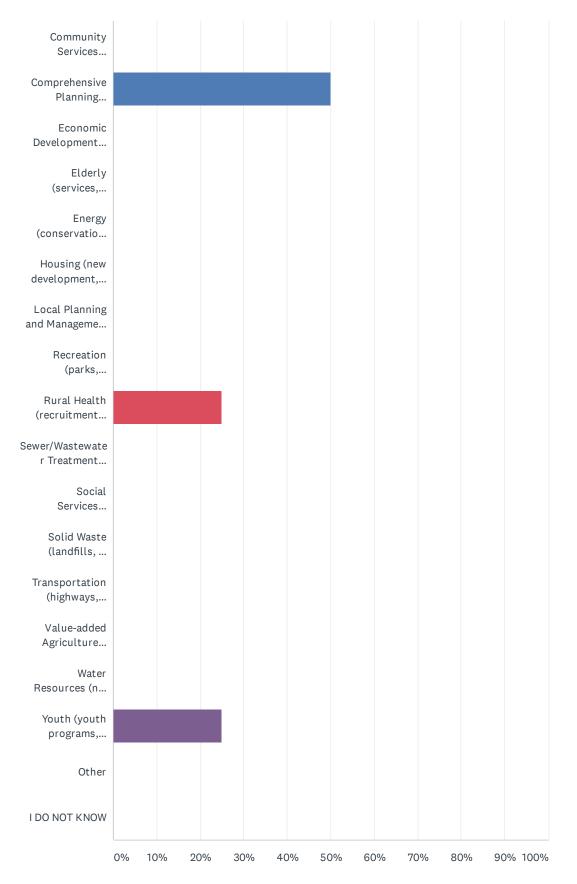


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	20.00%	1
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	0.00%	0
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	20.00%	1
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	20.00%	1
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	0.00%	0
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	20.00%	1
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	20.00%	1
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		5

Q51 List short range project #5

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Develop Wind and Solar Ordinance	12/11/2019 9:55 AM
2	Secondary Roads Culvert Replacements	11/15/2019 2:17 PM
3	strengthen workforce	11/14/2019 12:49 PM
4	continue to make health care needs available	11/1/2019 1:13 PM
5	county seat should work with other towns	10/20/2019 6:42 PM

Q52 Under which of the following categories does project #5 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

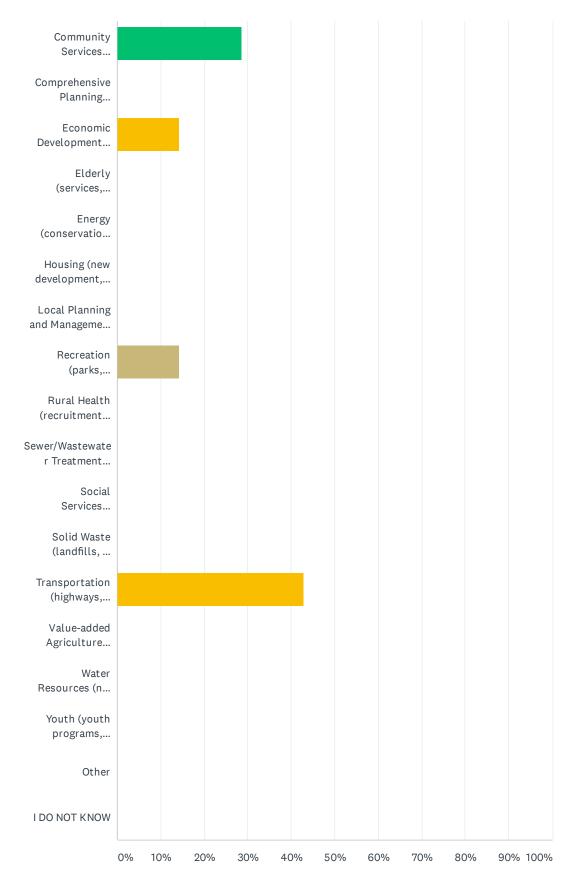


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	0.00%	0
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)		2
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	0.00%	0
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	0.00%	0
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	25.00%	1
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	0.00%	0
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	25.00%	1
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		4

Q53 List medium range project # 1.

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	New Ambulance Garage	12/11/2019 9:58 AM
2	bridges/culverts	12/6/2019 2:22 PM
3	On Going Secondary Roads Improvements	11/15/2019 2:17 PM
4	new business	11/14/2019 12:52 PM
5	Nature Center	11/5/2019 1:54 PM
6	soil stabilization on county roads	11/1/2019 1:14 PM
7	Bridge Replacement	10/21/2019 1:19 PM
8	EMS building	10/20/2019 6:44 PM

Q54 Under which of the following categories does project #1 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.



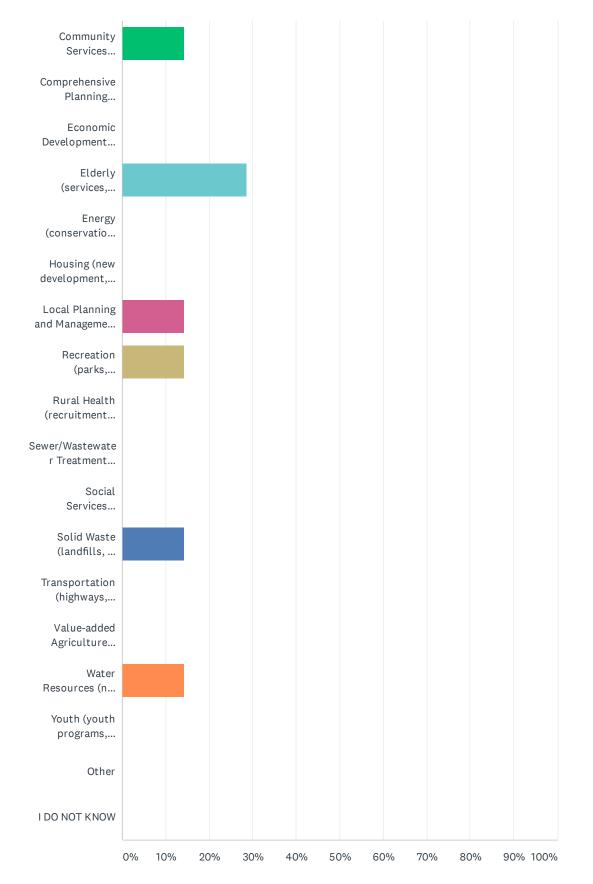
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	28.57%	2
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)		0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	14.29%	1
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	14.29%	1
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	42.86%	3
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		7

SurveyMonkey

Q55 List medium range project #2

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Update Urban Renewal Plan if new Wind Turbine are constructed	12/11/2019 9:58 AM
2	continue support for elderly	12/6/2019 2:22 PM
3	On Going Courthouse Remodeling	11/15/2019 2:17 PM
4	infrastructure	11/14/2019 12:52 PM
5	Two Cottages	11/5/2019 1:54 PM
6	construct transfer stations (landfill)	11/1/2019 1:14 PM
7	Soil and Watershed replacement and improvement	10/21/2019 1:19 PM
8	meal site	10/20/2019 6:44 PM

Q56 Under which of the following categories does project #2 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

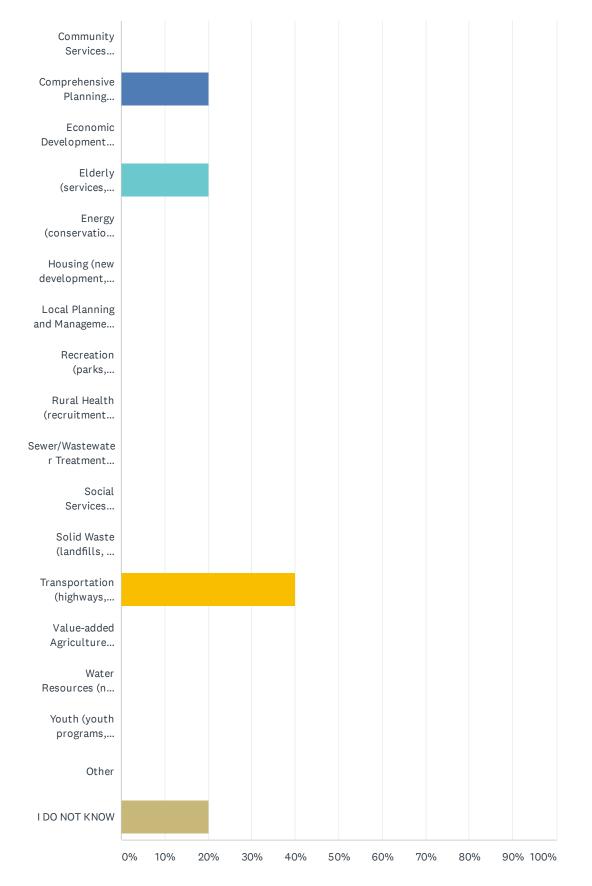


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ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	5E2
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	14.29%	1
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	0.00%	0
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	28.57%	2
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	14.29%	1
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	14.29%	1
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	14.29%	1
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	0.00%	0
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	14.29%	1
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		7

Q57 List medium range project #3

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Cooperative Programs with schools	12/11/2019 9:58 AM
2	Assisted living	11/5/2019 1:54 PM
3	build two bridges	11/1/2019 1:14 PM
4	Infrastructure Maintenance	10/21/2019 1:19 PM
5	repair courthouse	10/20/2019 6:44 PM

Q58 Under which of the following categories does project #3 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

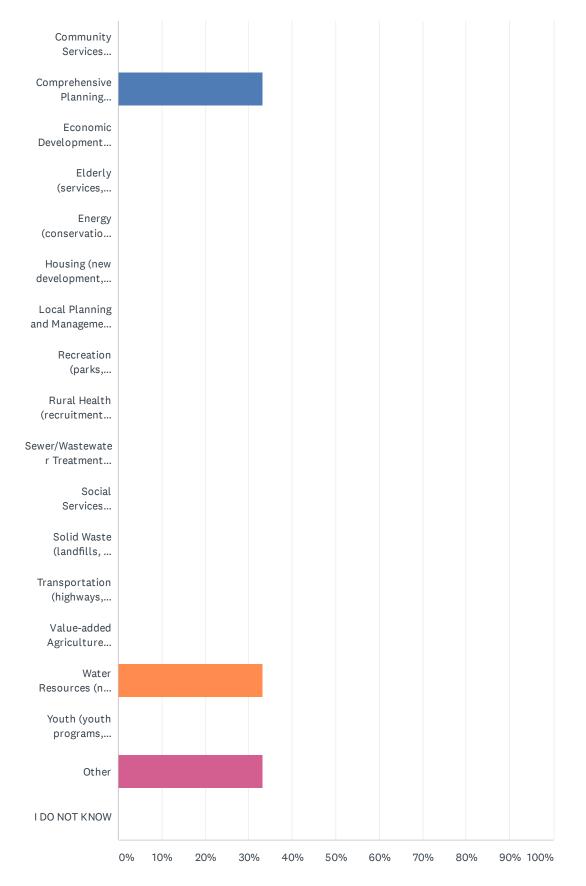


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	0.00%	0
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	20.00%	1
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	0.00%	0
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	20.00%	1
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	0.00%	0
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	40.00%	2
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	20.00%	1
TOTAL		5

Q59 List medium range project #4

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	WiFi Broadband Access	11/5/2019 1:54 PM
2	assist in construction of lake	11/1/2019 1:14 PM
3	stop wind turbines	10/20/2019 6:44 PM

Q60 Under which of the following categories does project #4 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	0.00%	0
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	33.33%	1
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	0.00%	0
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	0.00%	0
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	0.00%	0
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	33.33%	1
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	33.33%	1
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		3

Q61 List medium range project #5

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	upgrade police supplies	10/20/2019 6:44 PM

Q62 Under which of the following categories does project #5 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

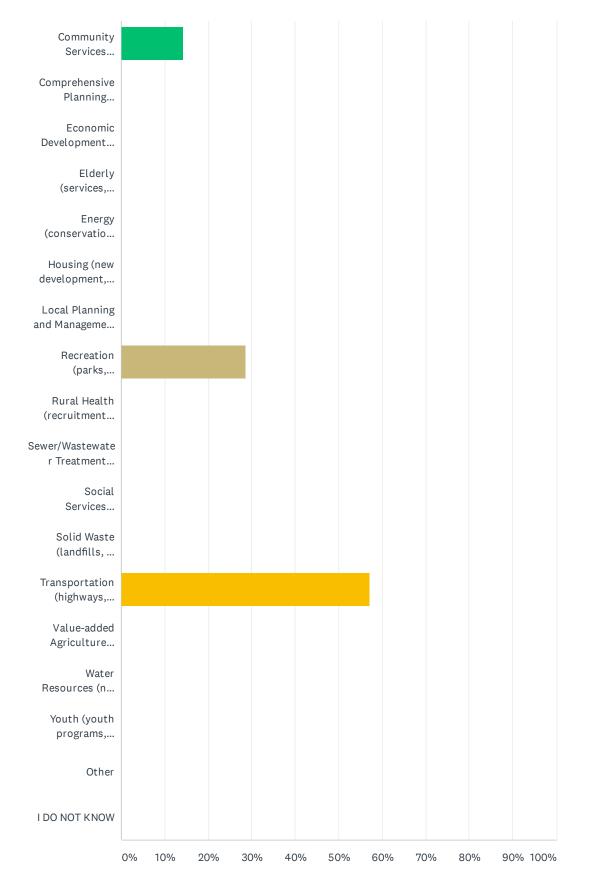


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	100.00%	1
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	0.00%	0
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	0.00%	0
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	0.00%	0
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		1

Q63 List long range project #1.

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Connect to Central Iowa Trail System	12/11/2019 9:59 AM
2	Continue work on bridges/culverts	12/6/2019 2:22 PM
3	Jail/Courthouse Modifications	11/15/2019 2:18 PM
4	streets and roads	11/14/2019 12:55 PM
5	Two cottages	11/5/2019 1:54 PM
6	soil stabilization on county roads	11/1/2019 1:15 PM
7	Bridge replacement	10/21/2019 1:20 PM
8	EMS building	10/20/2019 6:47 PM

Q64 Under which of the following categories does project #1 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

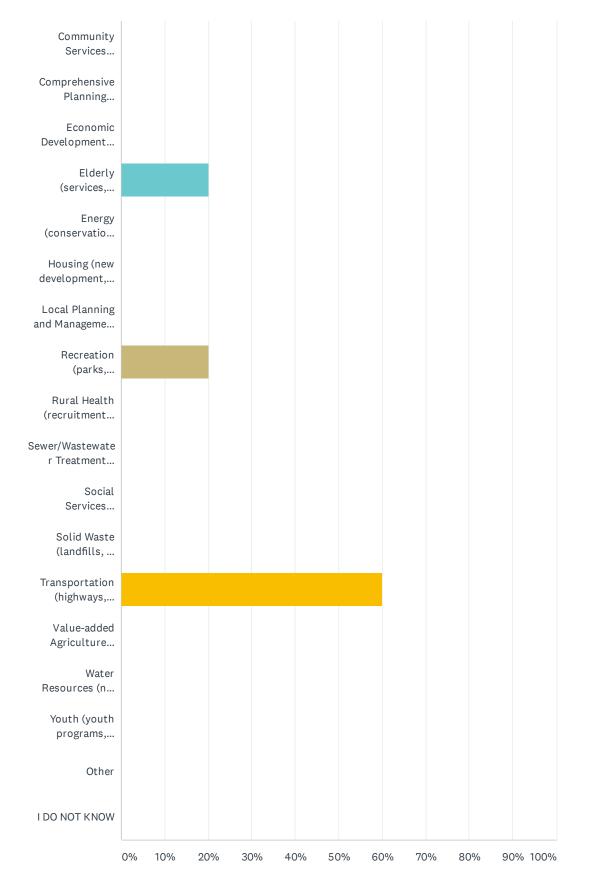


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	14.29%	1
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	0.00%	0
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	28.57%	2
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	57.14%	4
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		7

Q65 List long range project #2

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Road Replacement	12/11/2019 9:59 AM
2	On Going Secondary Roads Improvements	11/15/2019 2:18 PM
3	recreation	11/14/2019 12:55 PM
4	build new maintenance facility	11/1/2019 1:15 PM
5	Road resurfacing	10/21/2019 1:20 PM
6	Meal site	10/20/2019 6:47 PM

Q66 Under which of the following categories does project #2 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

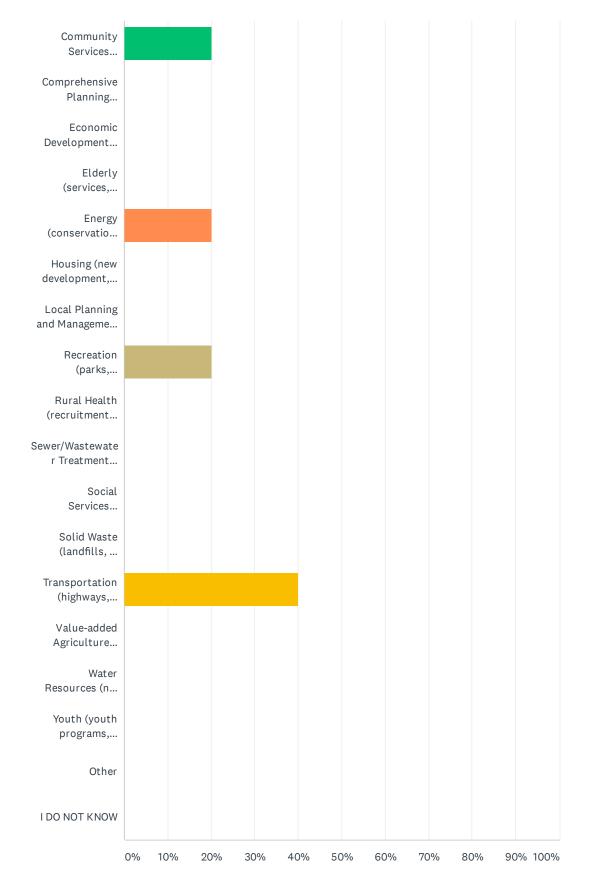


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	0.00%	0
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	0.00%	0
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	20.00%	1
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	20.00%	1
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	60.00%	3
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		5

Q67 List long range project #3

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Public Land Aquisition	12/11/2019 9:59 AM
2	energy	11/14/2019 12:55 PM
3	continue to maintain culverts, bridges, roads	11/1/2019 1:15 PM
4	Infrastructure maintenance	10/21/2019 1:20 PM
5	repair courthouse	10/20/2019 6:47 PM

Q68 Under which of the following categories does project #3 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	20.00%	1
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	0.00%	0
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	20.00%	1
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	20.00%	1
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	40.00%	2
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		5

Q69 List long range project #4

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	update comprehensive planning and zonning and ordiances	10/20/2019 6:47 PM

Q70 Under which of the following categories does project #4 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.

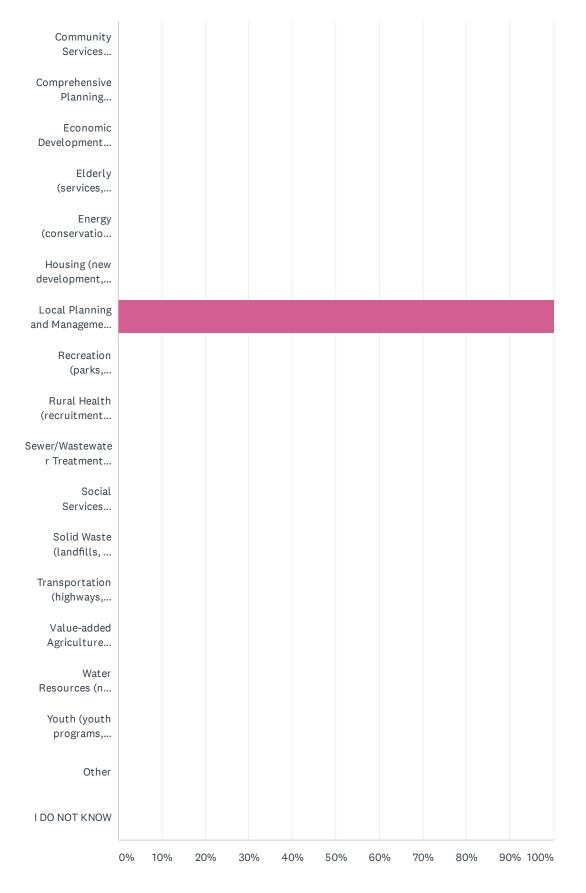


ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	0.00%	0
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	100.00%	1
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	0.00%	0
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	0.00%	0
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	0.00%	0
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	0.00%	0
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		1

Q71 List long range project #5

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	roads	10/20/2019 6:47 PM

Q72 Under which of the following categories does project #5 best fit? If you are unsure, select the "I do not know" option.



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONS	SES
Community Services (community facilities, community protection, funding resources, historical preservation)	0.00%	0
Comprehensive Planning (Comprehensive Plans, Strategic and Capital Improvement Plans, Zoning & Subdivision Ordinances)	0.00%	0
Economic Development (retail, industrial, job creation and retention)	0.00%	0
Elderly (services, assisted living, congregate meal sites, transit, facilities for activities)	0.00%	0
Energy (conservation, new sources)	0.00%	0
Housing (new development, rehabilitation, down payment programs, site development (infrastructure)	0.00%	0
Local Planning and Management (fiscal, grant programs for projects, development groups, tax increment financing (TIF), urban renewal plans (URP), Geographic Information Services (GIS)	100.00%	1
Recreation (parks, campgrounds, trails, playgrounds, aquatic centers)	0.00%	0
Rural Health (recruitment, new clinics, retain current medical services, drug/alcohol awareness programs, treatment programs)	0.00%	0
Sewer/Wastewater Treatment Systems (expansion, new collection systems, maintenance)	0.00%	0
Social Services (network of services, availability of services)	0.00%	0
Solid Waste (landfills, DNR Comprehensive Plans, waste management, recycling, collection)	0.00%	0
Transportation (highways, bridges & roads, transit, trails or bike/pedestrian facilities, safety improvements)	0.00%	0
Value-added Agriculture (raw-product processing, product research & development, new crops/local foods	0.00%	0
Water Resources (new sources, rural water, expansion of community utility)	0.00%	0
Youth (youth programs, program funding, facilities for activities, DARE	0.00%	0
Other	0.00%	0
I DO NOT KNOW	0.00%	0
TOTAL		1

Q73 Name

SurveyMonkey

2020 SICOG CEDS - Survey

1 1230/2019 3:04 PM 2 1230/2019 2:19 PM 3 1229/2019 9:14 PM 6 1226/2019 9:14 PM 7 1221/2019 9:14 PM 8 1221/2019 1:14 AM 9 1221/2019 1:10 0.00 AM 9 129/2019 1:15 LAM 10 129/2019 1:15 LAM 11 129/2019 2:24 PM 13 129/2019 2:24 PM 14 129/2019 2:24 PM 15 129/2019 2:24 PM 16 129/2019 2:24 PM 17 129/2019 2:24 PM 18 129/2019 2:10 PM 19 129/2019 2:10 PM 19 129/2019 2:10 PM 19 129/2019 1:10 PM 110 129/2019 1:10 PM 112 129/2019 1:10 PM 112 129/2019 1:10 PM 112/2019 1:10 PM 129/2019:	#	RESPONSES	DATE
3 12/30/2019 2.01 PM 4 12/28/2019 9.14 PM 5 12/16/2019 8.19 PM 6 12/16/2019 11.46 AM 7 12/13/2019 4.31 PM 8 12/11/2019 10.00 AM 9 12/9/2019 4.38 PM 10 12/9/2019 11.51 AM 11 12/9/2019 2.34 PM 12 12/9/2019 2.32 PM 13 12/9/2019 2.34 PM 14 12/9/2019 2.34 PM 15 12/9/2019 2.32 PM 16 12/9/2019 2.34 PM 17 12/9/2019 2.34 PM 18 12/9/2019 2.32 PM 19 12/9/2019 2.30 PM 16 12/9/2019 2.30 PM 17 12/9/2019 2.30 PM 18 12/9/2019 9.40 AM 20 11/9/2019 9.40 AM 21 12/9/2019 9.40 AM 22 11/9/2019 1.20 PM 23 11/9/2019 1.20 PM 24 11/9/2019 1.20 PM 25 11/9/2019 1.20 PM 26 11/9/2019 1.20 PM 27 11/9/2019 1.20 PM 28 11/9/2019 1.20 PM	1		12/30/2019 3:04 PM
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Q74 Title

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	Director	12/30/2019 3:04 PM
2	Executive Director	12/30/2019 2:19 PM
3	City Administrator/Clerk	12/30/2019 2:01 PM
4	City Councilman	12/29/2019 9:14 PM
5	Mayor	12/16/2019 8:19 PM
6	Council Member	12/16/2019 11:46 AM
7	City Clerk	12/13/2019 4:31 PM
8	Supervisor	12/11/2019 10:00 AM
9	Council Members and Mayor	12/9/2019 4:38 PM
10	Fontanelle City Council member	12/9/2019 11:51 AM
11	Executive Board Member; Ringgold County Supervisor	12/9/2019 8:34 AM
12	Supervisor Adair County	12/6/2019 2:22 PM
13	Supervisor Adair County	12/6/2019 2:14 PM
14	Mayor of Creston	12/6/2019 2:10 PM
15	Executive board	12/5/2019 9:09 AM
16	Mayor	12/5/2019 6:55 AM
17	Executive Director	12/4/2019 7:42 AM
18	City Clerk	12/3/2019 12:16 PM
19	Vice President, Farmers Bank	12/3/2019 9:40 AM
20	Clerk	11/27/2019 6:21 PM
21	Administrator / Clerk	11/26/2019 3:19 PM
22	City Clerk	11/25/2019 5:27 PM
23	City Clerk, Benton	11/22/2019 11:02 AM
24	Clerk	11/18/2019 12:00 PM
25	City Administrator	11/18/2019 10:08 AM
26	Chair-Board of Supervisors	11/15/2019 2:18 PM
27	Execuive Board Member	11/15/2019 8:59 AM
28	City Clerk	11/14/2019 2:56 PM
29	Chairman BOS	11/14/2019 12:57 PM
30	City Clerk	11/14/2019 11:02 AM
31	City Clerk	11/14/2019 9:14 AM
32	Private Sector Representative	11/14/2019 8:51 AM
33	City Clerk	11/14/2019 8:39 AM
34	CITY ADMINISTRATOR	11/13/2019 8:02 AM
35	Ringgold county project board	11/12/2019 7:50 PM
36	City Council	11/12/2019 7:33 PM
37	City Clerk	11/12/2019 11:58 AM

38	Executive Director	11/12/2019 10:02 AM
39	City Clerk, Cromwell	11/7/2019 3:19 PM
40	City Clerk	11/7/2019 12:43 PM
41	Mayor	11/6/2019 3:47 PM
42	Clerk	11/6/2019 10:16 AM
43	Supervisors/Auditor	11/5/2019 1:56 PM
44	Supervisor Adair County	11/5/2019 10:47 AM
45	Bridgewater City Clerk	11/3/2019 5:07 PM
46	Supervisor	11/1/2019 1:16 PM
47	Executive Director	10/24/2019 1:13 PM
48	City Council	10/22/2019 5:14 PM
49	City Administrator	10/21/2019 2:05 PM
50	Taylor County Auditor	10/21/2019 1:21 PM
51	Madison County Supervisor	10/20/2019 6:47 PM
52	City Clerk/Business Manager	10/19/2019 7:35 PM
53	Excecutive Director	10/18/2019 3:30 PM
54	member	10/18/2019 2:04 PM
55	Executive Director	10/18/2019 12:06 PM
56	private sector representative	10/18/2019 11:46 AM
57	Executive Director	10/18/2019 11:10 AM
58	RIZ Board	10/18/2019 10:05 AM
59	private sector representative	10/18/2019 8:23 AM
60	Board Member	10/18/2019 7:51 AM

Q75 Email Address

Answered: 60 Skipped: 16

2020 SICOG CEDS - Survey

SurveyMonkey

#	RESPONSES	DATE
1		12/30/2019 3:04 PM
2		12/30/2019 2:19 PM
3		12/30/2019 2:01 PM
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6		12/16/2019 11:46 AM
7		12/13/2019 4:31 PM
8		12/11/2019 10:00 AM
9		12/9/2019 4:38 PM
10		12/9/2019 11:51 AM
11		12/9/2019 8:34 AM
12		12/6/2019 2:22 PM
13		12/6/2019 2:14 PM
14		12/6/2019 2:10 PM
15		12/5/2019 9:09 AM
16		12/5/2019 6:55 AM
17		12/4/2019 7:42 AM
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47		10/24/2019 1:13 PM
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Q76 Phone Number

Answered: 54 Skipped: 22

SurveyMonkey

2020 SICOG CEDS - Survey

	REARANGES	D.475
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3		 12/30/2019 2:01 PM
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5		 12/13/2019 4:31 PM
6		 12/11/2019 10:00 AM
7		 12/9/2019 4:38 PM
8		 12/9/2019 11:51 AM
9		 12/9/2019 8:34 AM
10		 12/6/2019 2:22 PM
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SurveyMonkey

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42	10/24/2019 1:13 PM
43	10/22/2019 5:14 PM
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49	10/18/2019 2:04 PM
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51	10/18/2019 11:46 AM
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54	10/18/2019 7:51 AM

2016

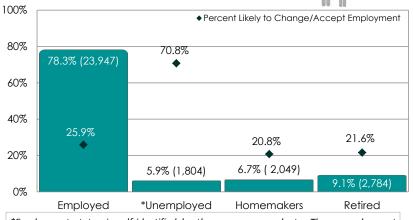


ADAIR COUNTY, IOWA LABORSHED ANALYSIS A STUDY OF WORKFORCE CHARACTERISTICS

ADAIR COUNTY LABORSHED ANALYSIS

A Laborshed is the area or region from which an employment center draws its commuting workers. To determine the approximate boundaries of a Laborshed area, local employers supply the residential ZIP codes of each of their employees. This Laborshed analysis addresses the workforce characteristics of the Adair County Laborshed area.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (ESTIMATED TOTAL)*



*Employment status is self-identified by the survey respondent. The unemployment percentage above does not reflect the unemployment rate published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, which applies a stricter definition.

Estimated Population 18-64: 30,584 (entire Laborshed area)

Estimated Number of Individuals Very Likely or Somewhat Likely to Change or Accept Employment in Greenfield (7,250):

- 6,149 Employed
- 361 Unemployed
- 396 Homemakers
- 344 Retired

UNDEREMPLOYMENT

	Underemployment					
\$¥	% Underemployed	Estimated Underemployed				
Inadequate Hours	2.2%	135				
Mismatch of Skills	2.5%	154				
Low Income	1.7%	105				
†Total Underemployment	5.9%	363				
t individuals may be underemployed for more than one reason, but are counted only once for total estimated underemployment.						

The underemployed are individuals who are working fewer than 35 hours per week but desire more hours; are working in positions that do not meet their skill or education level, or have worked for higher wages at previous employment; or are working at wages equal to or less than the national poverty level and work 35 or more hours per week.

EMPLOYMENT LEVELS AND STATUS BY INDUSTRY

111	Industry % of Employed	Estimated # of Employed	% Employed within the Industry	% Likely to Change Employment	% Unemployed* within the Industry
Manufacturing	16.1%	3,855	82.0%	28.6%	4.9%
Healthcare & Social Services	15.1%	3,616	74.6%	29.8%	4.8%
Agriculture, Forestry & Mining	11.3%	2,706	94.6%	14.7%	0.0%
Wholesale & Retail Trade	11.3%	2,706	79.5%	37.1%	9.1%
Education	9.6%	2,299	68.2%	25.0%	4.5%
Personal Services	7.1%	1,700	81.5%	27.3%	7.4%
Professional Services	7.1%	1,700	95.7%	28.6%	0.0%
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	6.8%	1,628	84.0%	30.0%	4.0%
Public Administration & Government	6.1%	1,461	70.4%	22.2%	3.7%
Transportation, Communication & Utilities	4.2%	1,006	81.3%	23.1%	0.0%
Construction	3.9%	934	63.2%	8.3%	31.6%
Entertainment & Recreation	1.2%	287	**		**
Active Military Duty	0.2%	49	**		**

** Insufficient survey data/refused

Survey respondents from the Adair County Laborshed area were asked to identify the industry in which they are currently working. The largest concentration of workers are employed in the manufacturing industry.

EMPLOYED - LIKELY TO CHANGE EMPLOYMENT

- Median wages: \$13.25/hr & 45,000/yr
- 22.4% are actively seeking new employment
- 21.2% are working multiple jobs

www.indeed.com

www.iowajobs.org

Networkina,

8.3%

Newspapers,

33.3%

- Currently working an average of 42 hrs/week
- 29.7% currently working within the professional, paraprofessional & technical occupational category followed by 21.6% within each of the production, construction & material handling and service occupational categories
- Most frequently identified job search resources:

Internet

69.4%

The Des Moines Register

COMMUTING STATISTICS



The map at the right represents the concentration of those who are likely to commute into Greenfield from their home ZIP for an employment opportunity.

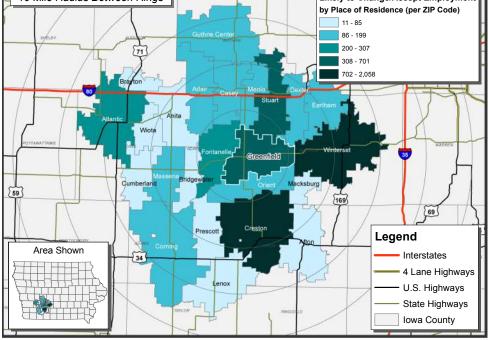
Those who are likely to change/accept employment in the Adair County Laborshed area are willing to commute an average of 25 miles one-way for employment opportunities.

The out commute for Greenfield is estimated at 42.6 percent approximately 482 people living in Greenfield work in other communities.

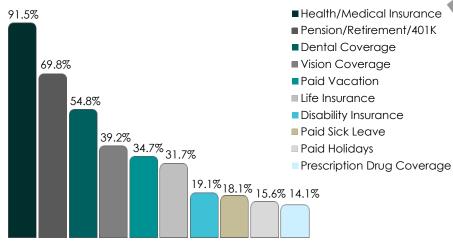
Most of those who are out commuting are working in Creston, Fontanelle, Des Moines or Johnston.

Over one-third (34.6%) of out commuters are likely to change employment (approximately 167 people).





TOP CURRENT BENEFITS OF THE FULL-TIME EMPLOYED



The survey provides the respondents an opportunity to identify employment benefits they currently are offered. The chart at left provides the percentage of responses from those that are currently employed full-time.

The majority (72.7%) of these respondents state they are currently sharing the cost of health/medical insurance premiums with their employer. However, 18.7 percent indicate their employer pays the entire cost of insurance premiums.

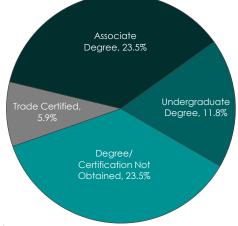
EDUCATION LEVELS AND MEDIAN WAGES BY INDUSTRY

$ = \mathbf{c} $		Education	Median Wages		
	Some Level Beyond High School	Associate Degree	Undergraduate Degree or Higher	Annual Salary	Hourly Wage
All Employed	73.5%	15.1%	32.5%	\$54,000	\$15.00
Agriculture, Forestry & Mining	70.3%	18.9%	29.7%	\$40,000	\$15.00
Construction	47.4%	10.5%	10.5%	\$52,000	\$15.25
Education	95.5%	9.1%	70.4%	\$50,000	\$13.40
Entertainment & Recreation	**				**
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	84.0%	32.0%	36.0%	\$58,500	\$19.25
Healthcare & Social Services	80.9%	23.8%	31.7%	\$62,500	\$15.00
Manufacturing	57.4%	14.8%	16.4%	\$62,500	\$16.00
Personal Services	55.6%	11.1%	14.8%	\$49,000	\$8.75
Professional Services	65.2%	4.3%	43.5%	\$40,000	\$13.90
Public Administration & Government	74.1%	11.1%	25.9%	\$62,000	\$18.00
Transportation, Communication & Utilities	68.7%	12.5%	18.8%	\$75,000	\$14.84
Wholesale & Retail Trade	77.3%	13.6%	34.1%	\$60,000	\$10.50

The education and wage data by industry within the above table includes all respondents without consideration of employment status or willingness to change/enter employment "Insufficient survey data/refused

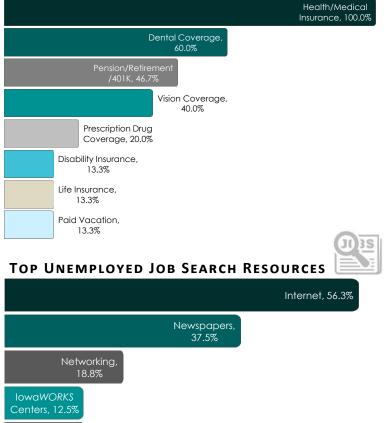
UNEMPLOYED - LIKELY TO ACCEPT EMPLOYMENT

- 64.7% are actively seeking employment
- An estimated 361 unemployed individuals are likely to accept employment in Greenfield.
- Average age is 38 years old
- 52.9% are male; 47.1% are female
- Education:
 - 64.7% are educated beyond high school



- Wages:
 - \$13.45/hr to attract 66% of applicants
 - \$14.25/hr to attract 75% of applicants
 - \$10.75/hr lowest median wage willing to accept
- Willing to commute an average of 29 miles one way for the right opportunity
- 58.8% expressed interest in both seasonal and temporary employment opportunities
- 50.0% expressed interest in working varied shifts

DESIRED BENEFITS





SPONSORED IN PARTNERSHIP WITH:



FOR MORE INFORMATION REGARDING THE ADAIR COUNTY LABORSHED ANALYSIS, CONTACT:

Midwest Partnership EDC Adair, Audubon, Greene, & Guthrie Counties P.O. Box 537; 615 S Division St. Stuart, Iowa 50250 Phone: 515-523-1262 Fax: 515-523-1397 Email: Email: info@midwestpartnership.com www.midwestpartnership.com



Data compiled and analyzed by: Iowa Workforce Development Labor Market Information Division 1000 E. Grand Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa 50319 Phone: (515) 281-7505 | Email: laborshed.studies@iwd.iowa.gov www.iowalmi.gov

Adams County Laborshed Analysis

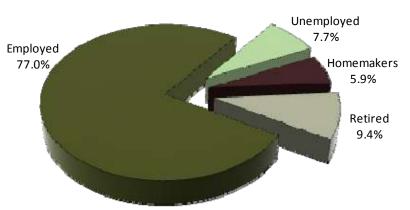


A Study of Workforce Characteristics Released November 2011

Laborshed Studies

A Laborshed is defined as the area or region from which an employment center draws its commuting workers. To determine the approximate boundaries of the Adams County Laborshed area, local employers supplied the ZIP code listings of where each of their employees reside. This Laborshed analysis addresses underemployment, the availability and willingness of current and prospective employees to change employment within the workforce, current and desired occupations, wages, hours worked, and distance willing to commute to work. See contact information on back.

Employment Status



Total Potential Labor Force: 40,016 (entire Laborshed Area)

Estimated Number of Individuals Very Likely or Somewhat Likely to Change or Accept Employment (6,542)

- 5,508 Employed
- 268 Unemployed
- 373 Homemakers, Not Employed
- 393 Retired

Quick Facts

(Employed - willing to change employment)

- 20.5% are working multiple jobs
- Currently working an average of 41 hours per week
- Average age is 49 years old
- 40.3% currently working within the professional, paraprofessional, & technical occupational category followed by 20.8% within the production, construction, & material handling occupational category •
 - Most frequently identified job search sources:
 - Internet www.iowaworkforce.org www.google.com www.monster.com
 - Local/Regional newspapers The Des Moines Register Omaha World Herald The Red Oak Express Adams County Free Press
 - Local Iowa Workforce Development Centers
 - Networking through friends, family, and acquaintances

Underemployment

The underemployed are composed of individuals who are working fewer than 35 hours per week but desire more hours; who are working at wages equal to or less than the national poverty level; and/or who are working in positions that do not meet their skill or education levels, or worked for higher wages at previous employment.

- 3.5% Inadequate hours (193 people)
- 3.2% Mismatch of skills (176 people)
- 1.5% Low income (83 people)
- 6.9% Total estimated underemployment (380 people)

Individuals may be underemployed for more than one reason, but are counted only once for total estimated underemployment.

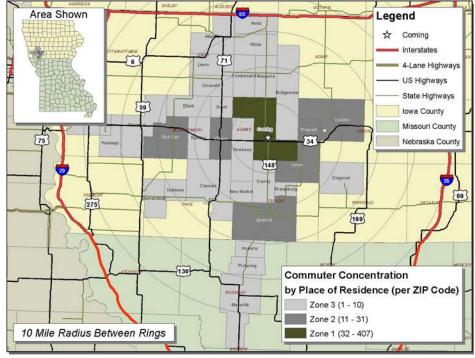
Industrial Classification of the Employed

Industry	% of Laborshed	# of Employed	% Employed	% Willing to Change Employment	% Unemployed
Education	18.0%	5,546	82.3%	21.6%	3.2%
Healthcare & Social Services	16.3%	5,022	83.6%	21.7%	5.5%
Manufacturing	14.8%	4,560	82.4%	33.3%	3.9%
Wholesale & Retail Trade	10.2%	3,143	70.7%	27.6%	7.3%
Public Administration & Government	8.1%	2,496	74.2%	21.7%	6.5%
Agriculture	6.7%	2,064	95.0%	15.8%	*
Transportation, Communication, & Utilities	6.0%	1,849	73.9%	29.4%	4.3%
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	5.3%	1,633	75.0%	13.3%	5.0%
Construction	4.9%	1,510	87.5%	21.4%	12.5%
Personal Services	4.6%	1,417	72.2%	23.1%	11.1%
Professional Services	3.5%	1,078	90.9%	10.0%	9.1%
Entertainment & Recreation	0.8%	246	*	*	*
Active Military Duty	0.8%	246	*	*	*

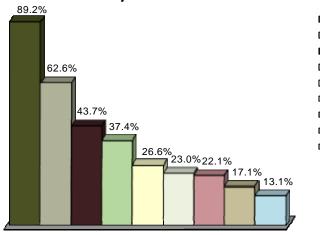
* Insufficient survey data/refused

Survey respondents from the Adams County Laborshed area were asked to identify the industry in which they are currently working. The largest concentration of workers are employed in the education industry.

Adams County Laborshed Area



Benefits Currently Offered



Health/Medical
Pension/Retirement
Dental Coverage
Paid Vacation
Life Insurance
Paid Sick Leave
Vision Coverage
Paid Holidays
Disability Insurance

Commuting Statistics

The map at the left represents commuting patterns into Corning with the concentration per ZIP code represented in the legend.

Those who are willing to change/accept employment in the Adams County Laborshed area are willing to commute an average of 28 miles one way for employment opportunities.



The survey provides the respondents an opportunity to identify employment benefits they currently are offered. The chart at left provides the percentage of responses from those that are currently employed. The top nine benefits are shown.

The majority (70.6%) of respondents state they are currently sharing the cost of health/medical insurance premiums with their employer. However, 23.9 percent indicate their employer pays the entire cost of insurance premiums.

Education and Median Wage Characteristics by Industry

		Education	Median Wages		
Industry	Some Level Beyond High School	Associate Degree	Undergraduate Degree or Higher	Salary Wages (per year)	Non Salary Wages (per hour)
Agriculture	65.0%	10.0%	25.0%	\$40,000	\$13.00
Construction	50.0%	12.5%	12.5%	*	\$17.50
Manufacturing	56.9%	13.7%	31.4%	\$50,000	\$15.98
Transportation, Communication, & Utilities	78.3%	8.7%	34.7%	\$74,000	\$12.50
Wholesale & Retail Trade	63.4%	9.8%	14.6%	\$37,500	\$8.55
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	60.0%	5.0%	45.0%	\$57,500	\$10.50
Healthcare & Social Services	67.3%	20.0%	29.1%	\$64,000	\$12.99
Personal Services	55.6%	16.7%	22.3%	\$25,000	\$9.13
Entertainment & Recreation	*	*	*	*	*
Professional Services	90.9%	27.3%	63.7%	\$82,000	\$13.63
Public Administration & Government	80.6%	12.9%	35.5%	\$52,500	\$18.13
Education	83.9%	11.3%	67.7%	\$41,750	\$10.90

This table includes all respondents without consideration of employment status or willingness to change/enter employment. *Insufficient survey data/refused

Unemployed - Those Willing to Enter/Re-enter Employment

- An estimated 268 unemployed individuals are willing to accept
 employment
- Average age is 45 years old
- 68.0% are female; 32.0% are male
- Education:
 - 72.0% have an education beyond high school
 - 4.0% have vocational training
 - 8.0% have an associate degree
 - 12.0% have an undergraduate degree
 - 12.0% have a postgraduate/professional degree
- Estimated wage range to attract the upper 66-75% qualified hourly wage applicants is \$11.16 to \$12.30/hr. with a median of the lowest wage of \$10.00
- Willing to commute an average of 30 miles one way for the right opportunity
- 84.0% expressed interest in seasonal and 72.0% in temporary employment opportunities
- 52.0% expressed interest in working varied shifts (2nd, 3rd & split)
- Would prefer to enter employment that offers the following benefits:
 - Health/medical insurance 87.0%
 - Dental coverage 43.5%
 - Pension/retirement options 26.1%
 - Vision coverage 17.4%
 - Life insurance 13.0%
 - Paid holidays 8.7%
 - Disability insurance 4.3%
 - Flextime 4.3%
 - Paid vacation 4.3%
 - Prescription drug coverage 4.3%
 - 70.0% indicated they are seeking employment offers where the employer/employee share the cost of medical insurance premiums.

th it) letits: a.7% Privade Employment Services a.7% Privade Employment Services

Sponsored in Partnership with









For more information regarding the Adams County Laborshed Analysis, contact:

Beth Waddle Adams Community Economic Development Corporation (ACEDC) 710 Davis Ave. Corning, IA 50841 Phone: 641-322-5229 Fax: 641-322-4387 Email: acedc@frontiernet.net www.adamscountyiowa.com/



This information is analyzed and compiled by the lowa Workforce Development Labor Market & Workforce Information Division Regional Research & Analysis Bureau 1000 E. Grand Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa 50319 (515) 281-7505 www.iowaworkforce.org

Clarke County, Iowa Laborshed Analysis



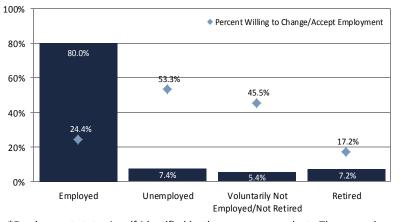
Released October 2013

A Study of Workforce Characteristics

Laborshed Studies

A Laborshed is defined as the area or region from which an employment center draws its commuting workers. To determine the approximate boundaries of the Clarke County Laborshed area, local employers supplied the ZIP code listings of where each of their employees reside. This Laborshed analysis addresses underemployment, the availability and willingness of current and prospective employees to change employment within the workforce, current and desired occupations, wages, hours worked and distance willing to commute to work.

Employment Status*



*Employment status is self-identified by the survey respondent. The unemployment percentage above does not reflect the unemployment rate published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, which applies a stricter definition.

Total Potential Labor Force: 254,227 (entire Laborshed Area)

Estimated Number of Individuals Very Likely or Somewhat Likely to Change or Accept Employment (24,963)

- 17,145 Employed
- 1,599 Unemployed
- 1,272 Voluntarily Not Employed/Not Retired
- 4,947 Retired

Underemployment

The underemployed are composed of individuals who are working fewer than 35 hours per week but desire more hours; are working at wages equal to or less than the national poverty level; and/or are working in positions that do not meet their skill or education levels, or worked for higher wages at previous employment.

- 2.2% Inadequate hours (377 people)
- 3.7% Mismatch of skills (634 people)
- 0.7% Low income (120 people)
- 5.7% Total estimated underemployment (977 people)

Individuals may be underemployed for more than one reason, but are counted only once for total estimated underemployment.

Industrial Classification of the Employed

Industry	% of Laborshed	# of Employed	% Employed	% Willing to Change Employment	% Unemployed
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	13.7%	27,863	86.4%	23.7%	4.5%
Manufacturing	13.0%	26,440	78.3%	25.0%	13.0%
Education	12.6%	25,626	79.5%	20.0%	0.0%
Wholesale & Retail Trade	11.9%	24,202	71.7%	27.3%	17.4%
Healthcare & Social Services	11.2%	22,779	79.5%	22.6%	7.7%
Public Administration & Government	10.1%	20,542	84.8%	14.3%	3.0%
Transportation, Communication & Utilities	8.7%	17,694	82.8%	25.0%	10.3%
Professional Services	4.7%	9,559	81.3%	15.4%	0.0%
Personal Services	4.3%	8,745	85.7%	16.7%	0.0%
Agriculture, Forestry & Mining	3.6%	7,322	90.9%	20.0%	0.0%
Entertainment & Recreation	2.9%	5,898	88.9%	75.0%	11.1%
Construction	2.5%	5,085	87.5%	14.3%	12.5%
Active Military Duty	0.8%	1,627	*	*	*

* Insufficient survey data/refused

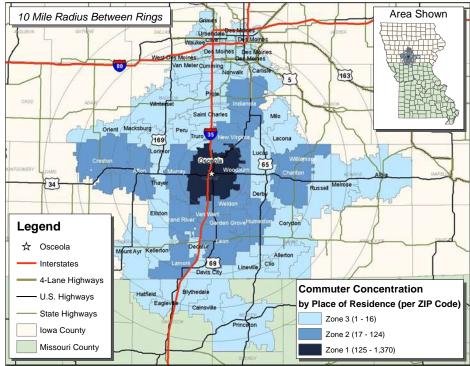
Survey respondents from the Clarke County Laborshed area were asked to identify the industry in which they are currently working. The largest concentration of workers are employed in the finance, insurance & real estate industry.

Quick Facts

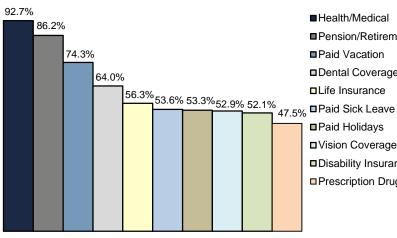
(Employed - willing to change employment)

- 14.1% are working multiple jobs
- Currently working an average of 43 hours per week
- Average age is 47 years old
- 31.2% currently working within the professional, paraprofessional & technical occupational category followed by 19.5% within the production, construction & material handling occupational category
- Most frequently identified job search sources:
 - Internet 85.5%
 <u>www.monster.com</u>
 <u>www.careerbuilder.com</u>
 <u>www.craigslist.org</u>
 www.iowajobs.org
 - Local/Regional newspapers 39.4%
 The Des Moines Register
 Osceola Sentinel-Tribune
 Creston News Advertiser
 - Networking through friends, family and acquaintances 18.4%
 - Local IowaWORKS Centers 10.5%

Clarke County Laborshed Area



Benefits Currently Offered



Health/Medical Pension/Retirement ■ Paid Vacation Dental Coverage □ l ife Insurance Paid Holidays Vision Coverage Disability Insurance ■ Prescription Drug Coverage

Commuting Statistics

The map at the left represents commuting patterns into Osceola with the concentration per ZIP code represented in the legend.

Those who are willing to change/accept employment in the Clarke County Laborshed area are willing to commute an average of 26 miles one way for employment opportunities.



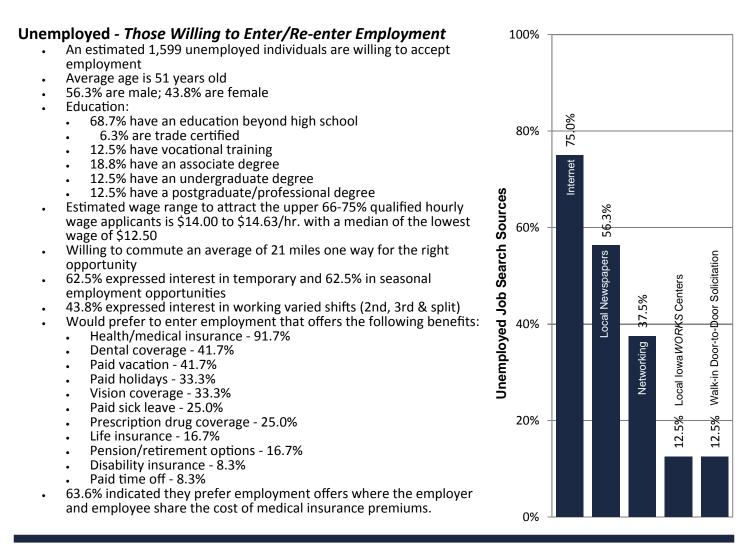
The survey provides the respondents an opportunity to identify employment benefits they currently are offered. The chart at left provides the percentage of responses from those that are currently employed. The top nine benefits are shown.

The majority (81.1%) of respondents state they are currently sharing the cost of health/medical insurance premiums with their employer. However, 12.3 percent indicate their employer pays the entire cost of insurance premiums.

Education and Median Wage Characteristics by Industry

		Education	Median Wages		
Industry	Some Level Beyond High School	Associate Degree	Undergraduate Degree or Higher	Salary Wages (per year)	Non Salary Wages (per hour)
Agriculture	27.3%	18.2%	0.0%	\$31,800	*
Construction	50.0%	12.5%	25.0%	*	*
Manufacturing	45.7%	6.5%	15.2%	\$70,000	\$15.05
Transportation, Communication & Utilities	55.2%	13.8%	27.5%	\$70,000	\$22.50
Wholesale & Retail Trade	65.2%	10.9%	19.6%	\$55,000	\$10.00
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	90.9%	18.2%	68.2%	\$70,000	\$19.00
Healthcare & Social Services	71.8%	20.5%	28.2%	\$67,500	\$12.60
Personal Services	92.9%	7.1%	42.8%	\$32,500	\$10.25
Entertainment & Recreation	77.8%	11.1%	33.3%	*	\$12.53
Professional Services	81.2%	12.5%	68.7%	\$60,000	\$15.00
Public Administration & Government	63.6%	18.2%	33.4%	\$65,000	\$22.00
Education	93.2%	9.1%	77.3%	\$50,000	\$10.92

This table includes all respondents without consideration of employment status or willingness to change/enter employment. *Insufficient survey data/refused



Sponsored in Partnership with



For more information regarding the Clarke County Laborshed Analysis, contact:

The Development Corporation of Clarke County, Iowa P.O. Box 426 Osceola, IA 50213 Phone: 641-342-2944 Fax: 641-342-6353 Email: info@clarkecountyiowa.com www.clarkecountyiowa.com



This information is analyzed and compiled by the lowa Workforce Development Communications & Labor Market Information Division Regional Research & Analysis Bureau 1000 E. Grand Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa 50319 (515) 281-7505 www.iowaworkforce.org

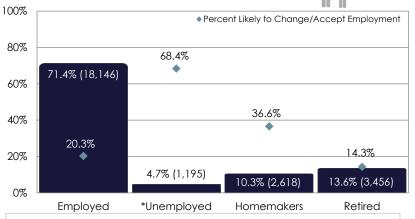
DECATUR COUNTY LABORSHED ANALYSIS A STUDY IN WORKFORCE CHARACTERISTICS

RELEASED | 2017

DECATUR COUNTY LABORSHED ANALYSIS

A Laborshed is the area or region from which an employment center draws its commuting workers. To determine the approximate boundaries of a Laborshed area, local employers supply the residential ZIP codes of each of their employees. This Laborshed analysis addresses the workforce characteristics of the Decatur County Laborshed area.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (ESTIMATED TOTAL)*



*Employment status is self-identified by the survey respondent. The unemployment percentage above does not reflect the unemployment rate published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, which applies a stricter definition.

Estimated Population 18-64: 25,415 (entire Laborshed area)

Estimated Number of Individuals Very Likely or Somewhat Likely to Change or Accept Employment in Leon (6,313):

- 5,675 Employed
- 116 Unemployed
- 250 Homemakers
- 272 Retired

UNDEREMPLOYMENT

	Underemployment				
\$*	% Underemployed	Estimated Underemployed			
Inadequate Hours	1.7%	96			
Mismatch of Skills	3.2%	182			
Low Income	1.0%	57			
†Total Underemployment	4.7%	267			

The underemployed are individuals who are working fewer than 35 hours per week but desire more hours; are working in positions that do not meet their skill or education level, or have worked for higher wages at previous employment; or are working at wages equal to or less than the national poverty level and work 35 or more hours per week.

+ Individuals may be underemployed for more than one reason. but are counted only once for total estimated underemployment.

EMPLOYMENT LEVELS AND STATUS BY INDUSTRY

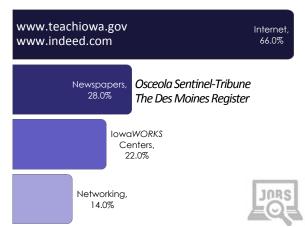
	Industry % of Employed	Estimated # of Employed	% Employed within the Industry	% Likely to Change Employment	% Unemployed* within the Industry
Education	19.5%	3,538	80.0%	24.5%	2.9%
Healthcare & Social Services	13.9%	2,522	61.5%	25.6%	9.2%
Wholesale & Retail Trade	13.9%	2,522	70.2%	27.5%	3.5%
Agriculture, Forestry & Mining	9.1%	1,651	92.9%	12.5%	3.6%
Manufacturing	7.7%	1,397	73.3%	15.0%	10.0%
Public Administration & Government	7.3%	1,325	75.0%	19.0%	0.0%
Transportation, Communication & Utilities	6.6%	1,198	59.4%	16.7%	0.0%
Personal Services	6.6%	1,198	86.4%	12.5%	4.5%
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	6.3%	1,143	75.0%	5.6%	0.0%
Construction	4.9%	889	56.0%	21.4%	4.0%
Professional Services	4.2%	762	66.7%	27.3%	11.1%

Totals may vary due to rounding methods.

Survey respondents from the Decatur County Laborshed area were asked to identify the industry in which they are currently working. The largest concentration of workers are employed in the education industry.

EMPLOYED - LIKELY TO CHANGE EMPLOYMENT

- Median wages: \$15.00/hr & \$51,000/yr
- 17.3% are actively seeking new employment
- 16.1% are working multiple jobs
- Currently working an average of 42 hrs/week
- 40.8% currently working within the professional, paraprofessional & technical occupational category followed by 20.4% within the production, construction & material handling occupational category
- Most frequently identified job search resources:



COMMUTING STATISTICS

The map at the right represents the concentration of those who are likely to commute into Leon from their home ZIP for an employment opportunity.

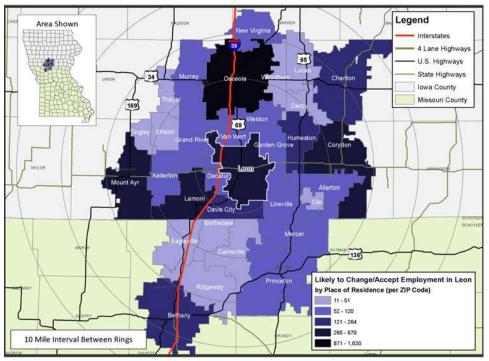
Those who are likely to change/accept employment in the Decatur County Laborshed area are willing to commute an average of 29 miles one-way for employment opportunities.

The out commute for Leon is estimated at 36.1 percent—approximately 370 people living in Leon work in other communities.

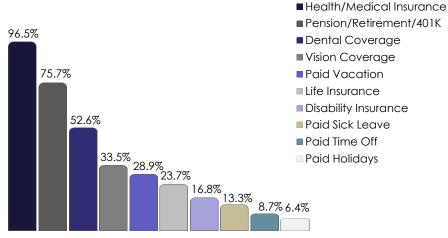
Most of those who are out commuting are working in Osceola and Lamoni.

One-third (33.3%) of out commuters are likely to change employment (approximately 123 people).

CONCENTRATION OF THOSE LIKELY TO CHANGE/ACCEPT EMPLOYMENT IN LEON



TOP CURRENT BENEFITS OF THE FULL-TIME EMPLOYED



The survey provides the respondents an opportunity to identify employment benefits they currently are offered. The chart at left provides the percentage of responses from those that are currently employed full-time.

The majority (72.6%) of these respondents state they are currently sharing the cost of health/medical insurance premiums with their employer. However, 15.4 percent indicate their employer pays the entire cost of insurance premiums.

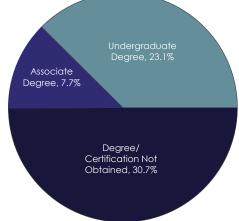
EDUCATION LEVELS AND MEDIAN WAGES BY INDUSTRY

		Education	Median Wages		
	Some Level Beyond High School	Associate Degree	Undergraduate Degree or Higher	Annual Salary	Hourly Wage
All Employed	71.6 %	15.6%	33.2%	\$50,000	\$15.00
Agriculture, Forestry & Mining	35.7%	7.1%	14.3%	\$29,400	\$13.78
Construction	44.0%	16.0%	0.0%	\$50,000	\$20.00
Education	88.6%	8.6%	60.1%	\$49,500	\$12.08
Entertainment & Recreation	**	**	**	**	**
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	79.2%	8.3%	37.5%	\$70,000	\$12.00
Healthcare & Social Services	73.4%	17.2%	32.9%	\$74,000	\$17.90
Manufacturing	56.7%	33.3%	6.6%	\$62,000	\$17.15
Personal Services	68.2%	0.0%	31.8%	\$36,000	\$10.45
Professional Services	83.3%	22.2%	38.9%	**	\$15.00
Public Administration & Government	82.1%	10.7%	46.5%	\$93,000	\$18.31
Transportation, Communication & Utilities	53.1%	6.3%	18.8%	\$65,500	\$20.00
Wholesale & Retail Trade	47.4%	14.0%	12.3%	\$55,000	\$10.00

The education and wage data by industry within the above table includes all respondents without consideration of employment status or willingness to change/enter employment. **Insufficient survey data/refused

UNEMPLOYED - LIKELY TO ACCEPT EMPLOYMENT

- 61.5% are actively seeking employment
- An estimated 116 unemployed individuals are likely to accept employment in Leon.
- Average age is 45 years old
- 61.5% are female; 38.5% are male
- Education:
 - 61.5% are educated beyond high school



- Wages:
 - \$13.00/hr lowest median wage willing to accept
 - \$16.82/hr to attract 66% of applicants
 - \$22.75/hr to attract 75% of applicants
- Willing to commute an average of 31 miles one way for the right opportunity
- 80.0% expressed interest in seasonal and 66.7% in temporary employment opportunities
- 66.7% expressed interest in working varied shifts

TOP DESIRED BENEFITS



Health/Medical nsurance, 100.0%

					IIISUIC	ince, 100.0%
				n/Retirement 1K, 66.7%		
		Dental Cover 22.2%	rage,			
		Vision Coverd 22.2%	age,			
		y Insurance, 1.1%				
	Life Insu 11.1					
	Paid Ho 11.1					
	Paid Tim 11.1					
	Paid Va 11.				0-	
Тор	Јов	SEARCH	Reso	URCES		
The Le	on Journ	al-Reporter				Newspapers, 61.5%
10/10/10/						
	indeed	.com	Inter	net, 38.5%		

SPONSORED IN PARTNERSHIP WITH:



LAMONI DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION





FOR MORE INFORMATION REGARDING THE DECATUR COUNTY LABORSHED ANALYSIS, CONTACT:

Decatur County Development Corporation 207 N Main Street Leon, IA 50144 Phone: 641-442-6511 Email: serb@dcdciowa.org www.decaturcountydevelopment.org



Data compiled and analyzed by: Iowa Workforce Development Labor Market Information Division 1000 E. Grand Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa 50319 Phone: (515) 281-7505 | Email: laborshed.studies@iwd.iowa.gov www.iowalmi.gov

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LABORSHED ANALYSIS

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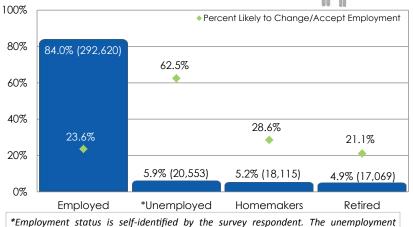
A STUDY OF WORKFORCE CHARACTERISTICS

MADISON COUNTY LABORSHED ANALYSIS

A Laborshed is the area or region from which an employment center draws its commuting workers. To determine the approximate boundaries of a Laborshed area, local employers supply the residential ZIP codes of each of their employees. This Laborshed analysis addresses the workforce characteristics of the Madison County Laborshed area.

•

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (ESTIMATED TOTAL)*



*Employment status is self-identified by the survey respondent. The unemployment percentage above does not reflect the unemployment rate published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, which applies a stricter definition.

Estimated Population 18-64: 348,357 (entire Laborshed area)

Estimated Number of Individuals Very Likely or Somewhat Likely to Change or Accept Employment in Winterset (42,910):

- 37,669 Employed
- 1,421 Unemployed
- 1,511 Homemakers
- 2,309 Retired

UNDEREMPLOYMENT

	Underemployment							
\$7	% Underemployed	Estimated Underemployed						
Inadequate Hours	1.7%	640						
Mismatch of Skills	3.0%	1,130						
Low Income	0.2%	75						
†Total Underemployment	4.4%	1,657						
† Individuals may be underemployed for more than one reason, but are counted only once for total estimated underemployment.								

The underemployed are individuals who are working fewer than 35 hours per week but desire more hours; are working in positions that do not meet their skill or education level, or have worked for higher wages at previous employment; or are working at wages equal to or less than the national poverty level and work 35 or more hours per week.

EMPLOYMENT LEVELS AND STATUS BY INDUSTRY

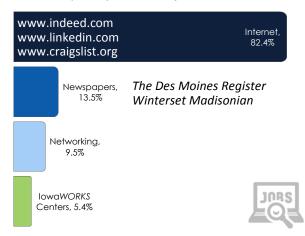
414	Industry % of Employed	Estimated # of Employed	% Employed within the Industry	% Likely to Change Employment	% Unemployed* within the Industry
Wholesale & Retail Trade	15.4%	45,063	83.3%	40.0%	11.7%
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	14.5%	42,430	88.7%	23.4%	1.9%
Healthcare & Social Services	14.5%	42,430	85.5%	19.1%	1.8%
Education	9.2%	26,921	90.9%	23.3%	3.0%
Professional Services	9.2%	26,921	83.3%	23.3%	5.6%
Manufacturing	8.0%	23,410	81.3%	23.1%	6.3%
Public Administration & Government	8.0%	23,410	86.7%	26.9%	3.3%
Personal Services	6.2%	18,142	95.2%	10.5%	4.8%
Construction	5.5%	16,094	90.0%	11.1%	5.0%
Transportation, Communication & Utilities	4.3%	12,583	56.0%	21.4%	4.0%
Agriculture, Forestry & Mining	3.7%	10,827	85.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Entertainment & Recreation	1.5%	4,389	**	**	**

** Insufficient survey data/refused

Survey respondents from the Madison County Laborshed area were asked to identify the industry in which they are currently working. The largest concentration of workers are employed in the wholesale & retail trade industry.

EMPLOYED - LIKELY TO CHANGE EMPLOYMENT

- Median wages: \$16.13/hr & \$60,000/yr
- 23.1% are actively seeking new employment
- 10.0% are working multiple jobs
- Currently working an average of 41 hrs/week
- 31.0% currently working within the professional, paraprofessional & technical occupational category followed by 16.9% within the clerical occupational category
- Most frequently identified job search resources:



COMMUTING STATISTICS

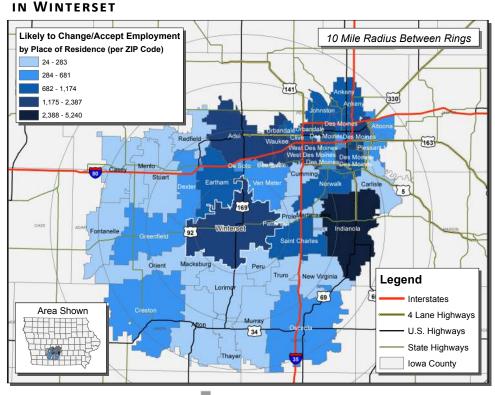
The map at the right represents the concentration of those who are likely to commute into Winterset from their home ZIP for an employment opportunity.

Those who are likely to change/accept employment in the Madison County Laborshed area are willing to commute an average of 26 miles one-way for employment opportunities.

The out commute for Winterset is estimated at 47.4 percentapproximately 1,760 people living in Winterset work in other communities.

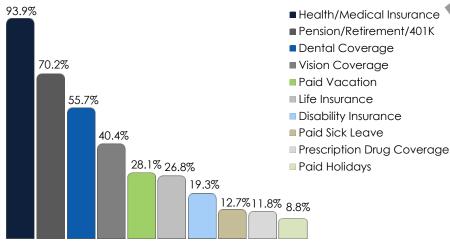
Most of those who are out commuting are working in Des Moines or West Des Moines.

Nearly one-fifth (16.7%) of out likely commuters are to change employment (approximately 294 people).



CONCENTRATION OF THOSE LIKELY TO CHANGE/ACCEPT EMPLOYMENT

TOP CURRENT BENEFITS OF THE FULL-TIME EMPLOYED



The survey provides the respondents an opportunity to identify employment benefits they currently are offered. The chart at left provides the percentage of responses from those that are currently employed full-time.

The majority (79.1%) of these respondents state they are currently sharing the cost of health/medical insurance premiums with their employer. However, 13.3 percent indicate their employer pays the entire cost of insurance premiums.

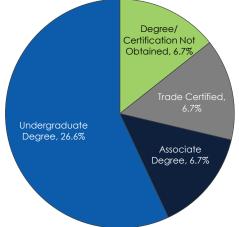
EDUCATION LEVELS AND MEDIAN WAGES BY INDUSTRY

		Education	Median Wages		
	Some Level Beyond High School	Associate Degree	Undergraduate Degree or Higher	Annual Salary	Hourly Wage
All Employed	79.6%	1 4.2 %	45.8%	\$65,000	\$17.00
Agriculture, Forestry & Mining	85.7%	7.1%	64.2%	**	**
Construction	80.0%	25.0%	20.0%	\$40,000	\$20.75
Education	93.9%	3.0%	75.8%	\$60,000	\$15.00
Entertainment & Recreation	**	**	**	**	**
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	84.9%	13.2%	52.8%	\$59,000	\$20.93
Healthcare & Social Services	83.3%	20.4%	40.8%	\$61,000	\$18.00
Manufacturing	65.6%	9.4%	21.9%	**	\$17.77
Personal Services	52.4%	4.8%	33.3%	\$68,000	\$11.50
Professional Services	75.0%	16.7%	41.7%	\$62,500	\$17.93
Public Administration & Government	86.7%	3.3%	70.0%	\$70,000	\$25.00
Transportation, Communication & Utilities	60.0%	12.0%	36.0%	**	\$14.75
Wholesale & Retail Trade	65.0%	18.3%	26.7%	\$70,000	\$13.25

The education and wage data by industry within the above table includes all respondents without consideration of employment status or willingness to change/enter employment.
"Insufficient survev data/refused

UNEMPLOYED - LIKELY TO ACCEPT EMPLOYMENT

- 78.6% are actively seeking employment
- An estimated 1,421 unemployed individuals are likely to accept employment in Winterset.
- Average age is 39 years old
- 53.3% are female; 46.7% are male
- Education:
 - 46.7% are educated beyond high school



• Wages:

- \$9.92/hr to attract 66% of applicants
- \$11.00/hr to attract 75% of applicants
- \$9.00/hr lowest median wage willing to accept
- Willing to commute an average of 29 miles one way for the right opportunity
- 80.0% expressed interest in temporary and 66.7% in seasonal employment opportunities
- 71.4% expressed interest in working varied shifts

TOP DESIRED BENEFITS





SPONSORED IN PARTNERSHIP WITH:







FOR MORE INFORMATION REGARDING THE MADISON COUNTY LABORSHED ANALYSIS, CONTACT:

Madison County Development Group 1217 North 6th Avenue, Suite 3 Winterset, Iowa 50273 Phone: 515-462-1891 Email: tom@madisoncountydevelopment.com www.madisoncountydevelopment.com



Data compiled and analyzed by: Iowa Workforce Development Labor Market Information Division 1000 E. Grand Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa 50319 Phone: (515) 281-7505 | Email: laborshed.studies@iwd.iowa.gov www.iowalmi.gov

RINGGOLD COUNTY I·O·W·A Laborshed Analysis

A Study in Workforce Characteristics Released November 2011

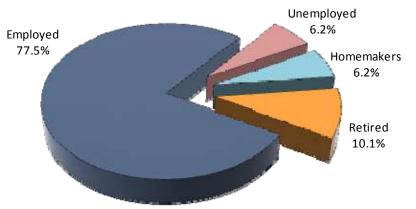




Laborshed Studies

A Laborshed is defined as the area or region from which an employment center draws its commuting workers. To determine the approximate boundaries of the Ringgold County Laborshed area, local employers supplied the ZIP code listings of where each of their employees reside. This Laborshed analysis addresses underemployment, the availability and willingness of current and prospective employees to change employment within the workforce, current and desired occupations, wages, hours worked, and distance willing to commute to work. *See contact information on back.*

Employment Status



Total Potential Labor Force: 17,594 (entire Laborshed Area)

Estimated Number of Individuals Very Likely or Somewhat Likely to Change or Accept Employment (2,727)

- 2,205 Employed
- 156 Unemployed
- 147 Homemakers, Not Employed
- 219 Retired

Quick Facts

(Employed - willing to change employment)

- 21.1% are working multiple jobs
- Currently working an average of 42 hours per week
- Average age is 47 years old
- 27.1% currently working within the professional, paraprofessional, & technical occupational category followed by 18.6% within both the clerical and production, construction, & material handling occupational categories
 - Most frequently identified job search sources:
 - Local/Regional newspapers Creston News Advertiser Mount Ayr Record-News The Des Moines Register
 - Internet
 <u>www.iowaworkforce.org</u>
 <u>www.indeed.com</u>
 <u>www.monster.com</u>
 - Local Iowa Workforce Development Centers
 - Networking through friends, family, and acquaintances

Underemployment

The underemployed are composed of individuals who are working fewer than 35 hours per week but desire more hours; who are working at wages equal to or less than the national poverty level; and/or who are working in positions that do not meet their skill or education levels, or worked for higher wages at previous employment.

- 2.0% Inadequate hours (44 people)
- 3.5% Mismatch of skills (77 people)
- 2.2% Low income (49 people)
- 6.7% Total estimated underemployment (148 people)

Individuals may be underemployed for more than one reason, but are counted only once for total estimated underemployment.

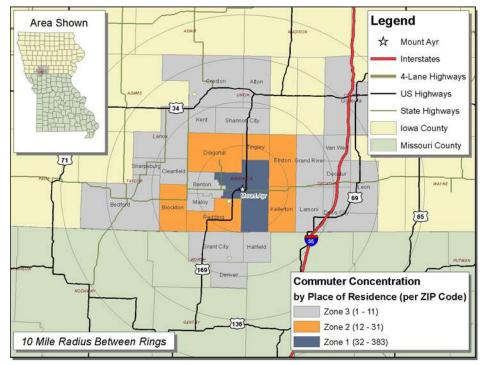
Industrial Classification of the Employed

Industry	% of Laborshed	# of Employed	% Employed	% Willing to Change Employment	% Unemployed
Education	17.0%	2,318	68.1%	12.2%	2.8%
Healthcare & Social Services	15.6%	2,127	77.6%	20.0%	8.6%
Wholesale & Retail Trade	14.9%	2,032	78.2%	34.9%	7.3%
Agriculture	9.0%	1,227	86.7%	11.5%	6.7%
Public Administration & Government	9.0%	1,227	86.7%	23.1%	3.3%
Manufacturing	8.3%	1,132	72.7%	41.7%	9.1%
Transportation, Communication, & Utilities	7.3%	995	72.4%	4.8%	10.3%
Personal Services	6.2%	845	78.3%	22.2%	4.3%
Professional Services	4.8%	654	87.5%	28.6%	*
Construction	4.2%	573	85.7%	8.3%	7.1%
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	3.1%	423	81.8%	22.2%	*
Entertainment & Recreation	0.6%	82	*	*	*

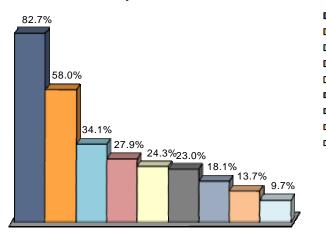
* Insufficient survey data/refused

Survey respondents from the Ringgold County Laborshed area were asked to identify the industry in which they are currently working. The largest concentration of workers are employed in the education industry.

Ringgold County Laborshed Area



Benefits Currently Offered



Health/Medical
Pension/Retirement
Paid Vacation
Dental Coverage
Paid Sick Leave
Life Insurance
Vision Coverage
Paid Holidays
Disability Insurance

Commuting Statistics

The map at the left represents commuting patterns into Mount Ayr with the concentration per ZIP code represented in the legend.

Those who are willing to change/accept employment in the Ringgold County Laborshed area are willing to commute an average of 25 miles one way for employment opportunities.



The survey provides the respondents an opportunity to identify employment benefits they currently are offered. The chart at left provides the percentage of responses from those that are currently employed. The top nine benefits are shown.

The majority (71.2%) of respondents state they are currently sharing the cost of health/medical insurance premiums with their employer. However, 22.3 percent indicate their employer pays the entire cost of insurance premiums.

Education and Median Wage Characteristics by Industry

		Education	Median Wages		
Industry	Some Level Beyond	Associate	Undergraduate	Salary Wages	Non-Salary
	High School	Degree	Degree or Higher	(per year)	Wages (per hour)
Agriculture	63.3%	20.0%	23.4%	\$30,000	*
Construction	42.9%	*	21.4%	*	\$12.00
Manufacturing	48.5%	9.1%	12.1%	*	\$13.00
Transportation, Communication, & Utilities	75.9%	17.2%	20.7%	\$53,500	\$22.00
Wholesale & Retail Trade	58.2%	12.7%	27.3%	\$40,000	\$8.90
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	81.8%	*	54.6%	*	\$12.00
Healthcare & Social Services	79.3%	25.9%	39.6%	\$45,000	\$15.40
Personal Services	56.5%	8.7%	21.7%	\$40,000	\$12.00
Entertainment & Recreation	*	*	*	*	*
Professional Services	68.7%	18.8%	31.3%	\$30,500	\$11.00
Public Administration & Government	76.7%	13.3%	36.7%	\$46,000	\$18.00
Education	95.8%	1.4%	84.6%	\$45,000	\$11.00

This table includes all respondents without consideration of employment status or willingness to change/enter employment. *Insufficient survey data/refused

Unemployed - Those Willing to Enter/Re-enter Employment

- An estimated 156 unemployed individuals are willing to accept
 employment
- Average age is 48 years old
- 52.9% are female; 47.1% are male
- Education:
 - 58.8% have an education beyond high school
 - 5.9% are trade certified
 - 17.6% have an undergraduate degree
 - 11.8% have a postgraduate/professional degree
- Estimated wage range to attract the upper 66-75% qualified hourly wage applicants is \$10.60 to \$13.25/hr. with a median of the lowest wage of \$8.00
- Willing to commute an average of 22 miles one way for the right opportunity
- 94.1% expressed interest in seasonal and 82.4% in temporary employment opportunities
- 58.8% expressed interest in working varied shifts (2nd, 3rd & split)
- Would prefer to enter employment that offers the following benefits:
 - Health/medical insurance 93.8%
 - Paid vacation 50.0%
 - Dental coverage 31.3%
 - Vision coverage 31.3%
 - Pension/retirement options 25.0%
 - Life insurance 18.8%
 - Disability insurance 12.5%
 - Paid holidays 12.5%
 - Prescription drug coverage 12.5%
 - Paid sick leave 6.3%
- 66.7% indicated they are seeking employment offers where the employer/employee share the cost of medical insurance premiums.

70.6% Newspapers Sources -ocal Search Newspaper 41.2% Unemployed Job Solicitation 35.3% Regional ocal IWD Offices 4% oor-to-Do**b**r Vetworking 23.5% 11.8%

Sponsored in Partnership with









For more information regarding the Ringgold County Laborshed Analysis, contact:

Ringgold County Development 117 S. Fillmore Mount Ayr, Iowa 50854 Phone/Fax: 641-464-3704 Email: ringgolddevelopment@gmail.com www.mountayriowa.org/development-corporation



This information is analyzed and compiled by the lowa Workforce Development Labor Market & Workforce Information Division Regional Research & Analysis Bureau 1000 E. Grand Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa 50319 (515) 281-7505 www.iowaworkforce.org

Bedford, Iowa Laborshed Analysis

A Study of Workforce Characteristics

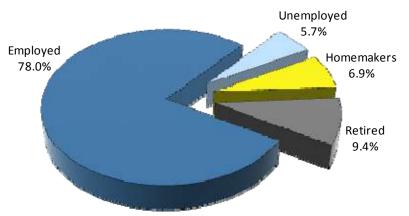
Released November 2011



Laborshed Studies

A Laborshed is defined as the area or region from which an employment center draws its commuting workers. To determine the approximate boundaries of the Bedford Laborshed area, local employers supplied the ZIP code listings of where each of their employees reside. This Laborshed analysis addresses underemployment, the availability and willingness of current and prospective employees to change employment within the workforce, current and desired occupations, wages, hours worked, and distance willing to commute to work. *See contact information on back.*

Employment Status



Total Potential Labor Force: 24,879 (entire Laborshed Area)

Estimated Number of Individuals Very Likely or Somewhat Likely to Change or Accept Employment (7,379)

- 6,307 Employed
- 289 Unemployed
- 390 Homemakers, Not Employed
- 393 Retired

Quick Facts

(Employed - willing to change employment)

- 24.7% are working multiple jobs
- Currently working an average of 43 hours per week
- Average age is 48 years old
- 31.5% currently working within the professional, paraprofessional, & technical occupational category followed by 28.8% within the production, construction, & material handling occupational category
- Most frequently identified job search sources:
 - Internet www.iowaworkforce.org

www.monster.com

- Local/Regional newspapers
 The Des Moines Register
 Bedford Times-Press
 Omaha World Herald
 Creston News Advertiser
- Networking through friends, family, and acquaintances
- Local Iowa Workforce Development Centers

Underemployment

The underemployed are composed of individuals who are working fewer than 35 hours per week but desire more hours; who are working at wages equal to or less than the national poverty level; and/or who are working in positions that do not meet their skill or education levels, or worked for higher wages at previous employment.

- 2.5% Inadequate hours (158 people)
- 3.0% Mismatch of skills (189 people)
- 1.7% Low income (107 people)
- 5.7% Total estimated underemployment (359 people)

Individuals may be underemployed for more than one reason, but are counted only once for total estimated underemployment.

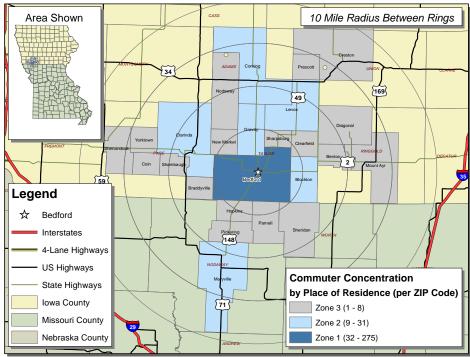
Industrial Classification of the Employed

Industry	% of Laborshed	# of Employed	% Employed	% Willing to Change Employment	% Unemployed
Manufacturing	15.8%	3,066	78.0%	23.9%	*
Education	15.1%	2,930	80.0%	11.4%	7.3%
Healthcare & Social Services	13.4%	2,600	75.0%	33.3%	7.7%
Public Administration & Government	11.7%	2,270	97.1%	17.6%	*
Wholesale & Retail Trade	9.6%	1,863	75.7%	28.6%	5.4%
Agriculture	7.9%	1,533	85.2%	13.0%	3.7%
Transportation, Communication, & Utilities	6.5%	1,261	70.4%	26.3%	*
Personal Services	6.5%	1,261	76.0%	10.5%	8.0%
Construction	5.2%	1,009	93.8%	33.3%	6.2%
Professional Services	4.1%	796	85.7%	25.0%	7.1%
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	3.8%	737	84.6%	27.3%	*
Entertainment & Recreation	0.4%	78	*	*	*

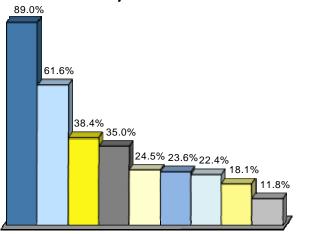
*Insufficient survey data/refused

Survey respondents from the Bedford Laborshed area were asked to identify the industry in which they are currently working. The largest concentration of workers are employed in the manufacturing industry as shown in the table above.

Bedford Laborshed Area



Benefits Currently Offered



Health/Medical
Pension/Retirement
Paid Vacation
Dental Coverage
Vision Coverage
Life Insurance
Paid Sick Leave
Paid Holidays
Disability Insurance

Commuting Statistics

The map at the left represents commuting patterns into Bedford with the concentration per ZIP code represented in the legend.

Those who are willing to change/accept employment in the Bedford Laborshed area are willing to commute an average of 26 miles one way for employment opportunities.



The survey provides the respondents an opportunity to identify employment benefits they currently are offered. The chart at left provides the percentage of responses from those that are currently employed. The top nine benefits are shown.

The majority (64.7%) of respondents state they are currently sharing the cost of health/medical insurance premiums with their employer. However, 28.4 percent indicate their employer pays the entire cost of insurance premiums.

Education and Median Wage Characteristics by Industry

		Education	Median Wages		
Industry	Some Level Beyond High School	Associate Degree	Undergraduate Degree or Higher	Salary Wages (per year)	Non Salary Wages (per hour)
Agriculture	70.4%	3.7%	25.9%	\$36,000	\$12.50
Construction	43.7%	6.3%	25.1%	\$40,000	\$13.00
Manufacturing	52.5%	10.2%	18.7%	\$47,000	\$17.00
Transportation, Communication, & Utilities	74.1%	14.8%	29.6%	*	\$13.00
Wholesale & Retail Trade	62.2%	13.5%	24.3%	\$40,000	\$8.78
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	76.9%	*	53.9%	\$45,500	\$9.70
Healthcare & Social Services	71.2%	21.2%	28.9%	\$70,000	\$12.10
Personal Services	60.0%	8.0%	28.0%	\$36,000	\$8.25
Entertainment & Recreation	*	*	*	*	*
Professional Services	92.9%	21.4%	42.9%	\$34,500	\$15.00
Public Administration & Government	77.1%	11.4%	37.2%	\$46,250	\$18.00
Education	87.3%	7.3%	69.1%	\$44,000	\$11.56

This table includes all respondents without consideration of employment status or willingness to change/enter employment. *Insufficient survey data/refused

Unemployed - Those Willing to Enter/Re-enter Employment

- An estimated 289 unemployed individuals are willing to accept
 employment
- Average age is 47 years old
- 64.7% are female; 35.3% are male
- Education:
 - 64.7% have an education beyond high school
 - 5.9% are trade certified
 - 5.9% have vocational training
 - 5.9% have an associate degree
 - 11.8% have an undergraduate degree
 - 5.9% have a postgraduate/professional degree
- Estimated wage range to attract the upper 66-75% qualified hourly wage applicants is \$12.52 to \$14.00/hr. with a median of the lowest wage of \$10.00
- Willing to commute an average of 30 miles one way for the right opportunity
- 76.5% expressed interest in temporary and seasonal employment opportunities
- 47.1% expressed interest in working varied shifts (2nd, 3rd & split)
 - Would prefer to enter employment that offers the following benefits: • Health/medical insurance - 86.7%
 - Pension/retirement options 33.3%
 - Paid vacation 26.7%
 - Dental coverage 20.0%
 - Life insurance 13.3%
 - Paid holidays 6.7%
 - Paid sick leave 6.7%
 - Paid time off 6.7%
 - Vision coverage 6.7%
 - 53.8% indicated they are seeking employment offers where the employer/employee share the cost of medical insurance premiums.

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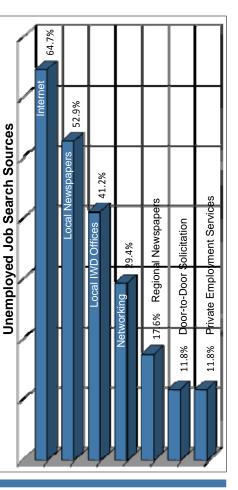


For more information regarding the Bedford Laborshed Analysis, contact:

Lee Weir, Chair, Bedford Economic Development Group for the Bedford Area Development Center 601 Madison Bedford, IA 50833 Phone: 712-438-0012 Fax: 712-523-3384 Email: triadteam.lee@gmail.com www.bedford-iowa.com/BADC.html



This information is analyzed and compiled by the lowa Workforce Development Labor Market & Workforce Information Division Regional Research & Analysis Bureau 1000 E. Grand Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa 50319 (515) 281-7505 www.iowaworkforce.org



Taylor County Endowment Foundation



LABORSHED Union County, Iowa ANALYSIS

A STUDY OF WORKFORCE CHARACTERISTICS



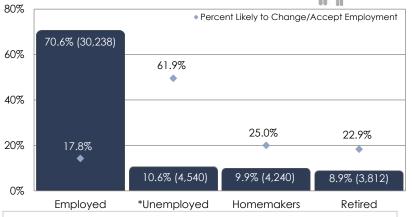




UNION COUNTY LABORSHED ANALYSIS

A Laborshed is the area or region from which an employment center draws its commuting workers. To determine the approximate boundaries of a Laborshed area, local employers supply the residential ZIP codes of each of their employees. This Laborshed analysis addresses the workforce characteristics of the Union County Laborshed area.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS (ESTIMATED TOTAL)*



*Employment status is self-identified by the survey respondent. The unemployment percentage above does not reflect the unemployment rate published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, which applies a stricter definition.

Estimated Population 18-64: 42,830 (entire Laborshed area)

Estimated Number of Individuals Very Likely or Somewhat Likely to Change or Accept Employment in Creston (8,552):

- 7,436 Employed
- 611 Unemployed
- 111 Homemakers
- 394 Retired

UNDEREMPLOYMENT

	Underemployment						
\$ †	% Underemployed	Estimated Underemployed					
Inadequate Hours	1.5%	112					
Mismatch of Skills	2.5%	186					
Low Income	0.7%	52					
†Total Underemployment	4.0%	297					
+ Individuals may be underemployed for more than one reason. but are counted only once for total estimated underemployment.							

The underemployed are individuals who are working fewer than 35 hours per week but desire more hours; are working in positions that do not meet their skill or education level, or have worked for higher wages at previous employment; or are working at wages equal to or less than the national poverty level and work 35 or more hours per week.

EMPLOYMENT LEVELS AND STATUS BY INDUSTRY

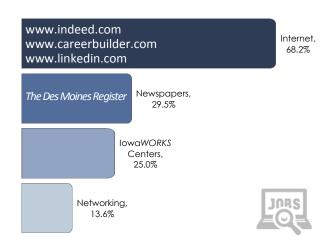
111	Industry % of Employed	Estimated # of Employed	% Employed within the Industry	% Likely to Change Employment	% Unemployed* within the Industry
Healthcare & Social Services	18.9%	5,715	70.4%	24.0%	4.2%
Wholesale & Retail Trade	15.5%	4,687	71.9%	31.7%	5.3%
Manufacturing	12.1%	3,659	69.6%	18.8%	19.6%
Education	10.6%	3,205	68.3%	17.9%	9.8%
Construction	8.3%	2,510	71.0%	9.1%	19.4%
Transportation, Communications & Utilities	8.0%	2,419	75.0%	28.6%	7.1%
Agriculture, Forestry & Mining	6.8%	2,056	81.8%	0.0%	9.1%
Public Administration & Government	6.1%	1,845	84.2%	0.0%	10.5%
Personal Services	5.3%	1,603	66.7%	14.3%	9.5%
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	4.2%	1,270	61.1%	0.0%	16.7%
Professional Services	3.8%	1,149	71.4%	30.0%	14.3%
Entertainment & Recreation	0.4%	121	*	*	*

** Insufficient survey data/refused

Survey respondents from the Union County Laborshed area were asked to identify the industry in which they are currently working. The largest concentration of workers are employed in the healthcare and social services industry.

EMPLOYED - LIKELY TO CHANGE EMPLOYMENT

- Median wages: \$12.00/hr & \$47,000/yr
- 21.6% are actively seeking new employment
- 19.6% are working multiple jobs
- Currently working an average of 40 hrs/week
- 26.7% currently working within the professional, paraprofessional & technical occupational category followed by 22.2% within the sales occupational category
- Most frequently identified job search resources:



COMMUTING STATISTICS



The map at the right represents the concentration of those who are likely to commute into Creston from their home ZIP for an employment opportunity.

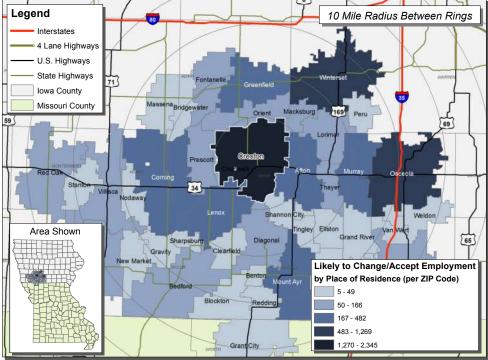
Those who are likely to change/accept employment in the Union County Laborshed area are willing to commute an average of 26 miles one-way for employment opportunities.

The out commute for Creston is estimated at 10.9 percent approximately 448 people living in Creston work in other communities.

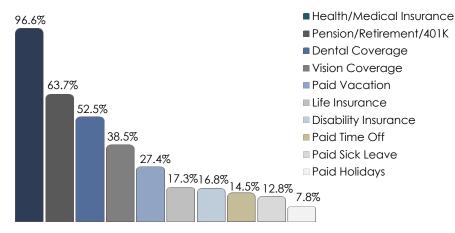
Most of those who are out commuting are working in Greenfield.

Two-fifths (40.0%) of out commuters are likely to change employment (approximately 179 people).

CONCENTRATION OF THOSE LIKELY TO CHANGE/ACCEPT EMPLOYMENT



TOP CURRENT BENEFITS OF THE FULL-TIME EMPLOYED



The survey provides the respondents an opportunity to identify employment benefits they currently are offered. The chart at left provides the percentage of responses from those that are currently employed full-time.

The majority (71.4%) of these respondents state they are currently sharing the cost of health/medical insurance premiums with their employer. However, 12.7 percent indicate their employer pays the entire cost of insurance premiums.

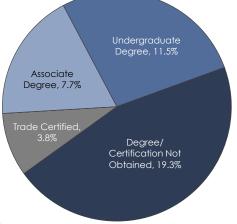
EDUCATION LEVELS AND MEDIAN WAGES BY INDUSTRY

= \$	Education			Median Wages	
	Some Level Beyond High School	Associate Degree	Undergraduate Degree or Higher	Annual Salary	Hourly Wage
All Employed	69.8%	14.4%	33.4%	\$54,500	\$15.00
Agriculture, Forestry & Mining	45.5%	13.6%	13.6%	\$29,000	\$19.87
Construction	54.8%	12.9%	6.5%	**	\$17.50
Education	90.2%	9.8%	68.3%	\$50,000	\$11.75
Entertainment & Recreation	**	**	**	**	**
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	66.7%	22.2%	22.2%	**	\$15.00
Healthcare & Social Services	84.1%	21.7%	31.9%	\$97,000	\$13.00
Manufacturing	60.0%	8.9%	22.2%	\$79,500	\$15.85
Personal Services	47.6%	9.5%	9.6%	**	\$10.40
Professional Services	64.3%	14.3%	35.7%	**	\$14.70
Public Administration & Government	52.6%	21.1%	21.1%	\$52,000	\$20.00
Transportation, Communication & Utilities	57.1%	7.1%	25.0%	\$50,500	\$22.50
Wholesale & Retail Trade	61.4%	19.3%	17.5%	\$49,000	\$11.00

The education and wage data by industry within the above table includes all respondents without consideration of employment status or willingness to change/enter employment **Insufficient survey data/refused

UNEMPLOYED - LIKELY TO ACCEPT EMPLOYMENT

- 76.9% are actively seeking employment
- An estimated 611 unemployed individuals are likely to accept employment in Creston.
- Average age is 44 years old
- 61.5% are male; 38.5% are female
- Education:
 - 42.3% are educated beyond high school



• Wages:

- \$12.00/hr lowest median wage willing to accept
- \$12.32/hr to attract 66% of applicants
- \$14.50/hr to attract 75% of applicants
- Willing to commute an average of 24 miles one way for the right opportunity
- 72.0% expressed interest in temporary and 61.5% in seasonal employment opportunities
- 50.0% expressed interest in working varied shifts

TOP DESIRED BENEFITS



			Insurance, 95.2%
	Dental Cover 61.9%	age,	
	Pension/Retirement /401K, 52.4%		
	Vision Coverage, 47.6%		
Disability Insuranc 9.5%	ce,		
Paid Vacation, 9.5%			
Paid Sick Leave, 4.8%			
Paid Time Off, 4.8%			
Prescription Drug			
Coverage, 4.8%			
Coverage, 4.8%			
Coverage, 4.8%			J) 35
	CH RESOURCES		
	CH RESOURCES	Interne	ot, 52.2%
TOP JOB SEAR	CH RESOURCES IowaWORKS Centers, 30.4%	Interne	et, 52.2%
TOP JOB SEAR	IowaWORKS	Interne	et, 52.2%
TOP JOB SEAR	IowaWORKS Centers, 30.4% Newspapers,	Interne	et, 52.2%

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FOR MORE INFORMATION REGARDING THE UNION COUNTY LABORSHED ANALYSIS, CONTACT:

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